

```
    prepare the iso file system
Set objFileSystem = CreateObject(
    ("IMAPI2FS.MsftFileSystemImage")
objFileSystem.ChooseImageDefaults
(objRecorder)
objFileSystem.FileSystemsToCreate
= FsiFileSystemISO9660
objFileSystem.VolumeName = volname
Set objRoot = objFileSystem.Root
' get root folder
for each fname in WScript.Arguments.Values
if FSO.FolderExists(fname) then
objRoot.AddTree fname, True
else
objRoot.AddFile fname
end if
next
wscript.Echo objRoot
Set
```

Windows 7 and Vista Guide to

Scripting,
Automation,
and
Command
Line Tools

Windows 7 and Vista: Guide to Scripting, Automation, and Command Line Tools

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Contents at a Glance

Introduction 1

I Scripting with Windows Script Host

- 1 Windows Script Host 9
- 2 VBScript Tutorial 49
- 3 Scripting and Objects 93
- 4 File and Registry Access 123
- 5 Network and Printer Objects 207
- 6 Messaging and Faxing Objects 231
- 7 Windows Management Interface 279
- 8 Active Directory Scripting Interface 319
- 9 Deploying Scripts for Computer and Network Management 375

II The Command Line Environment

- 10 The CMD Command-Line Shell 433
- 11 Batch Files for Fun and Profit 491
- 12 The MS-DOS Environment Under Windows 521
- 13 Command-Line Utilities 543

III Introduction to Windows PowerShell

- 14 Windows PowerShell 593
- 15 PowerShell Programming 621
- 16 Using PowerShell 683

IV Appendices

- A VBScript Reference 713
- B CMD and Batch File Language Reference 725
- C Command Line Program Reference 735
- D Index of Patterns and Sample Programs 747
- Index 753

Online Content:

- E Automation Object Reference
- F WSF and WSC File Format Reference
- G Creating Your Own Scriptable Objects

Table of Contents

Introduction 1

I Scripting with Windows Script Host

1 Windows Script Host 9

- What Is a Windows Script? 9
 - The “Script” Part 9
 - The “Windows” Part 10
 - The “Host” Part 11
 - How Is This Different from Writing Batch Files? 13
- Scripting Languages 13
 - VBScript 14
 - JScript 14
 - Perl 15
 - Python 15
 - Open Object REXX 15
 - Ruby 15
 - Choosing a Language 16
- A Simple Script 16
- Types of Script Files 19
 - JSE and VBE: Encoded Scripts 20
 - Windows Script Files (WSF) 21
 - Windows Script Components (WSC) 23
 - WSH Settings 23
- Creating Your First Script File 24
 - Making and Securing a Script Folder 24
 - Creating a Script 26
 - Script Editing Tools 27
- How Windows Runs Scripts 28
 - Wscript and Cscript 28
 - Ways to Run a Script 29
 - Passing Information to Scripts 31
 - Saving the Results from Scripts 32
 - Wscript and Cscript Command Options 33

Running Your Own Scripts	36
Adding Scripts to the Path	37
Running Scripts with a Shortcut Icon	38
Making a Script Shortcut	39
Running Scripts from Batch Files	39
Running Scripts Automatically	40
Security Concerns	40
Trust Policy and Script Signing	42
Debugging Scripts	42
Where to Get More Information	47

2 VBScript Tutorial 49

Introduction to VBScript	49
Variables	50
Constants	51
Named Constants	52
Operators and Expressions	53
Automatic Conversion	57
Flow Control	57
The If...Then Statement	58
The Select Case Statement	61
The Do While Loop	63
Terminating a Loop with Exit Do	65
Counting with the For...Next Statement	66
Processing Collections and Arrays with For...Each	67
VBScript Functions	68
Calling Functions and Subroutines	69
Documentation and Syntax	70
String-Manipulation Functions	71
Date and Time Functions	74
Interacting with the User	79
The MsgBox() Function	79
The InputBox() Function	82
Printing Simple Text Messages with Wscript.Echo	84
Advanced VBScript Topics	85
Error Handling	86
Procedures: Functions and Subroutines	87

- Arrays 89
- Variable Scope 91
- Where to Go from Here 92

3 Scripting and Objects 93

- Introduction to Objects 93
 - Classes and Instances 94
 - Containers and Collections 95
 - Object Naming 97
- Using Objects with VBScript 98
 - Automation and Document Files 99
 - The Difference Between Properties and Methods 100
 - Nested Objects 101
 - Releasing Objects 102
 - Working with Collections 102
- Using Objects with JScript 104
 - Case Sensitivity 104
 - Working with Collections 104
- Using Objects with ActivePerl 106
 - Running Perl Scripts in WSH 106
 - The Perl Object Interface 107
 - Working with Collections 108
- Using Objects with ActivePython 109
 - Working with Collections 110
- Using the WScript Object 111
 - Retrieving Command-Line Arguments 113
- Locating and Using Unusual Objects 115

4 File and Registry Access 123

- Getting Real Work Done 123
- Manipulating Files and Folders 124
 - Scripting.FileSystemObject 124
 - Working with File and Pathnames 130
 - The Scripting.Drive Object 135
 - The Scripting.Folder Object 139
 - The Scripting.File Object 144

- Reading and Writing Files 149
 - The `TextStream` Object 150
 - Reading Text from Files 152
 - Writing Text to Files 154
 - Working with `Stdin` and `Stdout` 159
 - Reading Binary Files 163
- Reading and Writing XML 167
 - Some XML Basics 168
 - Reading an XML File 176
 - Creating an XML or HTML File 179
- Manipulating Programs and Shortcuts 181
 - The `WScript.Shell` Object 182
 - Running Programs 186
 - Creating and Modifying Shortcuts 193
- Working with the Environment 196
 - Extracting Environment Information 198
 - Managing Environment Settings 199
- Working with the Registry 201
 - Examining Registry Keys and Values 202
 - Saving Information in the Registry 203

5 Network and Printer Objects 207

- Managing Network and Printer Connections 207
- Retrieving Network User Information 212
- Managing Drive Mappings 214
 - Listing Drive Mappings with `EnumNetworkDrives` 214
 - Adding Drive Mappings 218
 - Deleting Drive Mappings 219
 - Setting Up Mappings in a Script 220
- Managing Network Printer Connections 221
 - Displaying Printer Information 222
 - Connecting to Network Printers 223
 - Redirecting DOS Session Printers 225
 - Deleting Printer Connections 226
 - Setting the Default Printer 228
- Printing from Scripts 229

6	Messaging and Faxing Objects	231
	Sending Email from Scripts with CDO	231
	The CDO Object Model	232
	The CDO.Message Object	235
	Working with Fields	242
	Fields for the CDO.Message Object	244
	The CDO BodyParts Collection	246
	The CDO BodyPart Object	247
	The ADO Stream Object	250
	The CDO.Configuration Object	250
	Sending a Message with CDO	256
	Constructing the Message	257
	Adding Attachments	261
	Including Images with an HTML Message	262
	Specifying the Recipients and Subject	263
	Specifying the Delivery Server	263
	Sending the Message	265
	Putting It All Together	265
	Faxing from Scripts	271
	Sending a Fax with a Script	274
	Getting More Information About Faxing	277
7	Windows Management Instrumentation	279
	Introduction to Windows Management Instrumentation	279
	WMI Functions	280
	Namespaces	281
	Managing Windows Remotely	283
	Making WMI Connections	287
	WMI Object Hierarchy	288
	Connecting with the WbemScripting.SWbemLocator Object	291
	Connecting with a Moniker	292
	Connecting to the Local Computer	294
	Security and Authentication	294
	Specifying Security Options	299
	WMI Collections and Queries	301
	SWbemServices	302
	WQL Queries	303
	SWbemObjectSet	305

SWbemObject	306
SWbemMethodSet and SWbemPropertySet	307
Scriptomatic	310
WMI Examples	312
Collecting System Information	312
Managing Printers	313
Monitoring Windows Service Packs and Hotfixes	313
Managing Services and Tasks	315
For More Information	317

8 Active Directory Scripting Interface 319

Managing the User Directory	319
Uses of the Active Directory Scripting Interface	320
Limitations of ADSI with Windows Script Host	321
ADSI Concepts	322
Multiple Inheritance	324
Creating ADSI Objects	325
Directory Security	328
Determining the Difference Between Containers and Leaves	330
ADSI Objects for the WinNT: Provider	332
IADs	333
IADsCollection and IADsContainer	336
Working with ADSI Collections	339
IADsComputer and IADsComputerOperations	340
IADsDomain	342
IADsFileService and IADsFileServiceOperations	345
IADsFileShare	347
IADsGroup	349
IADsMembers	350
IADsNamespaces	351
IADsPrintJob and IADsPrintJobOperations	351
IADsPrintQueue and IADsPrintQueueOperations	354
IADsService and IADsServiceOperations	357
IADsSession	361
IADsUser	362
IIS and Exchange	364
Managing Active Directory	364
X.500 and LDAP Terminology	364

Active Directory Objects	368
RootDSE	368
IADs0 and IADs0U	369
Developing ADSI Scripts	370
EzAD Scriptomatic	372
For More Information	373

9 Deploying Scripts for Computer and Network Management **375**

Using Scripts in the Real World	375
Designing Scripts for Other Users	376
Using WSF Files	377
WSF File Format Reference	379
Providing Online Help with WSF Files	384
Processing Command-Line Arguments	386
Enclosing More Than One Script	390
Putting It All Together	390
Deploying Scripts on a Network	394
Creating Simple Installation Programs with IExpress	395
Creating IExpress Install Scripts or Batch Files	398
Dealing with User Account Control	400
Providing an Uninstall Option	402
Writing Scripts to Manage Other Computers	403
Remote Scripting	405
Replicating Scripts to Multiple Computers	406
Scripting Security Issues	408
Script Signing	409
The Script Encoder	415
Setting Up Logon Scripts	416
User Profile Logon Scripts	416
Scripts for Logon, Logoff, and Other Events on Windows 7 and Vista	418
Group Policy Logon, Logoff, Startup, and Shutdown Scripts	418
Scheduling Scripts to Run Automatically	421
Writing Unattended Scripts	421
Sending Messages to the Event Log	423
Scheduling Scripts with the Task Scheduler	428

II The Command Line Environment

10 The CMD Command-Line	433
The Command Prompt	433
CMD Versus COMMAND	434
Running CMD	435
Opening a Command Prompt Window with Administrator Privileges	436
CMD Options	437
Disabling Command Extensions	439
Command-Line Processing	439
Stopping Runaway Programs	440
Console Program Input and Output	441
Using the Console Window	442
I/O Redirection and Pipes	443
Copy and Paste in Command Prompt Windows	447
Command Editing and the History List	448
Name Completion	450
Enabling Directory Name Completion	451
Multiple Commands on One Line	452
Grouping Commands with Parentheses	453
Arguments, Commas, and Quotes	454
Escaping Special Characters	454
Configuring the CMD Program	455
AutoRun	455
Environment Variable Substitution	456
The Search Path	456
Predefined and Virtual Environment Variables	459
Setting Default Environment Variables	461
Built-in Commands	462
Extended Commands	475
Listing Files with the <code>dir</code> Command	476
Setting Variables with the <code>set</code> Command	480
Conditional Processing with the <code>if</code> Command	482
Scanning for Files with the <code>for</code> Command	483
Getting More Information	488

11	Batch Files for Fun and Profit	491
	Why Batch Files?	491
	Creating and Using Batch Files	492
	Batch File Programming	494
	Displaying Information in Batch Files	495
	Argument Substitution	496
	Argument Editing	498
	Conditional Processing with <code>If</code>	499
	The Basic <code>If</code> Command	499
	Checking for Files and Folders	500
	Checking the Success of a Program	500
	Performing Several Commands After <code>If</code>	501
	Extended Testing	503
	Processing Multiple Arguments	503
	Working with Environment Variables	506
	Environment Variable Editing	507
	Processing Multiple Items with the <code>for</code> Command	508
	Using Multiple Commands in a <code>for</code> Loop	510
	Delayed Expansion	511
	Using Batch File Subroutines	513
	Prompting for Input	514
	Useful Batch File Techniques	515
	Processing Command-Line Options	515
	Managing Network Mappings	518
	Checking for Correct Arguments	519
	Keeping Log Files	519
12	The MS-DOS Environment Under Windows	521
	MS-DOS Programs on Windows	521
	The Virtual DOS Machine	522
	MS-DOS and <code>COMMAND.COM</code>	524
	Configuring the MS-DOS Environment	525
	Window and Memory Options	526
	<code>CONFIG.NT</code>	532
	<code>AUTOEXEC.NT</code>	535
	MS-DOS Environment Variables	536
	MS-DOS and Networking	536

Printing from MS-DOS	537
Print Redirection	538
Print Screen	538
Configuring Serial Communications with MS-DOS	539
Using Special-Purpose Devices for MS-DOS	539
Managing MS-DOS Programs	540
When Things Go Awry	540

13 Command-Line Utilities 543

Windows Command-Line Programs	543
The Essential Command Line	544
GUI Shortcuts	545
General-Purpose Shell Programs	547
findstr	547
more	552
tree	553
xcopy	554
File-Management Tools	557
attrib	557
cacls	559
Management Power Tools	563
driverquery	564
runas	565
tasklist	565
taskkill	568
sc	569
Networking Utilities	571
ipconfig	571
net	574
netstat	584
nslookup	586
ping	589
tracert	591
Getting More Utilities	592

III Introduction to Windows PowerShell

14 Windows PowerShell 593

- Introduction to Windows PowerShell 593
 - An Object-Oriented Command Shell 593
 - Based on the .NET Framework 596
 - An Extensible Environment 597
- Obtaining Windows PowerShell 598
- The PowerShell Environment 600
- The PowerShell Command Prompt 601
 - Command-Line Editing 602
 - Copying and Pasting 603
 - Pausing Output and Stopping a Runaway Program 604
 - Command-Line Syntax 604
- Cmdlets and Objects and Scripts, Oh My! 607
- Getting Help 610
- Prompting to Complete Commands 612
- Aliases 612
 - How to Get a Listing of Aliases 612
 - How to Define a New Alias 613
- Navigating Directories and Other Locations 613
- PowerShell Security 615
 - PowerShell Scripts and User Account Control 615
 - Script Execution Policy 616
- PowerShell Profiles 617

15 PowerShell Programming 621

- The Windows PowerShell Programming Language 621
- Windows PowerShell Syntax 622
- Comments 622
- Variables and Types 623
 - Literal Values 625
 - Object Methods and Properties 626
 - Object Constructors 627
 - String Interpolation 628
 - Special Characters 629
 - Here-Strings 629

Releasing Variables	630
Predefined Variables	630
Arrays	632
Constants	637
Expressions	638
Comparisons with Arrays	640
String Operators	643
The & (Execute) Operator	646
Operator Precedence	646
Assignment Operators	647
Statement Values	648
Casts	649
Passing by Reference	650
Hash Tables	650
Flow of Control	653
if	653
while	654
do...while and do...until	654
for	655
foreach	656
switch	657
break	660
continue	661
Program Blocks	661
Exception Handling	662
trap	662
try/catch/finally	663
throw	664
Defining Functions	664
Function Parameters	665
Function Scope	668
The Dot-Source Operator	668
Variable Scope	669
Pipeline Functions and Filters	671
Splatting	672

Using the .NET API	673
Calling Static Member Functions	673
Working with Strings	674
Working with Dates and Times	676
Converting Values	680
Mathematical Functions	680
16 Using PowerShell	683
Real-World PowerShell	683
Command-Line Techniques	685
Generating Objects	685
Filtering	686
Taking Actions	689
Formatting Cmdlet Output	690
The -f Operator	690
Working with Files and Folders	691
Seeing Whether a File Exists	697
Reading Text from Files	697
Writing Text to Files	698
Identifying Files by Size	698
Creating Useful Scripts	699
Comment Your Work!	700
Command-Line Processing	700
Writing Modules	701
Exception Handling as an Exit Strategy	702
Using Hash Tables	703
The PowerShell Integrated Scripting Environment	704
Starting the PowerShell ISE	705
Configuring the ISE	706
Creating and Editing Scripts	707
Running Scripts in the ISE	708
Setting Breakpoints and Single-Stepping	709
Interactively Examining and Changing Variables	710
Conditional Breakpoints	711
Remote and Background PowerShell	712
Where to Go from Here	712

IV Appendices

A VBScript Reference 713

- VBScript 5.6 Language Features 713
- Syntax 714
- General Structure of a VBScript Program 714
- Data Types and Variables 714
 - Note on Dates and Times 716
 - Variable Scope 716
- Expressions and Operators 716
 - Arithmetic Operators 717
 - Comparison Operators 717
 - Logical Operators 718
- Program Statements 718
- Functions 720
 - Date Function Intervals 722
- Predefined Special Values 722
- VBA Features Omitted from VBScript 723

B CMD and Batch File Language Reference 725

- Batch File Argument and for Variable Replacement 726
- Environment Variable Expansion 727
- Predefined Environment Variables 727
- Command Formatting 729
- Built-in Commands 730
 - For Command Modifiers 733
 - set /a Expression Operators 734

C Command Line Program Reference 735

- Administrative Tools 736
- Built-in and Batch File Commands 738
- DOS Commands 739
- File-Management Commands 740
- Handy Programs 741
- Networking Tools 741
- Software Development Aids 742
- TCP/IP Utilities 743
- Windows GUI Programs 744

D Index of Patterns and Sample Scripts 747

Index of Patterns 747

Index of Sample Scripts and Batch Files 748

Index 753

E Automation Object Reference 1 (Online)

Collection and Dictionary Objects 1

Script Management and Utility Objects 2

File Access Objects 3

XML/HTML Processing Objects 6

Program Environment Objects 8

Network and Printer Objects 9

Messaging Objects 9

Windows Management Interface (WMI) Objects 11

Active Directory Scripting Interface Objects 13

F WSF and WSC File Format Reference 1 (Online)

XML Conformance 1

Structure of a WSF 2

Structure of a WSC File 3

Tag Syntax 3

G Creating Your Own Scriptable Objects 1 (Online)

Why Create Your Own Objects? 1

Programming Language Options 2

Visual Basic 3

C++ and C 3

VBScript and JScript 4

Creating Objects with Windows Script Component Files 4

WSC File Format 5

XML Basics 7

Understanding the Example 8

WSC File Format Reference 10

Creating a WSC 17

Using the Windows Script Component Wizard 17

Defining Properties and Methods 19

Using Other Objects and Type Libraries 22

Defining Resources	22
Registering the Component	23
Testing	24
Using Scripted Objects from Other Programs	25
Deploying the Object to Other Computers	25
Creating a Practical Object	26

Introduction

Although this book has a brand new title, it is really an updated and revised second edition to *Windows XP: Under The Hood*. The first edition's automotive-themed title came about because of a certain nostalgia that I felt and I know many people share: Don't you long for the good-old days when you could pop the hood of your car and recognize what was underneath? When you could take a wrench and fix just about anything yourself? Cars aren't like that anymore; they've gotten so complex and intimidating that it's hard to imagine digging into one now.

Many of us have come to feel the same way about Windows. Windows has grown into a huge operating system with thousands of complex parts masked behind a slick but seemingly impenetrable graphical user interface (GUI).

This book is an attempt to reclaim those days when we could dig into our machines with confidence and satisfaction. Windows comes with powerful tools and interfaces that let you take control of every detail, if you're willing to roll up your sleeves and dive in.

Whether you're a Windows system administrator or a "power user" who's always on the lookout for more effective ways to use your computer, you're probably familiar with batch files, scripts, and command-line programs. Although they might seem unglamorous, they've been around longer than the PC itself, and sooner or later everyone who uses a computer for serious work runs into them. They might seem like something out of the past, but they've continued to evolve along with Windows. The automation tools provided with Windows are incredibly powerful and useful.

For most people, though, they remain mysterious and are seldom used. I wrote this book to help dispel the mystery. I have five aims in mind:

- To teach how to use the batch file and scripting languages provided with Windows.
- To show how to use command-line utilities and scripting objects as everyday tools.
- To provide an introduction to and reference for the hundreds of command-line programs and scripting objects provided with Windows.
- To provide an introduction to Windows PowerShell, Microsoft's newest command-line automation tool.
- To show you, above all, how you can *learn* to use these tools. No one book is going to solve all your Windows problems. This book teaches you how all these tools work and how to organize your scripting efforts, so you can go beyond canned solutions and create your own.

Although several books on the market are devoted to Windows Script Host, Windows PowerShell, Windows automation tools, and one or two cover Windows command-line utilities, this is the only book I know that combines all four in one volume.

In this book, I explicitly cover Windows 7, Vista, and XP. You can also use the techniques I show you with Windows Server operating systems and Windows 2000 Professional, if you still have that floating around.

Why Learn About This Stuff?

In the age of the GUI, you might wonder why you should spend time learning about scripts, batch files, and command-line programs. Aren't they part of the past, something we can leave behind with a big sigh of relief?

Well, obviously, I don't think so, or I wouldn't have spent months and months slaving away over a hot keyboard, in the dark, just for you. And in case guilt alone isn't enough to make you buy this book, I have some actual good reasons for you.

To begin, here are some important points about scripts and batch files:

- They let you make quick work of repetitive tasks. When you have a large number of files or items to process, or when you perform the same tasks day after day, automation can save you an amazing amount of time. Sure, you can point-and-click your way through running a file through several different programs or adding a user to your network, but when you have to do this job a few hundred times, the graphical approach is a nightmare.

- They encapsulate knowledge and serve as a form of documentation because they record in precise terms how to perform a job. If you write a script or batch file to perform some management function, years from now it can remind you or your successors what the job entails. This makes good business sense.
- They let you use the “insides” of application programs, such as Word and Excel, as tools to write your own programs.
- They let you write procedures that can manipulate files and settings not only on your own computer, but on others in your organization, over your network. Whether you have dozens or thousands of computers to manage, scripting functions can “push” changes to computers without requiring you to physically visit each one.
- They let you write procedures to “reset” a computer’s environment to a standard, known configuration. Logon scripts, especially, can set up printers, mapped network drives, and Control Panel settings the same way every time a user logs on, thus eliminating support headaches and user confusion.

If that’s the case for learning about scripting and batch files, then how about command-line utilities? Hear ye:

- Many Windows administration, maintenance, and repair functions don’t appear anywhere in the Windows GUI. They’re found in command-line programs only.
- Sometimes it’s faster to type a few letters than to poke around the screen with a mouse!
- Because most command-line utilities are designed to act on data or text files in some particular useful way, you can often use command-line programs as building blocks to perform complex tasks such as sorting, extracting, and formatting information. Instead of writing a custom program, you sometimes use a series of command-line programs to get the job done with little effort. Think of command-line programs as the scissors and staplers on your computer desktop.

Although the Windows GUI has all the flash and gets all the attention, you can see that these behind-the-scenes tools are the real “meat” of the Windows operating system.

How This Book Is Organized

Although this book advances logically from beginning to end, it’s written so you can jump in at any location, get the information you need quickly, and get out. You don’t have to read it from start to finish, nor do you need to work through complex tutorials. (Even if you’re familiar with the material, though, you should at least skim through the references because the batch file language and Windows Script Host program have evolved considerably over the years.)

This book is broken into four major parts. Here's the skinny on each one:

- Part I, “Scripting with Windows Script Host,” covers the Windows Script Host tool, introduces the VBScript programming language, discusses the use of objects, and describes the process of writing and debugging scripts. It also provides a detailed reference for many of the scripting objects provided with Windows.
- Part II, “The Command-Line Environment,” describes the Windows command language used to write batch files. The batch language has been enhanced considerably since its origin in MS-DOS, and it has become a much more useful way to automate the manipulation of files and directories. Part II also discusses the command-line environment, MS-DOS emulation, and the ways to alter the command environment through administrative tools. Finally, there is a guided tour of the 20 or so most important command-line programs provided with Windows, covering text file management, networking utilities, GUI shortcuts, and more.
- Part III, “Introduction to Windows PowerShell,” introduces Windows PowerShell, Microsoft's newest and most peculiar command-line scripting environment. PowerShell is a powerful, and somewhat unusual, programming language. You can use it to perform general-purpose computing, to munch on files and all sorts of data, and to manage Windows workstations, servers and applications. You'll definitely find it worth investigating.
- Finally, Part IV, “Appendices,” gives you concise references and indexes to the tools discussed in this book. Where appropriate, items include page references to the sections of the book where you can find information that is more detailed. There is also an index of sample scripts and batch files you can use as a starting point for your own projects. You can download these scripts and files from www.helpwin7.com/scripting. There you can also download some additional bonus appendixes we love but couldn't fit into this printed edition.

Within these sections, each chapter follows a common pattern. An introduction explains a particular type of tool or programming scheme, a reference section describes the tool in exhausting detail, and finally, a discussion shows how to use the tool to apply to real-world programs. I chose this structure because I want this book to serve both as a tutorial for readers who are new to these techniques and as a reference for readers who are familiar with the techniques, but just need a quick refresher.

I also want the material to be somewhat challenging. The early chapters on Windows Script Host and objects take more of a “tutorial” approach, but then the pace picks up. I hope I leave you with some questions unanswered and a few puzzles unsolved; because in your own pursuit of the answers, you learn more than you ever could from reading any book.

Conventions Used in This Book

To help you get the most from this book, special conventions and elements are used throughout.

Text Conventions

Various text conventions in this book identify terms and other special objects. These special conventions include the following:

Convention	Meaning
<i>Italic</i>	New terms or phrases when initially defined.
Monospace	Information that appears in code or onscreen or information you type.
Command sequences	All Windows book publishers struggle with how to represent command sequences when menus and dialog boxes are involved. In this book, we separate commands using a comma. Yeah, we know it's confusing, but this is traditionally how Que does it, and traditions die hard. For example, the instruction "choose Edit, Cut" means that you should open the Edit menu and choose Cut.
Key combinations	Key combinations are represented with a plus sign. For example, if the text calls for you to press Ctrl+Alt+Delete, you would press the Ctrl, Alt, and Delete keys at the same time.

In this book's reference lists, which describe the syntax and use of programming statements and objects, the following conventions are used:

Convention	Meaning
boldface()	Text and symbols in boldface are to be typed literally.
<i>italic</i>	Italics indicate names and values to be replaced by your own data.
[options]	Square brackets indicate optional items that are not required. The brackets are not to be typed in.
{choice A choice B}	Curly brackets and the vertical bar () indicate items from which you make a choice of one alternative.
item [, item...]	Ellipses (...) indicate items that might be repeated as many times as desired.

Special Elements

Throughout this book, you find reference lists, patterns, tips, notes, cautions, cross-references, and sidebars. These items stand out from the rest of the text so you know they're of special interest.

Reference Lists

Reference Lists

Describe the syntax and usage of programming statements, object properties and methods, and command-line programs.

Patterns



Pattern

Patterns show how to solve a particular programming problem in a way that you can use in many situations. They provide a general-purpose way of going about some computing task.

Tips



Tip

Tips give you down-and-dirty advice on getting things done the quickest, safest, or most reliable way. Tips give you the expert's advantage.

Notes



Note

Notes are visual "heads-up" elements. Sometimes they just give you background information on a topic, but more often they point out special circumstances and potential pitfalls in some Windows features.

Cautions



Caution

Pay attention to cautions! They could save you precious hours in lost work.

Cross-References

Cross-references point you to other locations in this book (or other books in the Que family) that provide supplemental or supporting information. Cross-references appear as follows:

- For more information on Hollerith cards, see Chapter 1, "Windows Script Host," p. 9

Sidebars

Sidebar

Sidebars provide information that is ancillary to the topic being discussed. Read this information if you want to learn more details about an application or task.

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3

Scripting and Objects

IN THIS CHAPTER

- This chapter introduces the concepts of objects, methods, and properties. It provides the background you need for the following seven chapters.
- Read this chapter to see how to use the objects provided with Windows Script Host with different scripting languages.
- To get the most out of this chapter, you should be familiar with at least one script programming language.
- The last section of the chapter shows how you can learn about the many undocumented objects provided with Windows.

Introduction to Objects

All the Windows Scripting languages that I discussed in Chapter 1, “Windows Script Host,” provide the basic tools to control a script’s execution and to manipulate strings, numbers, dates, and so on, but they don’t necessarily provide a way of interacting with Windows, files, or application software. These functions are provided by *objects*—add-on components that extend a programming language’s intrinsic capabilities. In this section, I discuss what objects are and introduce the terms you run into as you work with them. In the following sections, I discuss how objects are actually used in several programming languages.

In the most general sense, *objects* are little program packages that manipulate and communicate information. They’re a software representation of something tangible, such as a file, a folder, a network connection, an email message, or an Excel document. Objects have properties and methods. *Properties* are data values that describe the attributes of the thing the object represents. *Methods* are actions—program subroutines—you can use to alter or manipulate whatever the object represents.

For example, a file on your hard disk has a size, creation date, and name. So, these are some of the properties you would expect a `File` object to have. You can rename, delete, read, and write a file, so a `File` object should provide methods to perform these tasks. An important aspect of objects is that they are self-contained and separate from

the program that uses them. How the object stores and manipulates its data internally is its own business. The object's author chooses which data and procedures to make accessible to the outside world. In programming jargon, we say that an object *exposes* properties and methods; these items compose its *interface*. Figure 3.1 shows the interface of a hypothetical `File` object.

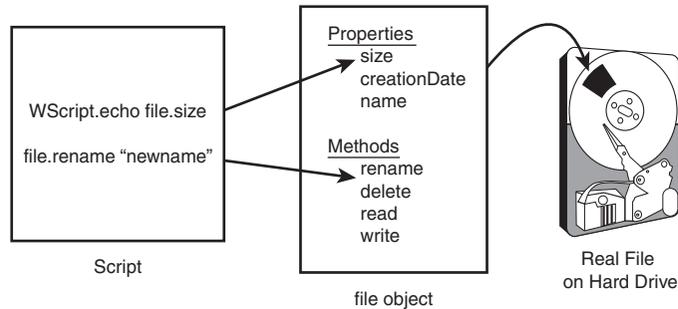


Figure 3.1 This hypothetical `File` object has an interface that can be used by other programs. How the `File` object actually stores its information and does its job are hidden.

Objects need a mechanism through which they can exchange property and method information with a program or script. Because each programming language has a unique way of storing and transferring data, objects and programs must use some agreed-upon, common way of exchanging data. For scripting and for most Windows applications, Microsoft uses what it calls the *Component Object Model (COM)*. COM objects can be used by any compatible language, including VBScript, JScript, C, C++, C#, Visual Basic, Perl, and so on. COM objects can also be called *ActiveX Objects*, *Automation Objects*, or *OLE objects*, if they have certain additional features, but regardless of what they're called, the technology is based on COM.

In the next several chapters, you see objects that represent files, folders, network connections, user accounts, printers, Registry entries, Windows applications, email messages, and many more aspects of your computer and network. Windows comes with software to provide you with a wealth of objects. You can also download, buy, or create additional objects of your own devising.

Classes and Instances

Two other terms you're likely to run into while working with objects are *class* and *instance*. The distinction is the same as that between a blueprint for a house and the house itself.

The word *class* refers to the object's definition: its interface (the properties and methods it provides) and its implementation (the hidden programming inside that does the actual work). Hundreds of useful object classes are provided with Windows, and you can add or create more, as discussed in Appendix G, "Creating Your Own Scriptable Objects," which you can download at www.helpwin7.com/scripting.

When you use an object in a program, the class program creates one or more *instances* of the object. An instance is a parcel of computer memory set aside to hold the object's data. The class program then gives your program a *reference* to use when manipulating the object—some identifying value that the class program can use to determine which particular instance of the object your script or program is using. Figure 3.2 illustrates this point: Variables `file1` and `file2` are variables that reference two instances of a `File` object.

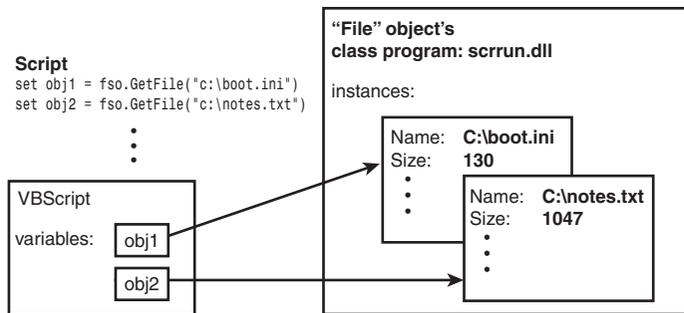


Figure 3.2 `file1` and `file2` refer to objects of the `File` class.
This illustration shows two instances of the `File` object.

A reference is treated like any other variable in your program. Just as you can use functions such as `sqrt()` and `left()` to manipulate numeric and string values, you can use the object's methods and properties to manipulate an object reference.

Containers and Collections

As mentioned earlier, an *object* represents some real-world, tangible thing, such as a document or hard drive, and it has properties that represent the tangible thing's attributes. For example, an `apple` object might have attributes such as `color` and `tartness`. The actual data stored for the `color` might be a character string such as "red" or "green". `Tartness` might be represented as number from 0 (sugary sweet) to 10 (brings tears to your eyes).

An object describing a file on a hard drive might have properties such as `name` (a character string) and `size` (a number). An object representing a hard drive might have properties describing the hard drive's size, volume name, and also the drive's contents.

Now, the contents of a hard drive could be represented as a list of filenames or an array of string values. However, it might be more useful if the hard drive could yield a list of file objects that you could then use to work with the files themselves. This is actually how many objects work. When appropriate, objects can return references to other objects. When an object needs to give you several other objects, it will give you a special object called a *collection*, which holds within it an arbitrary number of other objects. For example, a `Folder` object might represent a folder on your hard drive, and its `Files` property might yield a collection of `File` objects, which represent each of the files in the folder, as illustrated in Figure 3.3.

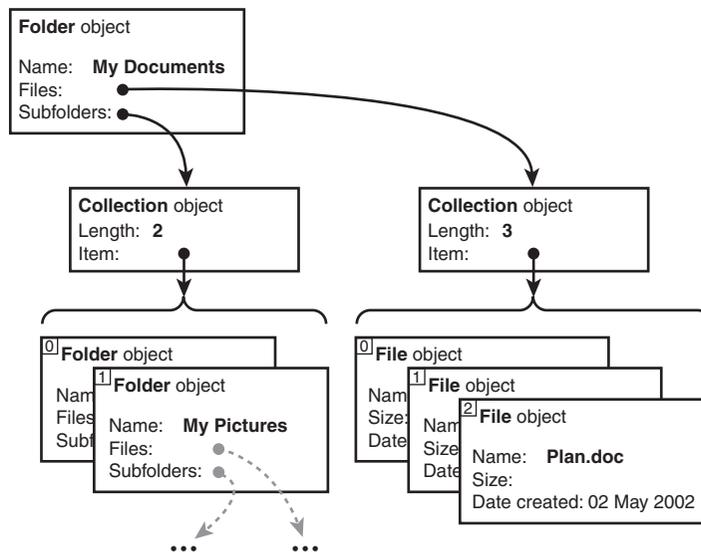


Figure 3.3 `File` and `Folder` objects can represent the contents of a hard drive. The contents of a folder can be represented by collections of `File` and `Folder` objects.

A collection object can actually hold *any* type of object inside it, and the collection object itself has properties and methods that let you count, extract, and work with these objects. This is a common thing to see in object programming: “container” objects that contain other objects of any arbitrary type.

Windows ActiveX objects use container objects that have two properties: `Item` and `Length`. The `Length` property indicates how many items are in the collection. The `Item` property retrieves one of the individual items. For some collections, you can extract

individual objects from the `Item` collection using `Item(0)`, `Item(1)`, and so on. For many collections, though, the `Item` property requires a name or other arcane bit of identifying information. Therefore, each scripting language provides a more general way of letting you examine all the objects in a collection. I discuss this in more detail later in the chapter.

Collections are pervasive in Windows script programming, and some languages have special means of working with them. I give examples of using collections in each of the scripting languages discussed later in the chapter.

Object Naming

Because objects are separate program components, scripts and other programs that use them need a way to locate them and tell Windows to activate them. In this section, I describe how this is done.

Each programmer who creates an object class gives it a name that, with any luck, is fairly self-explanatory. For example, `Scripting.FileSystemObject` is designed to be used by Windows Script Host (WSH) programs to view and manage hard drives, files, and folders. Each of the programming languages you can use with WSH has a way of creating an object instance given just this name. For example, in VBScript, the statement

```
set fsobj = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")
```

does the job, whereas in Open Object REXX, the comparable statement is

```
fsobj = .OLEObject-New("Scripting.FileSystemObject")
```

In either case, the statement causes the WSH interpreter to ask Windows to create an instance of the specified object. Windows looks up the object name in the Registry, finds the name of the program file that manages this object class (usually a file whose name ends in `.dll` or `.ocx`), and fires up the add-on program. The class program creates an instance of the object and gives your script a reference with which it can use and manipulate the object.

I show you how to do this in each WSH-compatible language later in this chapter. For almost all cases, this is all you need.

In the remainder of this chapter, I tell you how to use objects in VBScript and other languages. The next section on VBScript follows the tutorial style of Chapter 2, “VBScript Tutorial,” whereas the descriptions for other languages assume more experience with programming.

Finally, at the end of the chapter, I tell you how to find useful objects not discussed in the later chapters of this book.

Using Objects with VBScript

To use objects in VBScript, you first need to create an instance of an object and store its reference in a VBScript variable. Then, the methods and properties of the object can be accessed using *variable.propertyname* or *variable.methodname*. This is easier to demonstrate than explain, so here's an example. This short script tells you whether your C: drive has a folder named \windows:

```
set fso = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")
if fso.FolderExists("c:\windows") then
    WScript.echo "There is a folder named c:\windows"
end if
```

In the first line of the script, we create an instance of a `Scripting.FileSystemObject`. This is an object class provided with WSH that has handy properties and methods you can use when examining and manipulating disks and files.

Except for the word `set`, this looks just like a typical call to a function with the returned value being assigned to a variable. That's just what it is. `CreateObject` is a function that creates a new object instance. What's new is the word `set`, which VBScript requires you to use to indicate that an object reference is being stored rather than a regular value.

In general, the syntax to create an object instance in VBScript is

```
set variablename = CreateObject("objectname")
```

where *variablename* is the variable you want to use to hold the object reference and *objectname* is the type of object you want to create.

In the second line of the example, we use the `FolderExists` method to find out whether a specified folder exists. Remember that methods and properties are just like regular functions and subroutines; they just happen to “live” in a separate program that provides the object class. The presence of `fso.` before `FolderExists` tells VBScript that the `FolderExists` function is part of the object class to which `fso` refers, which in this example is `Scripting.FileSystemObject`.

Some properties and methods take arguments, as you saw with `FolderExists`. When they do, you have to use parentheses in the same way you would with any other VBScript function or subroutine call. If the method or property returns a function value, you must use parentheses:

```
variable = object.property("arguments", "in", "parens")
```

If a method doesn't return a value, you can omit the parentheses:

```
object.method "arguments", "without", "parens"
```

Does this look familiar? We used objects all through the VBScript tutorial in Chapter 2 in statements such as this:

```
WScript.echo "Today's date is", date
```

Now, you should recognize that `WScript` is an object reference and that `echo` is one of its methods. We never needed to use `CreateObject` to get `WScript` set up, though, because VBScript provides it automatically. The `WScript` object has several other handy methods and properties that I discuss later in this chapter.

As mentioned earlier, some properties and methods return another object as their values. For example, `Scripting.FileSystemObject` has a `GetFile` method that returns a `File` object. The `File` object can then be used to examine and manipulate the file. Here's a sample script that gives the size and creation date of the program file `\windows\notepad.exe`:

```
set fso = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")
set file = fso.GetFile("c:\windows\notepad.exe")
WScript.echo "Notepad.exe was created on", file.DateCreated
WScript.echo "and is", file.Size, "bytes long"
```

The first line is the same as in the previous script, and it creates an instance of the helpful `Scripting.FileSystemObject`.

The second line asks the `FileSystemObject` to return a `File` object representing the file `c:\windows\notepad.exe`. Because I want to use this object several times, I saved it in the variable `file`, using the `set` keyword. (Although `file` is a reserved word in Visual Basic, it's not in VBScript, so it's available for use as a variable name.)

The next two lines use the `File` object's `DateCreated` and `Size` properties. Because these functions don't need arguments, there are no parentheses. The returned date/time and numeric values are printed by the `WScript.echo` method. On my computer, this prints the following:

```
Notepad.exe was created on 2/11/2008 6:56:09 PM
and is 151040 bytes long
```

Automation and Document Files

The `GetObject` function might be used to obtain an object that represents some already existing document file through a process Microsoft calls *Automation*. The `GetObject` function uses the name of the document file to find the appropriate object class server through the Windows standard file type/application association mechanism. You can see file type/associations on Windows XP in Windows Explorer by clicking Tools, Folder Options, File Types. On Windows 7 and Vista, you get there from Control Panel, Programs, Make a File Type Always Open in a Specific Program.

The following sample script uses the `GetObject` function to create a Word document object representing an existing file and print it:

```
set obj = GetObject("C:\docs\userlist.doc") ' get object for existing document
obj.Printout                               ' print the document
set obj = Nothing                           ' release the object
```

`GetObject` can also obtain a reference to an already existing object that was created by some other program, through a name called a *moniker*. Several preexisting objects can be used to manage networking, Windows, and Active Directory user accounts. We cover these in Chapter 7, “Windows Management Instrumentation,” and Chapter 8, “Active Directory Scripting Interface.”

The Difference Between Properties and Methods

I don’t know about you, but for a long time I found the distinction between properties and methods to be confusing. Now, it’s not crucially important to understand the difference, but if you’re curious, I tell you how I finally came to an understanding of sorts.

If you look back in the preceding section, you see I mentioned the `FolderExists` method that is part of the object `FileSystemObject`. Why is `FolderExists` a method and not a property? It comes down to these main points:

- Properties relate directly to *aspects* of the object or, more precisely, of the thing the object represents.
- Properties act like variables: You just refer to them by their name.
- Every property returns a value of some sort. Retrieving a property’s value doesn’t change anything about the object or whatever it represents.
- Some properties let you assign new values to them. This changes the attribute of the object and the underlying thing it represents.
- Methods are the things the object’s program can do for you.
- Methods act like functions and subroutines; they can have arguments passed to them.
- Methods don’t have to return a value, but some do.
- Invoking a method can change something about the object or the real-world thing it represents.

Therefore, `FolderExists` is a method because it takes an argument (the name of the file it is to look up). Properties don’t need arguments because they are intrinsic attributes of the object itself. As such, they don’t need any additional information to return a value.

There is something else I should mention about properties: In many cases, you can both evaluate them (examine their values) and assign new values to them. They work just like variables in this regard. The difference is that when you assign a new value to a property, the object software makes a corresponding change in the actual thing the object represents. For example, assigning a new value to a `File` object’s `Name` property changes the actual file’s name, as shown here:

```
WScript.echo file.Name      ' evaluate the property
file.Name = "newname"      ' assign a new value to the property
```

Keep in mind, however, that some objects don't let you change a property's value. In this case, the object's documentation calls it a *read-only* property. And, a few specialized objects are designed so that changing the object's properties doesn't immediately change the underlying thing the object represents, until you use a special method that "commits" the change. Again, the object's documentation discusses this, and I point out a few objects of this sort in later chapters.

Nested Objects

One other thing I want to point out is that you don't necessarily need to save every object reference in a variable. In the previous example that displayed information about Notepad.exe, if I only wanted to see the creation date, I could have skipped the step of storing the File object in variable `file` and could have used these statements:

```
set fso = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")
WScript.echo "Notepad.exe was created on",_
    fso.GetFile("c:\windows\notepad.exe").DateCreated
```

In this case, VBScript refers to `fso` to call the `GetFile` method, and the returned object is used to fetch the `DateCreated` property. It's not unusual to see several levels of objects this way; this is called a *nested object reference*.

When you're working with Microsoft Word objects, this is common. In scripts or Word macros, you might often see statements like these:

```
ActiveDocument.PageSetup.Orientation = wdOrientLandscape
ActiveDocument.PageSetup.TopMargin = InchesToPoints(0.5)
ActiveDocument.PageSetup.BottomMargin = InchesToPoints(0.5)
ActiveDocument.PageSetup.PageWidth = InchesToPoints(11)
```

In this example, the `ActiveDocument` object returns a `PageSetup` object, which has orientation and margin properties you can set. You could save yourself some extra keystrokes in creating this script by saving a reference to the `PageSetup` object, as follows:

```
set ps = ActiveDocument.PageSetup
ps.Orientation = wdOrientLandscape
ps.TopMargin = InchesToPoints(0.5)
ps.BottomMargin = InchesToPoints(0.5)

ps.PageWidth = InchesToPoints(11)
```

However, VBScript has a special program construct called the `With` statement that makes this even easier. The previous example could be rewritten this way:

```
with ActiveDocument.PageSetup
    .Orientation = wdOrientLandscape
    .TopMargin = InchesToPoints(0.5)
```

```
.BottomMargin = InchesToPoints(0.5)  
.PageWidth = InchesToPoints(11)  
end with
```

The `With` statement lets you specify an object reference that is taken as the “default” object between `With` and `End With`. Inside the `With` statement, you can refer to the default object’s methods and properties by preceding them with a period but no variable name. Not only can this save you a lot of typing, but it’s easier to read, and it lessens the workload on VBScript, thus speeding up your script.



Note

If you need to, you can refer to other objects inside the `With` statement by using the fully spelled-out *object.method.etc* syntax.

Releasing Objects

When you create an object, Windows activates the object’s class server program to manage the object for you. In the case of `Scripting.FileSystemObject`, you usually create one of these objects at the beginning of your script and use it throughout. When your script completes, Windows releases the object you’ve created. The class server program takes care of freeing up its memory and other housekeeping chores. You don’t have to worry about it at all.

However, if you use a script to create multiple objects, you might find that it’s appropriate to explicitly release them when you are through using them. For instance, a script that creates multiple Word documents should tell Word to close each document when you’re finished with it; then, the script should release the document object, lest you end up with hundreds of documents open at once.

You can explicitly tell an object you’re finished with it by setting the variable that holds the object reference to the value `Nothing`. Later in this book, there are examples of this in some of the sample scripts.

Working with Collections

If you ask `Scripting.FileSystemObject` for the files or subfolders contained in a folder or drive, it might need to return multiple `File` or `Folder` objects. To manage this, it actually returns a single *collection* object that contains all the `File` or `Folder` objects inside it. You can then examine the contents of the collection to look at the individual items.

A collection object has a `Count` property that tells how many items are inside and an `Item` method that returns a specific item from the collection. This would lead you to expect that you could write a script like this to print the names of the files of the root folder on your hard drive:

```
set fso = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")
set files = fso.GetFolder("c:\").Files
for i = 1 to files.Count
    WScript.echo files.Item(i).Name
next
```

However, this script doesn't work. With a folder collection, `Item` doesn't allow you to retrieve items by number. It requires you to specify the *name* of the particular object you want, and if you don't yet know the names, this isn't very useful.

To scan through collection objects that can't be referenced by number, each scripting language provides a way to scan through collections without knowing what they contain. VBScript, for example, provides a special version of the `For` loop called `For Each`.



Pattern

To scan through a collection object named `collection` in VBScript, use the `For Each` loop as follows:

```
for each objectvar in collection
    :statements using objectvar
next
```

The `For Each` loop runs through the statements once for each object in *collection*, and the variable *objectvar* is made to refer to each of the individual objects in turn. Using `For Each`, and using a variable named `file` to hold the individual file objects, our folder-listing script now works:

```
set fso = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")
set files = fso.GetFolder("c:\").Files
for each file in files
    WScript.echo file.Name
next
```

You could even use the following shorter version:

```
set fso = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")
for each file in fso.GetFolder("c:\").Files
    WScript.echo file.Name
next
```

Now, if you don't plan on writing scripts in any other languages, skip ahead to the section titled "Using the `WScript` Object" on p. 111 of this chapter for more information about the built-in `WScript` object.

Using Objects with JScript

JScript, like VBScript, is a strongly object-oriented language—it's expected that programmers will use objects to extend its power. JScript supplies 11 built-in object types, and programmers can create generic and structured object types in scripts. I don't discuss the intrinsic object types here because this book focuses on external scripting and Windows management objects.

External COM/ActiveX objects are created using the `new` statement, as follows:

```
variablename = new ActiveXObject("objectname");
```

Here, *variablename* is the declared variable that is to receive the new object reference.

After you have an object variable in hand, its methods and properties are accessed using *variable.propertyname* or *variable.methodname*. For example, this is a short script that tells whether your C: drive has a folder named \windows:

```
var fso;  
fso = new ActiveXObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject");  
if (fso.FolderExists("c:\windows"))  
    WScript.echo("There is a folder named c:\windows");
```

Parentheses must be used on all method calls, even if the return value is not used—VBScript tolerates a statement such as

```
WScript.echo "There is a folder named c:\windows"
```

but JScript does not.

Case Sensitivity

In the WSH environment, JScript programs have access to a predefined object named `WScript`, which provides several useful methods and properties pertaining to the script's environment, execution, and debugging. Because JScript is a case-sensitive language, to use this object you must type `WScript` with a capital *W*, exactly as written here.

However, the method and property names of ActiveX and COM objects are *not* case sensitive. For example, JScript permits you to type `WScript.echo` or `WScript.Echo`.

Working with Collections

If you are used to using JScript with Internet Explorer in browser or server-side scripts, you might be familiar with objects that return collections of objects. Many Internet Explorer objects let you scan through the object collection using JScript's `for...in` statement.

However, most other objects' collections do not work with `for...in` and you must use an `Enumerator` object to work with them. This is true of most objects you encounter in the WSH environment. JScript's `Enumerator` object gives you a way of accessing a collection by stepping forward or backward through the collection's list of objects.

To use a collection provided by a scripting or other ActiveX object, you must first convert it to an enumerator:

```
enumObject = new Enumerator(collectionObject);
```

The `Enumerator` object has no properties (in particular, no `Length` property; if you need to know the number of items, you must get it from the original collection's `Count` property). It does have an internal concept of its "position" in the collection and has methods that let you move the current position forward or back to the beginning. Its four methods are listed in Reference List 3.1.

REFERENCE LIST 3.1 Methods of the JScript Enumerator Object

Item

Returns the current item from the collection. The return value is an object of whatever type the collection holds. If the collection is empty or the current position is undefined, it returns `undefined`.

AtEnd

Returns a Boolean value: `True` if the current item is the last in the collection, if the current position is undefined, or if the collection is empty. Otherwise, `False` is returned.

moveFirst

Makes the first item in the collection the current item. If the collection is empty, `atEnd` is immediately `True`.

moveNext

Makes the next item in the collection the current item. If the collection is empty or the current item is already the last in the collection, `item` is `undefined`.

Although a newly created enumerator should be positioned on the first item automatically, it's a better style to use `moveFirst` before examining `atEnd` or `item`.

**Pattern**

To scan through a collection object named `obj`, use an enumerator in this way:

```
e = new Enumerator(obj);
for (e.moveFirst(); ! e.atEnd(); e.moveNext()) {
    x = e.item();
    :statements using x
}
```

Here's an example. This script lists the names of all the files in the root folder on the C: drive:

```
var fso, e, file;

fso = new ActiveXObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject");

e = new Enumerator(fso.GetFolder("c:\\").files);
for (e.moveFirst(); ! e.atEnd(); e.moveNext()) {
    file = e.item();
    WScript.echo(file.name);
}
```

Now, if you plan on writing scripts only in JScript, you can skip ahead to the section titled “Using the WScript Object” for more information about the built-in WScript object.

Using Objects with ActivePerl

ActiveState's ActivePerl lets you run Perl scripts in the WSH environment. Perl's environment is already rich with file-management and network-communication tools, and if you're already a skilled Perl programmer, you might wonder what WSH can add. In other words, why use `cscript` or `wscript` to run Perl, when you could just run `perl.exe` directly?

The answer is that in the WSH environment, it's a simple matter to access COM, OLE (Automation), and ActiveX objects. The helpful `$WScript` object is predefined in the WSH environment. COM objects are the key to accessing network configuration, Active Directory, and Windows Management Instrumentation (WMI). Although you probably don't want to bother with the Windows script objects for file and directory management, the system-management tools make WSH worthwhile.

Running Perl Scripts in WSH

The ActivePerl installer creates two file associations for Perl files: `.pl` (Perl) is associated with `Perl.exe`, and `.pls` (`PerlScriptFile`) is associated with WSH.

If you use the familiar `.pl` filename extension for Perl programs that you want to run in the WSH environment, you have to use the command

```
cscript /engine:Perlscript myscript.pl
```

to fire them up. Because you might want to start scripts with the command line or from Explorer, your life is much easier if you use the extension `.pls` for programs meant to be used with WSH. This way, you can double-click the files in Explorer or use commands such as

```
start myscript.pls
myscript
cscript myscript.pls
```

to start script files; WSH knows what to do. You can also use PerlScript inside the structured .WSF files I discuss in Chapter 9, “Deploying Scripts for Computer and Network Management.”

Here are some important things to remember when writing Perl scripts for use with WSH:

- You cannot use familiar Perl command-line switches such as `-w`. You need to directly set option values in the script.
- Any command-line arguments specified to `cscript` or `wscript` are not placed in the `ARGV` array. Instead, you must fetch command-line arguments from the `$WSHScript->Arguments` collection.

The Perl Object Interface

ActivePerl can interact with COM, ActiveX, and OLE (Automation) objects. The extended syntax for accessing methods is

```
$ObjectName->Method[(arguments[, ...]);
```

Here’s an example:

```
$myobject->SomeMethod
$myobject->AnotherMethod("argument", 47);
```

The syntax for accessing Property values is

```
$ObjectName->{PropertyName}
```

Here’s an example:

```
value = $myobject->{Length};
$myobject->[color] = "Red";
```

Because the syntax for accessing methods and properties is different, you must take care to check the COM object’s documentation carefully to determine whether a value you want to use is a property or method.

Caution

If you attempt to access an object property or method that does not exist or if you have misspelled the name, by default Perl does *not* generate an error. The result is simply undefined (`undef`). This makes it difficult for you to debug your script.

To avoid this pitfall, put

```
$^W = 1;
```

at the beginning of every script file. This causes Perl to print an error message if you attempt to reference an undefined method or property. I have found that the error message might not tell you clearly that the problem is an unrecognized property or method, but at least you get *some* warning.

To set a read/write property, you can simply assign a value to it, as in the following:

```
$file->{name} = "newname";
```

The standard `WScript` object, which I discuss in more detail later in the chapter, is pre-defined by the WSH environment and is available to a Perl script. For example, the current version of WSH can be printed with this script:

```
$WScript->Echo("The version is", $WScript->Version);
```

You could use conventional Perl I/O and write

```
print "The version is ", $WScript->Version;
```

instead. However, `print` writes to `stdout`, which is undefined when the script is run by `WScript` (the windowed version of WSH). A script using `print` works under `Cscript`, but not `WScript`. It's up to you, of course, but if you want your script to work equally well within either environment, use the `$WScript.Echo` method for output.

Note

Perl is a case-sensitive language, and object variable names such as `$WScript` must be typed exactly as shown here. However, an object's method and property names are *not* case sensitive.

To create an instance of an Automation, OLE, or ActiveX object, you can use either of two methods. The simplest is to use the `CreateObject` method provided with the built-in `$WScript` object, as in

```
$myobj = $WScript->CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject");
```

You can also use the ActivePerl `Win32::OLE` extensions provided with ActivePerl:

```
use Win32::OLE;
$excel = Win32::OLE->new('Excel.Application')
or die "OLE new failed";
```

For information on the OLE extensions, see the ActivePerl help file.

Working with Collections

Some of the COM objects you encounter in this book and elsewhere return *collection* objects, which are containers for a list of other objects. For example, the `Drive` property of `Scripting.FileSystemObject` returns a collection of `Drive` objects, and the `WScript.Arguments` property returns a collection of `Argument` objects. I discussed the methods and properties of the collection object earlier in the chapter.

Because the items of a collection object can't be obtained by an index value (at least, not directly), they must be “scanned” using an enumerator object. An enumerator gives you access to a collection object by maintaining the concept of a current location in the list, which you can then step through. To scan the list a second time, you must reset the current location to the beginning of the list and then step through the list again.

There are three ways to enumerate a collection. First, you can explicitly create an enumerator object, as in the following example:

```
$^W = 1;

$fso = $WScript->CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject");
$fpls = $fso->GetFolder("C:\\")->Files; # get collection of files in c:\
$n = $fpls->{Count}; # just for kicks say how many there are
print $n, " files\n";

$num = Win32::OLE::Enum->new($fpls); # create enumerator object
while (defined($file = $enum->Next)) { # assign $file to each item in turn
    print $file->{Name}, "\n"; # print the file names
}

```

A second way uses the `in` function to hide the enumerator: The `in` operator returns `Win32::OLE::Enum->All(obj)`, which in turn returns a Perl array given a collection object. Instead of creating `$enum` and using a `while` loop in the previous example, I could have written the following:

```
foreach $file (in $fpls) {
    print $file->{Name}, "\n";
}

```

Seeing this, you might guess that the third way is to use `in` to create an array of the subobjects, which you can then access explicitly:

```
@file = in($fpls);
for ($i = 0; $i < $fpls->{Count}; $i++) {
    print $file[$i]->{Name}, "\n";
}

```

Of the three methods, the `foreach` method is the most straightforward, and it's the easiest on the eyes and fingers. Unless you really want to use an array, I recommend `foreach`.

Now, you might want to skip ahead to the section titled “Using the `WScript` Object” for more information about WSH built-in objects.

Using Objects with ActivePython

Many powerful CGI (Web-based) applications are written in Python, and ActiveState's ActivePython does a great job of integrating Python into the ASP scripting environment. This means it can also be used with WSH. Python, like Perl, has a rich set of

built-in and add-on functions that give you complete access to the Windows API, so the scripting utility objects described in this book aren't going to be terribly interesting to the Python programmer. Still, you might want to use the scripting objects in the interest of increasing your scripts' language portability, and because COM/ActiveX objects are the only way to get programmatic access to Automation servers such as Microsoft Word.

Unlike Perl, Python was designed from the ground up as an object-oriented language. Objects, properties, and methods are its bread and butter, so to speak. If you're coming to Python from a background in other languages, there are a few points of which you should be aware:

- The `WScript` object discussed throughout this chapter is predefined. Python is case sensitive, so the object must be referred to as `WScript`, exactly.
- Although Python is generally case sensitive, the names of COM object methods and properties are not.
- Perhaps the easiest way to create ActiveX/COM objects is with the `CreateObject` method provided by `WScript`. Here's an example:

```
fso = WScript.CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")
files = fso.GetFolder("C:\\").Files
```

- You cannot directly assign a value to a COM object property. You must use

```
object.SetValue("propertyname", newvalue)
```

instead.

- Python automatically imports all predefined constants associated with an OLE object when you create an instance of the object. The constant values are created as properties of `win32com.client.constants`. For example, if you should create a Microsoft Word document, the value `win32com.client.constants.wdWindowStateMinimize` will be defined.

For more information about COM integration with Python, see the ActiveState documentation for the `win32com` package.

Working with Collections

Python automatically treats COM collection objects as enumerations. The easiest way to scan through the contents of an enumeration is with the `for...in` statement, as in this example:

```
fso = WScript.CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")
files = fso.GetFolder("c:\\").Files

for file in files:
    print file.name
```

Now, continue with the next section for more information about the built-in WScript object.

Using the WScript Object

WSH provides a built-in object named WScript for all scripts in all languages. We've used its Echo method in many of the examples in this book. WScript has several other methods and properties, as listed in Reference List 3.2, that you might find useful in writing scripts.

REFERENCE LIST 3.2 Properties and Methods of the WScript Object

Properties

Arguments

Returns a collection of WshArguments objects, representing the strings on the command line used to start WScript or Cscript. For example, if a script is started with the command

```
WScript myscript.vbs aaa bbb
```

or

```
myscript aaa bbb
```

then `WScript.arguments.item(0)` would yield "aaa" and

`WScript.arguments.item(1)` would yield "bbb". `WScript.arguments.length` gives the number of arguments.

I discuss arguments in more detail in the next section.

BuildVersion

Returns a number identifying the current version of Windows Script Host. This number might vary between versions of Windows and as WSH is updated through Windows Update. I have seen WSH on Windows 7 return 0 for this property. I would not trust it to be usable.

FullName

Returns the full path and filename of the WSH program that is running your script (for example, `c:\Windows\System32\cscript.exe`).

Interactive

A Boolean value: `True` if the script is running in Interactive mode and `False` if in Batch mode. You might set this property using the `//I` or `//B` switch on the command line, or you might directly set the value in a script (for example, `WScript.Interactive = False`). In Batch mode, message and input boxes do not appear.

Name

Returns the name of the script host program (for example, "Windows Script Host").

Path

Returns the name of the directory containing the script host program (for example, "c:\Windows\System32").

ScriptFullName

Returns the full path and name of your script file (for example, "c:\test\myscript.vbs").

ScriptName

Returns the name of your script file (for example, "myscript.vbs").

StdErr, StdIn, and StdOut

These are file streams that can be used to read from the standard input or write to the standard output and error files. I discuss these in Chapter 4, "File and Registry Access." These properties are available with `cscript` only, not `wscript`.

Version

Returns the version of WSH (for example, "Version 5.7").

Methods**CreateObject**(*progid* [, *prefix*])

Similar to the built-in `CreateObject` function. With a *prefix* argument, it creates connected objects that can communicate events to the script. (Events are beyond the scope of this book.)

ConnectObject *object*, *prefix*

Connects an existing *object* to the script using event handler functions whose names begin with the string *prefix*.

DisconnectObject *object*

Disconnects the script from an object's events.

Echo *arg* [, *arg*]-

Displays any number of arguments of any type, formatted as strings and separated by spaces. `Cscript` writes them to the standard output, whereas `WScript` displays them in a pop-up message box.

GetObject(*filename* [, *progid*][, *prefix*])

Creates an object based on information stored in a file (for example, a document). If *progid* is not specified, it is determined from the file type. *prefix* might be specified to connect object events to the script.

`GetObject` can also obtain a reference to a preexisting object by specifying a special name called a *moniker*. This is illustrated extensively in Chapters 7 and 8.

Quit [*errorcode*]

Terminates the script. If a numeric value is specified, it is returned as the process's exit code—this can be useful when running scripts from batch files.

Sleep *msec*

Causes the script to pause for *msec* milliseconds. For example, `WScript.sleep 1000` pauses for one second.

Of the properties and methods listed, the most useful are the `Echo` and `Arguments` properties. Let's see how you can use arguments to control what a script does when you run it.

Retrieving Command-Line Arguments

The use of command-line arguments is a common way of specifying information to a script at the moment it's run. The most common use for this is to write scripts that manipulate files, user accounts, or computers. The script can be written in a generic way, so that you can specify the particular files, people, or what-have-you at the time you run the script. For example, a script to process a file could be written like this:

```
filename = "specialdocument.doc"
'statements to operate on the file named filename
:
```

However, if you wanted to use this script to work with a different file, you'd have to edit the script. If you want a more general-purpose script, write the script to get the filenames from its command line, so you can simply type something like this:

```
C:\> myscript some.doc another.doc
```

Then, the script will operate on the files whose names you typed, rather than on a file whose name is built in to the script.

Usually, each programming language has its own way of providing command-line arguments to a program, but in the WSH environment, there is only one way they are obtained—through the `WScript` object's `Arguments` property.

The `WScript.Arguments` property returns a collection of objects, one for each item listed on the script's command line. You can write a script to use these arguments this way, more or less:

```
for each filename in WScript.arguments
  'statements to operate on the file named filename
:
next
```

Of course, you have to use whatever method of manipulating objects and collections is appropriate to the script language you're using (this example is in VBScript). With script `myscript.vbs`, the command line

```
C:\> myscript some.doc another.doc
```

sets up the `WScript.Arguments` collection with two items: `some.doc` and `another.doc`. In VBScript, the `for each` statement lets your script process them in turn.

If you don't specify any command-line arguments, though, this script does nothing at all. It's best to have a script tell the user how to use it properly in this case. Here's a scheme for writing command-line scripts that you might find to be handy.

Pattern

When a script uses command-line arguments to specify what files (or users, computers, or whatever) to work with, it should explain how to use the script if no arguments are specified:

```
if WScript.arguments.length = 0 then
    ' no arguments on the command line? Display usage information, then quit
    WScript.echo "This script processes the named files"
    WScript.echo "by doing etc etc etc to them".
    WScript.echo "Usage: myscript file [file ...]"
    WScript.quit
end if
for each filename in WScript.arguments
    ' commands to process filename go here
    :
next
```

Alternatively, you might want your script to operate on a default file if no files are named on the command line. Such a script should use a subroutine to do the actual processing of the files, so the subroutine can be called with either the default file or with specified files. In VBScript, it looks like this:

```
if WScript.arguments.length = 0 then
    ' no arguments on command line -- process file "default.file"
    process "default.file"
else
    ' process each of the files named on the command line
    for each filename in WScript.arguments
        process filename
    next
end if

sub process (filename)
    ' statements to process filename
    :
end sub
```

In Chapter 9, I show you how to use more powerful types of command-line processing.

Locating and Using Unusual Objects

Several powerful, commonly used objects provided with Windows are documented by Microsoft in the Windows Scripting reference documents, and I discuss most of these in Chapters 4–9. If you’re new to scripting, these should be enough to get you started, so you might want to skip ahead to Chapter 4.

In addition to these standard objects, many developers and companies provide add-in objects for free or for sale. There is, however, a wealth of objects already on your computer; hundreds of COM objects are supplied with Windows, and hundreds more are added if you install applications such as Word, Excel, and Visio. Many are designed just for the use of specific application programs and are of no use to script authors. Others are general-purpose objects for use by scripts and compiled programs. How can you tell which objects are installed on your computer and of those, which are useful for scripting? To be honest, identifying useful objects is tricky business, but if you enjoy detective work, read on.

To get an idea of what I mean by “hundreds of objects,” take a look at the Windows Registry.



Caution

Improper changes to the Windows Registry can make your computer nonfunctional. There is no **undo** command in the Registry Editor, so be very careful not to make *any* changes while examining the Registry.

To view the Registry on Windows 7 or Vista, click Start, type **regedit** into the search box, and press Enter. On XP, click Start, Run; type **regedit**; and press Enter. Expand the entry for **HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT** and scroll down past the **.xxx-format** entries to those that spell out names like “something dot something,” as shown in Figure 3.4. Most of the entries from here down represent object classes; you can tell which ones do by the presence of a **CLSID** or **CurrVer** key under the object name.

In Figure 3.4, the **FaxControl.FaxControl.1** entry has a **CLSID** entry, so it is an object. A **CLSID** (or *class ID*) is a long, essentially random number that object authors use to give their object a unique “fingerprint.” A **CurrVer** entry, such as the one found under **FaxControl.FaxControl**, is used when there’s a chance more than one version of the class program might be installed on your computer. The **CurrVer** value tells Windows where to look to find the class information for the most recent version of the object. Find that entry, and you find the object’s **CLSID**.

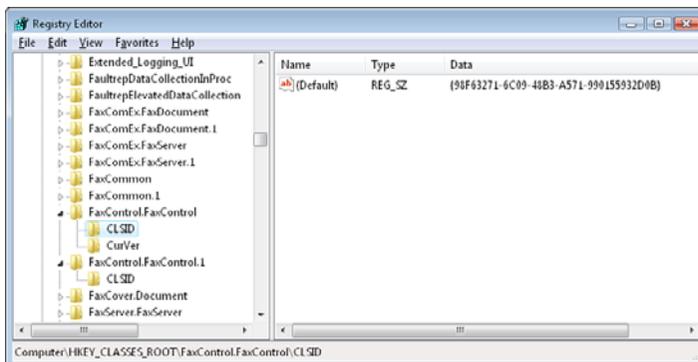


Figure 3.4 COM object classes are listed in the Registry under HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT, after the .xxx entries. Objects have an associated CLSID entry.

The first step in scouting out new and interesting objects is to peruse the Registry for names that sound interesting. For this example, I'll follow up on the FaxControl.FaxControl.1 object from Figure 3.4.

When you've found a CLSID value for a potentially interesting object, locate the matching value under My Computer\HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID, where you find the information Windows uses to locate and run the program file that actually manages the object.

Figure 3.5 shows the class information for FaxControl.FaxControl.1. The InprocServer32 entry shows the actual program module (usually a DLL or OCX file) that manages the object. In this case, the program is \WINDOWS\system32\Setup\fxsocm.dll. The name of this object and the location of its DLL make it sound like it might be used for setting up the Fax service. But how?

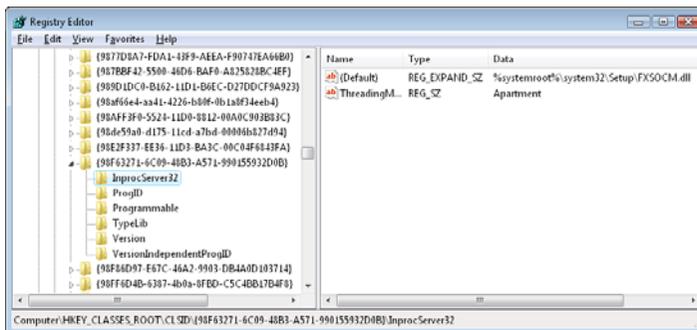


Figure 3.5 Class ID information for the FaxControl.FaxControl.1 object.

The first thing you have to check is whether the object is even suitable for use in script programs; some aren't. The first test, then, is to see whether you can create an object in your chosen scripting language. Use the *server.object* name you found under `HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT`. In VBScript, it looks like this:

```
set obj = CreateObject("FaxControl.FaxControl.1")
WScript.echo "CreateObject worked!"
```

If this script produces an error message, the object can't be used in scripts. If it runs without an error message, as it did when I tested `FaxControl.FaxControl.1`, the object has passed the first hurdle.

Your next step should be to search the Internet for references to the object name (for example, search for `FaxControl.FaxControl.1` or `FaxControl.FaxControl`). I've found that Google is a great place to start. If you see references to pages on `msdn.microsoft.com`, these might point to complete documentation for the object in question. Be sure to search Google's "Groups" section, too. Many programmers haunt the `comp.xxx` groups, and if you're lucky, you might find an archived discussion about the object. (Unfortunately, if you do a Google search for `FaxControl.FaxControl`, you will most likely find only references to this very discussion from this book or from its first edition titled *Windows XP Under the Hood*, but no documentation.)

If you can't find documentation online, Microsoft or the object's creator might have supplied a help file describing the object. See whether the `Clsid` Registry values list a help file ending in `.hlp` or `.chm`. If it does, at a command prompt type

```
start %pathname%\helpfile.xxx
```

where `pathname\helpfile.xxx` is the full path to the help file listed in the Registry. This might show you how the object works. In the case of `FaxControl.FaxControl.1`, there is no help file.



Note

If the help file has the `.hlp` extension and you're using Windows 7, Vista or Windows Server 2008, you have to install the old Windows Help viewing program before you can open the `.hlp` file. Go to www.microsoft.com and search for "download winhlp32.exe".

If no help file is named, don't give up. Because COM objects are designed to be used by many programming languages, they can—if their developer wanted them to—provide a list of methods, properties, and their arguments to any program that asks. If your mystery object has this feature, you might be able to burrow into the object's program file to find its usage information.

The easiest way to do this is with an *object browser*, a program that's designed to do just this sort of burrowing. Microsoft provides one with many of its applications. If you have Microsoft Word, Excel, or PowerPoint, the Object Browser is included as part of the Macro Editor. Start the application and click Tools, Macro, Visual Basic Editor. Then, click View, Object Browser. If you have the full developer's version of Visual Basic installed, run it and click View, Object Browser.

To view information for a questionable class, you need to tell Word (or Visual Basic, and so on) to look into the class's program file. To do this, click Tools, References. Click Browse and locate the DLL or OCX file you found in the Registry. Click Open, and the library appears as a checked item in the Available References list, as shown in Figure 3.6.

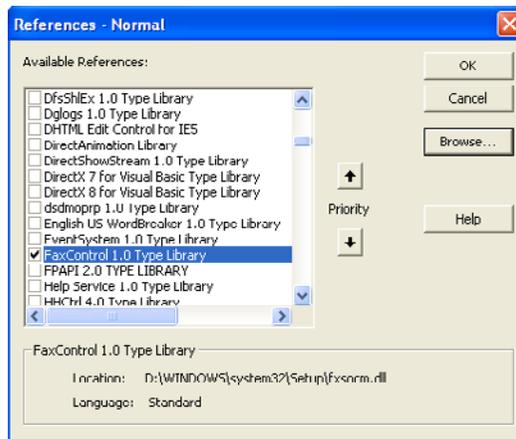


Figure 3.6 Selecting an object class type library to view in the Object Browser.

When the object type is listed and checked under Available References, click OK.

Then, select the class name from the library list in the upper-left corner of the Object Browser window, as shown in Figure 3.7. Choose object types in the left panel; the browser displays the object's methods, procedures, and predefined constants in the right panel under Members. You can select the objects in this list one by one, and in the bottom panel, the browser displays the method or procedure's arguments, if any, and any explanatory text it can dig up.

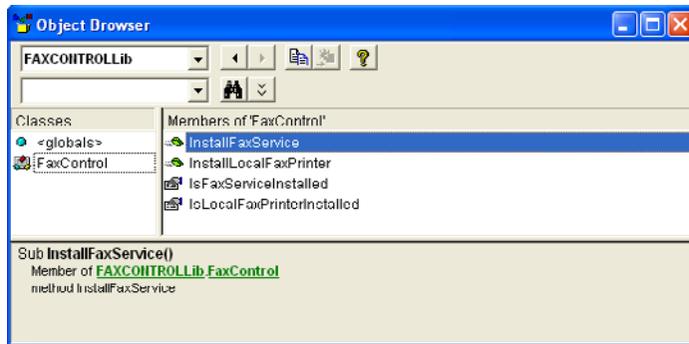


Figure 3.7 Viewing a class's type information in the Object Browser.

If you don't have any of the applications I've mentioned, another tool, called the OLE/COM Object Viewer, is provided with the Windows XP and Windows 2000 Resource Kits which you can download from www.microsoft.com. You can also download this tool directly from www.microsoft.com by searching for "OLE/COM Object Viewer."

The OLE/COM Object Viewer is much more difficult to use than the Object Browser. Here are some tips for using this viewer:

- Try to find the object of interest under Object Classes, All Objects. I've found that not all the objects I'm interested in are listed there. For example, `Scripting.Dictionary` is present, whereas `Scripting.FileSystemObject` is missing. If you can't find it there, look under Type Libraries.
- Double-click the library or object to view its class information. This information is designed for COM object programmers, not end users, so it's going to be tough to understand.
- `Typedef` items list some predefined constant values used by all the objects provided by the server.
- `Coclass` items define the objects the class server can create. If you view the contents of a coclass item, you find the class's predefined constants, properties, and methods.

Although either object browser can show you what sorts of values the methods and properties expect and return, it can't tell you what these values mean, so you have to experiment to find out if and how you can use them. In the case of `FaxControl1.FaxControl1.1`, the Object Browser showed two properties and two methods, as listed in Reference List 3.3.

REFERENCE LIST 3.3 Properties and Methods of the *FaxControl.FaxControl* Object

Properties:

IsFaxServiceInstalled

Returns a Boolean value.

IsLocalFaxPrinterInstalled

Returns Boolean value.

Methods:

InstallFaxService

Returns no value and takes no arguments.

InstallLocalFaxPrinter

Returns no value and takes no arguments.

This sounds pretty straightforward. There are no arguments to supply to these methods, so there's no detective work required there. Also, the names sound pretty self-explanatory. This object lets you know whether the Fax service and the Fax Printer are installed, and it can install them. But does it work?

Here's a sample script I wrote to check:

```
set obj = CreateObject("FaxControl.FaxControl.1")
WScript.echo "IsFaxServiceInstalled =", obj.IsFaxServiceInstalled
WScript.echo "IsLocalFaxPrinterInstalled =", obj.IsLocalFaxPrinterInstalled
```

The results when I ran it on a Windows XP computer that had a modem but did not have the fax service set up were

```
IsFaxServiceInstalled = 0
IsLocalFaxPrinterInstalled = 0
```

When I ran the script

```
set obj = CreateObject("FaxControl.FaxControl.1")
obj.InstallFaxService
```

Windows Setup asked for my Windows XP CD disk and installed the Fax service and printer. The first script's output became this:

```
IsFaxServiceInstalled = -1
IsLocalFaxPrinterInstalled = -1
```

Here, -1 means True (any nonzero value means True), so the object does the job you expect it to. Here's a script that can automatically be sure a user's Windows XP system has the Fax service as well as a fax and printer installed:

```
set obj = CreateObject("FaxControl.FaxControl.1")

if not obj.IsFaxServiceInstalled then
```

```
WScript.echo "Installing Fax Service..."
obj.InstallFaxService
elseif not obj.IsLocalFaxPrinterInstalled then
    WScript.echo "Reinstalling Fax Printer..."
    obj.InstallLocalFaxPrinter
else
    WScript.echo "Fax printer is ready to go."
end if
```

This is a good example of the functionality you can find by digging into the many objects that come with Windows, and it shows the kinds of scripts you can write to manage Windows computers so other users don't have to poke around with the Control Panel themselves.

(On Windows Vista, this script works only on the Business, Enterprise and Ultimate editions. The Home editions don't come with built-in faxing support, but, all versions of Windows 7 include the Faxing service.)

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Index

Symbols & Numerics

- & character**, 54-55, 75
- & operators**
 - PowerShell, 646
- + operators**, 54-55

- 64-bit installers, creating with IExpress**, 398

A

- AccountDisabled property (IADsUser object)**, 362
- active connections, listing**, 585
- Active Directory**
 - LDAP, 364-367
 - managing, 364
 - objects, 368
 - IADsO*, 369
 - IADsO object*, 369-370
 - IADsOU*, 369
 - IADsOU object*, 369-370
 - RootDSE*, 368
 - RootDSE object*, 368-369
 - X.500, 364-367
- ActivePerl objects**, 106
 - collections, 108-109
 - Perl Object Interface, 107-108
 - running Perl scripts in Windows Script Host, 106-107
- ActivePython objects**, 109-110
- ActiveState Website**, 15
- Add method (BodyPart collections)**, 247
- AddAttachment method (CDO.Message objects)**, 238-239
- AddBodyPart method (BodyPart objects)**, 248

- adding**
 - attachments to messages (CDO), 261
 - drive mappings, 218-219
 - images to HTML messages (CDO), 262-263
- AddPrinterConnection methods (WSHNetwork objects)**
 - arguments
 - LocalName arguments*, 208
 - Password arguments*, 209
 - RemoteName arguments*, 209
 - UpdateProfile arguments*, 209
 - UserName arguments*, 209
 - DOS session printers, redirecting, 225-226
 - scripts, printing from, 229-230
- AddRelatedBodyPart method (CDO.Message objects)**, 239
 - constant values, 241
- AddWindowsPrinterConnection methods (WSHNetwork objects)**, 209
 - arguments, PrinterPath arguments, 209, 224
 - network printers, connecting to, 223-224
- administrative tools (Windows XP)**, 736-738
- Administrator account, ADSI security**, 328
- ADO (ActiveX Data Objects)**, 242, 250
- ADSI (Active Directory Scripting Interface)**, 319-320
 - collections, 339-340
 - common uses for, 320
 - containers, 330-332
 - directories, security, 328-330
 - Exchange (Microsoft), 364
 - EzAD Scriptomatic tool, 372
 - IIS (Internet Information Services), 364
 - LDAP provider, 364, 366-367

- IADsO object*, 369-370
- IADsOU object*, 369-370
- RootDSE object*, 368-369
- limitations of, 321
- multiple inheritance, 324
- objects, 322-324
 - creating*, 325-328
 - directory security*, 328, 330
 - IADs object*, 333-336
 - IADsCollection object*, 336-338
 - IADsComputer object*, 340
 - IADsComputerOperations object*, 340
 - IADsContainer object*, 336-338
 - IADsDomain object*, 342-344
 - IADsFileService object*, 345-346
 - IADsFileServiceOperations object*, 345-346
 - IADsFileShare object*, 347-348
 - IADsGroup object*, 349-350
 - IADsMembers object*, 350
 - IADsNamespaces object*, 351
 - IADsPrintJob object*, 351-352, 354
 - IADsPrintJobOperations object*, 351-354
 - IADsPrintQueue object*, 354-357
 - IADsPrintQueueOperations object*, 354-357
 - IADsPrintServiceOperations object*, 357, 360
 - IADsResource object*, 346
 - IADsService object*, 357-360
 - IADsServiceOperations object*, 360-361
 - IADsSession object*, 361-362
 - IADsUser object*, 362-363
 - leaves*, 330
 - Microsoft documentation*, 332
 - multiple inheritance*, 324-325
 - WinNT provider*, 332
- scripts, developing, 370-371
- WSH (Windows Script Host), 321
- AdsPath property (IADs object)**, 334
- aliases**, 450, 612
- altering script variable values**,
Script Debugger (Windows), 45
- AppActivate method (WScript.Shell object)**, 183-184
- appendChild methods (IXMLDOMNode object)**, 174
- applets, Control Panel**, 546-547
- argument substitution**, 496-497
- arguments, 31-32**
 - batch file command-line, 726
 - delayed expansion*, 511-513
 - editing*, 498-499
 - validating*, 519
 - checking (batch files), 519
 - CMD command-line processing, 454
 - CMD shell, separating, 454
 - command-line arguments
 - extracting named arguments*, 387
 - Named collection*, 386-387
 - processing*, 386
 - processing named arguments*, 386
 - processing unnamed arguments*, 389
 - retrieving*, 113-114
 - Unnamed collection*, 389
 - Force arguments (WSHNetwork objects), 210-211
 - LocalName arguments (WSHNetwork objects), 208-210
 - multiple arguments, processing, 503-506
 - multiple, batch file processing, 503-506
 - Name arguments (WSHNetwork objects), 210-211
 - Named collection (command-line arguments)
 - Count method*, 386
 - Exists method*, 387
 - Items property*, 386
 - Length property*, 386
 - Password arguments (WSHNetwork objects), 209-210
 - PrinterPath arguments (WSHNetwork objects), 209, 224
 - RemoteName arguments (WSHNetwork objects), 209-210
 - substituting (batch files), 496
 - unnamed arguments, processing for WSF files, 389-390
 - Unnamed collection (command-line arguments)
 - Count method*, 389
 - Items property*, 389
 - Length property*, 389

UpdateProfile arguments
(WSHNetwork objects), 209-211
 UserName arguments
(WSHNetwork objects), 209-210

Arguments properties
(WshShortcut object), 193

Arguments properties
(WshUrlShortcut object), 193

arithmetic operators (VBScript variables), 54-55, 717

arithmetic operators (VBScript), 55

arrays, 89-91

PowerShell, 632-636
 comparisons, 640-643
 values, extracting, 636-637
 VBScript, 89-91

assigning

drives, pushd command (CMD), 518
 logon scripts with Group Policy,
 418-421
 paths, 134
 random drive letters in batch
 files, 518
 user profile logon scripts, 416, 418

assignment operators (PowerShell), 648

assoc command (CMD), 462

async properties (DOMDocument object), 170

AtEndOfLine properties
(TextStream object), 151

AtEndOfStream properties
(TextStream object), 151, 162

attachments, adding to messages
(CDO), 261

Attachments property
(CDO.Message objects), 236

attrib command (file management tools), 557-558

 attributes, setting/clearing, 558-559
 finding hidden files, 558

attrib command-line tool, 557-559

attribute names (LDAP), 365

attributes

 file attribute values, 141
 changing, 143-144

testing, 142
 folder attribute values, 141
 changing, 143-144
 testing, 142
 multiple attributes, testing, 143
 setting/clearing (attrib command),
 558-559

attributes properties
(IXMLDOMNode object), 173,
 175

Attributes properties
(Scripting.File object), 145

authentication, WMI, 295-296
 impersonation, 297-298
 privileges, 298-299

AUTOEXEC.NT file, configuring
 NTVDM, 535-536

AutoGenerateTextBody property
(CDO.Message objects), 236

automatic conversion (VBScript), 57

automatic scripting

 messages, sending to Event Log,
 423-425
 messages, printing, 425
 results, summarizing, 425-427
 unattended scripts, writing, 421-423
 scheduling, 421-431
 unattended scripts
 controlling logged information, 423
 creating, 421-423

automatically assigned addresses,
resetting, 573

automatically running scripts, 40

automation (objects), GetObject
function, 99-100

AutoRun settings (CMD), 455

AutoUnlockInterval property
(IADsDomain object), 343

AvailableSpace properties
(Scripting.Drive object), 136

B

backups

 creating with xcopy, 555
 making (xcopy command-line
 programs), 555

unattended backups (xcopy
command-line programs), 556

BannerPage property (IADsPrintQueue object), 354

batch files, 491

argument substitution, 496-497
arguments
 checking, 519
 editing, 498-499
 expressions, 726
 substituting, 496
 validating, 519
command-line options, processing,
 515-517
commands, 494-495, 738-739
conditional processing
 extended if command, 501-503
 if command, 499-500
creating, 492-494
delayed expansion, 511-513
echoing, 495-496
environment variables, 506-508
exit status, checking, 501
for command, 508-511
 delayed expansion, 511-512
 for loops, 510
if command (CMD), conditional
 processing, 499-501
information, displaying, 495-496
input, prompting for, 514-515
installers, creating with IExpress,
 398-400
keeping log files, 519-520
log files, maintaining, 519-520
multiple arguments, processing,
 503-506
network mappings, 518
 deleting previous mappings, 518
 managing, 518
 UNC pathnames, 518
numerical calculations, performing,
 481
privileges, 493
programming, 494-495
prompting for input, 514
random drive letter, assigning, 518
running scripts from, 39
script files, running, 39
storing, 492
subroutines, 513-514

UNC pathnames, 518
versus scripting, 13
versus Windows scripts, 13

BCC property (CDO.Message objects), 236

Big-Endian format, 365

binary files

BMP image data, reading, 164-167
MP3 tag data, reading, 166-167
reading, 163-164

bitwise mathematics, 143

BMP image data, reading, 164-165

BodyPart collections (CDO email components)

CDO.Message objects, 246
methods
 Add method, 247
 Delete method, 247
 DeleteAll method, 247
properties
 Count property, 246
 Item property, 246

BodyPart objects (CDO email components), 232, 247

methods
 AddBodyPart method, 248
 *GetEncodedContentStream()
 method*, 248
 SaveToFile method, 248
properties
 BodyPart property, 247
 Charset property, 247
 ContentMediaType property, 247
 ContentTransferEncoding property,
 248
 Fields property, 248
 Filename property, 248
 Parent property, 248

BodyPart property (CDO.Message objects), 236

BodyParts property (BodyPart objects), 247

Boolean value constants (VBScripts), 52

break command, PowerShell, 660-661

breakpoints, 45

breakpoints, setting in ISE, 709

BuildPath method

(Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 125, 130

built-in commands (CMD)

- @command, 462
- assoc command, 462
- call command, 463
- cd command, 463
- chdir command, 463
- cls command, 463
- command extensions, 475-476
- copy command, 463
- date command, 465
- del command, 465-466
- dir command, 466
 - listing files, 476-480*
- echo commands, 466
- endlocal command, 467, 472
- erase command, 467
- exit/B command, 467
- for command
 - delayed expansion, 511-512*
 - for loop, 510*
 - numerical for loops, 486*
 - parsing text, 487-488*
 - processing directories, 486*
 - processing multiple items, 508-509*
 - scanning files, 483-484*
 - variables, 485-486*
- ftype command, 467-468
- goto command, 468, 502
- if command, 468, 499, 502
 - conditional processing, 482-483, 499-501*
 - extended testing, 503*
- md command, 468-469
- mkdir command, 469
- move command, 469
- path command, 470
- pause command, 470
- popd command, 470
- prompt command, 470
- pushd command, 470
 - assigning drives, 518*
- rd command, 471
- rem command, 471
- rename command, 471
- rmdir command, 471
- set commands, 471

- batch files, performing numerical calculations, 481*

- setting variables, 480*

- setlocal command, 472

- shift command, 472

- start command, 473-474

- time command, 474

- title command, 474

- type command, 474

- ver command, 475

- verify on/off command, 475

- vol command, 475

- Windows XP, 738-739

built-in functions (VBScripts), 720

BusinessCategory property (IADsOU object), 369

C

cacls command (file management tools), 559-561

- file/folder privacy, 563

- permissions

- checking, 562*

- granting, 562*

cacls command-line tool, 559-563

call command (CMD), 463, 513-514

Call Stack window, viewing, 46-47

case insensitive searching (findstr command-line program), 549

case sensitivity, Jscript objects, 104

casts, 625, 649-650

CC property (CDO.Message objects), 236

cd command (CMD), 463

CDO (Collaboration Data Objects), 232

- email

- routing through SMTP servers, 264*

- sending email attachments, 261*

- sending from scripts, 232-235*

- specifying delivery servers, 263*

- specifying subjects/recipients, 263*

- email components

- BodyPart collections, 246-247*

- BodyPart objects, 232, 247-250*

- CDO.Configuration, 233*

- CDO.Message* objects, 232-246
- Field collections, 243-246, 249-250
- Field objects, 233, 243
- Fields collections, 242-243
- messages
 - attachments, adding, 261
 - creating, 257
 - delivery server, specifying, 263-265
 - HTML, sending, 259
 - images, including with HTML messages, 262-263
 - multiformat, sending, 260
 - program output, sending, 258
 - recipients, specifying, 263
 - sending, 256, 265-266, 268, 270
 - sending multiformat messages, 260
 - sending program output messages, 258
 - sending text file messages, 258
 - sending text string messages, 257-258
- VBScript constant definitions
 - Website, 241
 - Web pages, sending, 259-260
- CDO.Configuration (CDO email components), 233**
- CDO.Configuration object, 250**
 - LoadFrom method,
 - cdoConfigSource constant, 253
 - methods, 251-256
 - properties, 251
- CDO.Message objects (CDO email components), 232-235**
 - BodyPart collections, 246
 - Field collection values, 244-246, 249-250
 - methods
 - AddAttachment* method, 238-239
 - AddRelatedBodyPart* method, 239-241
 - CreateMHTMLBody* method, 240-242
 - Send* method, 240
 - properties
 - Attachments* property, 236
 - AutoGenerateTextBody* property, 236
 - BCC* property, 236
 - BodyPart* property, 236
 - CC* property, 236
 - Configuration* property, 236
 - DSNOptions* property, 236, 240-241
 - Fields* property, 237
 - From* property, 237
 - HTMLBody* property, 237
 - HTMLBodyPart* property, 237
 - MDNRRequested* property, 237
 - MIMEFormatted* property, 237
 - Organization* property, 238
 - ReplyTo* property, 238
 - Sender* property, 238
 - Subject* property, 238
 - TextBody* property, 238
 - TextBodyPart* property, 238
 - To* property, 238
- cdoConfigSource constants, 253**
- cdoProtocolsAuthentication constants, 254**
- cdoSendUsing constants, 254**
- cdoTimezoneId constants, 254-256**
- certificates, obtaining for code signing, 410-411**
- ChangePassword** method (IADsUser object), 363
- ChangeStartMode** methods (Win32_Service objects), 316
- changing**
 - file/folder attributes, 143-144
 - folder attribute values, 143-144
 - PATH, 457-458
- Charset** property (BodyPart objects), 247
- chdir** command (CMD), 463
- checking**
 - arguments (batch files), 519
 - files/folders, if command (CMD), 500
 - free space (drives), 138-139
 - permissions (cacls command), 562
- child nodes, 169**
- childNodes** properties (DOMDocument object), 171
- childNodes** properties (IXMLDOMNode object), 173
- choosing** Window script languages, 16

choosing a scripting language, 16

CIM (Common Information Model), 281-283

class names (ADSI objects), 325

Class property (IADs object), 334

classes, 95

classes (objects), 95

clearing DNS cache, ipconfig command (Windows XP networking utilities), 573

Close methods (TextStream object), 152

cls command (CMD), 463

CMD shell

arguments, 438-439

separating, 454

AutoRun settings, 455

batch files

argument editing, 498-499

arguments, validating, 519

command-line options, processing, 515-517

delayed expansion, 511-513

environment variables, 506-508

input, prompting for, 514-515

log files, maintaining, 519-520

multiple items, processing with for command, 508-511

random drive letter, assigning, 518

subroutines, 513-514

UNC pathnames, 518

built-in commands, 462-475, 738-739

command-line processing, 439-440

arguments, 454

commas, 454

console program input/output, 441-447

console windows, 442

copying/pasting in command prompt windows, 447-448

editing commands, 448-449

grouping commands with parentheses, 453-454

History list, 449

multiple commands, 452-453

name completion, 450

quotes, 454

runaway programs, stopping, 440

running, 435, 438

special characters, 454

command-line programs, killing, 440

commands

editing, 448-450

extensions, 439, 475-476

multiple, typing on one line, 452-453

configuring, 455

AutoRun, 455

environment variables, 456-461

console programs, 441-442

copying and pasting, 447-448

reading text, 191-193

console window, 442

dir command, 476-480

directory name completion, 451-452

elevated Command Prompt, opening, 436-437

environment variable substitution, 456

environment variables

default, setting, 461

PATH, 456-458

system-wide, 459-461

extended commands, 475-476

extensions, disabling, 439

for command, 483-486

text, parsing, 487-488

variables, 485

if command, 482-483

name completion, 450-451

network mappings, deleting, 518-519

options, 437-438

redirection, 443-447

running, 435

set command, 481-482

shortcut, creating, 436

special characters, escaping, 455

versus COMMAND shell, 434

cmdlets, PowerShell, 607, 609-610, 690-691

code signing, 409-410, 412, 415

certificate, obtaining, 410-411

scripts, signing, 412-413

signed scripts, requiring, 414

collaboration data objects. See CDO

collection objects, 96-97

ActivePerl, 108-109

- ActivePython, 110
- Count properties, 103
- For Each loops, 103
- Item methods, 103
- JScript, 104-106
- SWbemObjectSet, 305-306

**collection system information,
example WMI script, 312-313**

collections, 96, 102-103, 339-340

- ADSI (Active Directory Scripting Interface) collections, 339
- Environment collection (Windows Scripting Host)
 - Count method*, 198
 - extracting information*, 198-199
 - Item properties*, 197
 - Length properties*, 197
 - managing settings*, 199
 - Remove method*, 198
- for JScript, 104-106
- IXMLDOMNamedNodeMap
 - properties, 176
- Perl, 108-109
- Python, 110
- VBScript, 67

Column properties (TextStream object), 151

columnar listings, creating, 478

COM (Component Object Model), 94

command extensions (CMD), 475-476

command options (Cscript), 33-36

command options (Wscript), 33, 35

command prompt window

- arguments, 454
- assigning drives, 518
- checking arguments, 519
- command-line processing, 435, 438-440
- commas, 454
- console program input/output
 - redirection, 443-447
- console window, 442
- creating, 492-494
- delayed expansion, 511-512
- deleting network mappings, 518
- editing commands, 448-449

- environment variables, 506-508
- for loops, 510
- grouping commands with
 - parentheses, 453-454
- History list, 449
- keeping log files, 519-520
- managing network mappings, 518
- processing command-line options, 515-517
- processing multiple items, 503-509
- prompting for input, 514
- subroutines, 513-514

command shells

- configuring, 706-707
- scripts, editing, 707-708
 - objects, generating*, 685-686
 - obtaining*, 598-600
 - profiles*, 617-618
 - running on remote computers*, 712
 - security*, 615-617
 - text, reading from files*, 697-698
 - text, writing to files*, 698

PowerShell

- aliases*, 612
- cmdlets*, 607, 609-610
- command-line syntax*, 604-607
- command-line editing*, 602-603
- copying and pasting*, 603-604
- get-help command*, 610-611

command-line arguments

- named arguments
 - extracting*, 387
 - processing*, 386
 - processing for WSF files*, 386-388

Named collection

- Count method*, 386
- Exists method*, 387
- Items property*, 386
- Length property*, 386

processing, 386

retrieving, 113-114

unnamed arguments, processing, 389

Unnamed collection

- Count method*, 389
- Items property*, 389
- Length property*, 389

command-line processing (CMD), 439-440

- arguments, 454

- commands
 - editing*, 448-449
 - grouping with parentheses*, 453-454
 - commas, 454
 - console programs
 - copying/pasting in command prompt windows*, 447-448
 - input/output*, 441-442
 - input/output redirection*, 443-447
 - console windows, 442
 - History list, 449
 - multiple commands, 452-453
 - name completion, 450
 - quotes, 454
 - PowerShell, 700
 - exception handling*, 702-703
 - hash tables*, 703-704
 - modules, writing*, 701
 - runaway programs, stopping, 440
 - running, 435, 438
 - special characters, 454
- command-line programs, 543**
- findstr, 547-548
 - adding/removing information*, 550
 - case insensitive searching*, 549
 - literal string matching*, 549
 - matching text with wildcards*, 550-551
 - positional searching*, 549
 - searching multiple files*, 549
 - GUI shortcuts, 545
 - more, 552-553
 - running, 188-191
 - tree, 553
 - xcopy, 554
 - copying subdirectories*, 554
 - copying updated files*, 555-556
 - making backups*, 555
 - unattended backups*, 556
- COMMAND.COM shell, 524**
- file-management tools, 557
 - attrib*, 557-559
 - cacls*, 559-563
 - general purpose shell programs
 - findstr*, 547-552
 - more*, 552-553
 - tree*, 553-554
 - xcopy*, 554-557
 - GUI shortcuts, 545
 - Control Panel*, 546-547
 - management power tools
 - driverquery*, 564
 - runas*, 565
 - sc*, 569-571
 - taskkill*, 568-569
 - tasklist*, 565-567
 - networking tools
 - ipconfig*, 571-573
 - net*, 574-583
 - netstat*, 584-586
 - nslookup*, 586-589
 - ping*, 589-590
 - tracert*, 591-592
 - versus CMD, 434
- commands**
- assoc command (CMD), 462
 - attrib command (file management tools), 557-558
 - finding hidden files*, 558
 - setting/clearing attributes*, 558-559
 - batch file commands, 738-739
 - built-in, 730-733
 - for command modifiers*, 733-734
 - set /a command operators*, 734
 - built-in commands (CMD), 462, 465, 469, 473, 475
 - @command, 462
 - assoc command, 462
 - call command, 463
 - cd command, 463
 - chdir command, 463
 - cls command, 463
 - command extensions, 439, 475-476
 - copy command, 463
 - date command, 465
 - del command, 465-466
 - dir command, 466, 476-480
 - echo commands, 466
 - endlocal command, 467, 472
 - erase command, 467
 - exit/B command, 467
 - for command, 483-488, 508-512
 - ftype command, 467-468
 - goto command, 468, 502
 - if command, 468, 482-483, 499-503
 - md command, 468-469
 - mkdir command, 469
 - move command, 469
 - path command, 470
 - pause command, 470

- popd* command, 470
- prompt* command, 470
- pushd* command, 470, 518
- rd* command, 471
- rem* command, 471
- rename* command, 471
- rmdir* command, 471
- set* commands, 471, 480-481
- setlocal* command, 472
- shift* command, 472
- start* command, 473-474
- time* command, 474
- title* command, 474
- type* command, 474
- ver* command, 475
- verify on/off* command, 475
- vol* command, 475
- cacls* command (file management tools), 559-561
 - checking permissions*, 562
 - file/folder privacy*, 563
 - granting permissions*, 562
- call* command (CMD), 463
- cd* command (CMD), 463
- chdir* command (CMD), 463
- cls* command (CMD), 463
- CMD shell
 - dir*, 476-480
 - for*, 483-488
 - if*, 482-483
 - set*, 481-482
- copy* command (CMD), 463
- date* command (CMD), 465
- del* command (CMD), 465-466
- dir* command (CMD), 466
 - listing files*, 476-480
- DOS commands (Windows XP), 739-740
- driverquery* command (management power tools), 564
- echo* commands (CMD), 466
- editing, 448-449
- editing in CMD shell, 448-450
- endlocal* command (CMD), 467, 472
- erase* command (CMD), 467
- exit/B* command (CMD), 467
- extended (CMD shell), 475-476
- file management commands, 740-741
- for* command (CMD)
 - delayed expansion*, 511-512
 - for loop*, 510
 - numerical for loops*, 486
 - parsing text*, 487-488
 - processing directories*, 486
 - processing multiple items*, 508-509
 - scanning files*, 483-484
 - variables*, 485-486
- ftype* command (CMD), 467-468
- goto* command (CMD), 468, 502
- grouping with parentheses, 453-454
- if* command (CMD), 468, 499, 502
 - conditional processing*, 482-483, 499-501
 - extended testing*, 503
- input/output redirection formats, 729
- ipconfig* command (networking utilities), 571
 - examining/clearing DNS cache*, 573
 - listing IP address information*, 571-572
 - resetting automatically assigned addresses*, 573
- md* command (CMD), 468-469
- mkdir* command (CMD), 469
- move* command (CMD), 469
- multiple command formats, 729
- net* command (networking utilities), 574
- net continue* command (networking utilities), 574
- net file* command (networking utilities), 574
- net help* command (networking utilities), 575
- net helpmsg* command (networking utilities), 575
- net localgroup* command (networking utilities), 575
- net pause* command (networking utilities), 575
- net print* command (networking utilities), 575-576
- net send* command (networking utilities), 576
- net session* command (networking utilities), 576-577
- net share* command (networking utilities), 577

- net start command (networking utilities), 578
 - net statistics command (networking utilities), 578
 - net stop command (networking utilities), 578
 - net use command (networking utilities), 579-581
 - net user command (networking utilities), 581, 583
 - net view command (networking utilities), 583-584
 - netstat command (networking utilities), 584
 - constant monitoring, 586*
 - listing active connections, 585*
 - listing open ports, 586*
 - listing statistics, 586*
 - nslookup command (networking utilities), 586
 - finding hostname IP addresses, 587-589*
 - testing DNS servers, 589*
 - path command (CMD), 470
 - pause command (CMD), 470
 - ping command (networking utilities), 589-590
 - popd command (CMD), 470
 - prompt command (CMD), 470
 - pushd command (CMD), 470
 - rd command (CMD), 471
 - rem command (CMD), 471
 - rename command (CMD), 471
 - rmdir command (CMD), 471
 - sc command (management power tools), 569
 - sc queryex command, 569-570*
 - starting/stopping services, 570*
 - sc queryex command (management power tools)
 - listing installed services, 569-570*
 - set commands (CMD), 471
 - batch files, performing numerical calculations, 481*
 - setting variables, 480*
 - set/a commands, expression operators, 734
 - setlocal command (CMD), 472
 - shift command (CMD), 472
 - start command (CMD), 473-474
 - taskkill command (management power tools)
 - killing processes by program name, 569*
 - killing processes with PID numbers, 568*
 - killing user processes, 568*
 - tasklist command (console programs), 441
 - tasklist command (management power tools), 565-567
 - TCP/IP, 743
 - time command (CMD), 474
 - title command (CMD), 474
 - tracert command (networking utilities), 591-592
 - type command (CMD), 474
 - VBScriptm, Wscript.Echo, 84-85
 - ver command (CMD), 475
 - verify on/off command (CMD), 475
 - vol command (CMD), 475
- commas, CMD command-line processing, 454**
- comments, PowerShell, 622, 700**
- comparing**
- CMD shell and COMMAND shell, 434
 - properties and methods, 100-101
 - scripting and batch files, 13
 - scripting and compiled languages, 13
- comparison operators (VBScript), 55-56, 717**
- comparisons, performing with arrays (PowerShell), 640-643**
- Compatibility tab (Properties dialog box), 532**
- compiled languages versus scripting languages, 13**
- completing PowerShell commands, 612**
- complex text files, creating, 157-159**
- Computer property (IADsSession object), 361**
- ComputerName properties (WSHNetwork objects), 208**
- ComputerPath property (IADsSession object), 361**

conditional breakpoints, setting in ISE, 711**conditional processing**

- if command, 482-483
- if command (CMD), 482-483, 499
 - checking for files and folders, 500*
 - checking program success, 500-501*

conditional processing (batch files)

- extended if command, 501-503
- if command, 499-500
 - exist option, 500*

conditional statements (VBScript), 57

- If-Then statements, 58-59
 - variations, 59*
 - variations, If-End if statements, 59*
 - variations, If-Then-Else statements, 59-60*

- Select Case statements, 61-62

ConenctTime property (IADsSession object), 361**CONFIG.NT (NTVDM), 532-535****Configuration property (CDO.Message objects), 236****configuring**

- AUTOEXEC.NT (NTVDM), 535
 - CMD, 455
 - AutoRun, 455*
 - environment variable substitution, 456-458*
 - environment variables, 459-461*
 - drive mappings, 220-221
 - environment variables (NTVDM), 536
 - Font tab (NTVDM), 528
 - ISE, 706-707
 - Memory tab (NTVDM), 528-529
 - Miscellaneous Settings tab (NTVDM), 530-532
 - NTVDM, 525-526
 - AUTOEXEC.NT file, 535-536*
 - Compatibility tab, 532*
 - CONFIG.NT file, 532-535*
 - environment variables, 536*
 - Font tab, 528*
 - Memory tab, 528*
 - Miscellaneous Settings tab, 530-531*
 - Properties tab, 526-528*

Screen tab, 530

serial communications, 539

confirming

- drives existence, 137-138
- target drives, 137-138

connecting to network printers, 223-225**ConnectServer method, parameters, 291-292****console programs, 441-442**

- command prompt windows,
 - copying/pasting in, 447-448
- copying and pasting, 447-448
- filters, 445
- full-screen mode, 442
- I/O redirection, 443-447
- input/output, 441-442
- input/output redirection, 443-447
- standard error, 445
- tasklist command, 441
- text, reading, 191-193

console windows, 442**constant values**

- AddRelatedBodyPart method
 - constant values, 241
- CreateMHTMLBody method
 - constant values, 242
- DSNOptions property constant
 - values, 240-241

constants

- cdoConfigSource, 253
- cdoProtocolsAuthentication
 - constants, 254
- cdoSendUsing constants, 254
- cdoTimeZoneId constants, 254-256
- PowerShell, 637
- VBScript, 51-52, 722

constructors, PowerShell, 627**container objects, 96****containers, 96, 330-332****ContentMediaType property (BodyPart objects), 247****ContentTransferEncoding property (BodyPart objects), 248****continue command, PowerShell, 661**

- Continue method**
(IADsServiceOperations object), 360
- ContinueService methods**
(Win32_Service objects), 316
- Control Panel, running with**
COMMAND.COM shell, 546-547
- Control panel (Windows XP),**
applets, 546-547
- controlling logged information**
(unattended scripts), 423
- converting strings to other types**
(VBScript), 74
- copy command (CMD),** 463
- Copy method (Scripting.Folder**
object), 141, 145
- CopyFile method**
(Scripting.FileSystemObject
object), 125
- CopyFolder method**
(Scripting.FileSystemObject
object), 125, 135
- CopyHere method**
(IADsCollection object), 337
- copying**
 - folders, 135
 - scripts to multiple computers,
406-408
 - subdirectories (xcopy command-line
programs), 554
 - updated files (xcopy command-line
programs), 555-556
- CPL files,** 546
- Create method (IADsCollection**
object), 337-338
- createCDATASection methods**
(DOMDocument object), 171
- createComment methods**
(DOMDocument object), 171
- createDocumentType methods**
(DOMDocument object), 171
- createElement methods**
(DOMDocument object), 171
- CreateMHTMLBody method**
(CDO.Message objects), 240
constant values, 242
- createProcessingInstruction meth-**
ods (DOMDocument object), 171
- CreateShortcut method**
(WScript.Shell object), 184
- CreateTextFile method**
(Scripting.FileSystemObject
object), 126
- createTextNode methods**
(DOMDocument object), 172
- CreatFolder method**
(Scripting.FileSystemObject
object), 125, 132-134
- CreatFullPath method**
(Scripting.FileSystemObject
object), 133-134
- creating**
 - ADSI objects, 325-328
 - batch files, 492-494
 - columnar listings, 478
 - complex text files, 157-159
 - folders, 132-135
 - fully qualified pathnames, 130-131
 - functions, 87
 - HTML (Hypertext Markup
Language), 179-181
 - installation programs with IExpress,
395-398
 - batch files, 398-400*
 - UAC, 400-401*
 - uninstall option, providing, 402*
 - messages, CDO (Collaboration Data
Objects), 257
 - script files, 24-25
 - script shortcuts, 39
 - scripts to manage other computers,
404-405
 - shortcuts, 183-186, 193-196
 - text files, 157, 159
 - inserting tabs, 157*
 - Unix-compatible, 159*
 - unattended scripts, 421-423
 - user-friendly scripts, 376-377
 - WSF files, 377-378, 390, 394
 - XML files, 179-181
- Cscript, 28-29**
 - command options, 33-36
 - script files
 - running, 30*
 - running from batch files, 40*

saving, output redirection, 33
viewing, pipe mechanisms, 33
 security, 41

CSLID (objects), 116

CurrentDirectory properties
 (WScript.Shell object), 182

currentTime property (RootDSE object), 368

CurrentUserCount property
 (IADsFileShare object), 347

D

Datatype property
 (IADsPrintQueue object), 354

date and time functions
 (VBScript), 75-78

date command (CMD), 465

Date value constants (VBScripts), 52

Date() functions (VBScript), 75-77, 79, 722

Date/Time constants (VBScript), 52

DateAdd functions (VBScripts), 75

DateAdd() function, 75-76

DateCreated properties
 (Scripting.File object), 145

DateCreated properties
 (Scripting.Folder object), 140

DateDiff() function, 76

DateDiff() functions (VBScripts), 76

DateLastAccessed properties
 (Scripting.File object), 140, 145

DCOM (Distributed COM)

security, WMI (Windows Management Interface), 294-300
 Windows remote management, 283
on domain networks, 283-284
on workgroup networks, 284-287

debugging

scripts, 42-45
Call Stack windows, viewing, 46-47
Script Debugger (Windows), 43-45
tracing, 43

Wscript.Echo command, 84

VBScript, 42

default environment variables, 727-728

default printer, setting with
 WScript.Network object, 228

DefaultContainer property
 (IADsNamespaces object), 351

DefaultJobPriority property
 (IADsPrintQueue object), 354

defaultNamingContext property
 (RootDSE object), 368

defining

JavaScripts, 14
 JScripts, 14
 methods, 93, 100
 objects, 10-11, 93
 Perl, 15
 properties, 93, 100
 Python, 15
 Ruby, 15
 scripts, 10
 VBScripts, 14
 Windows Script Host, 11-12

del command (CMD), 465-466

delayed expansion, 511-513

Delete method (BodyPart collections), 247

Delete method (IADsCollection object), 338

Delete method (IADsContainer object), 338

Delete method (Scripting.Folder object), 141

Delete method (SWbemServices objects), 302, 307

Delete methods (Scripting.File object), 146

DeleteAll method (BodyPart collections), 247

DeleteFile method
 (Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 126, 132

DeleteFolder method
 (Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 126

deleting

- drive mappings, 219-220
- files, 132
- network mappings with batch files, 518-519
- network printer connections, 226-228
- printer connections, 226-228

delivery server, specifying in messages (CDO), 263, 265**Dependencies property (IADsService object), 358****deploying scripts on network, 394****Description properties**

- ADsUser object, 362
- IADsFileShare object, 348
- IADsGroup object, 349
- IADsO object, 369
- IADsOU object, 369
- IADsPrintJob object, 352
- IADsPrintQueue object, 354
- WshShortcut object, 194
- WshUrlShortcut object, 194

DesktopInteract properties (Win32_Service objects), 315**developing ADSI (Active Directory Scripting Interface) scripts, 370-371****dir command (CMD), 466, 476-480**

- files, listing, 476-477
 - creating columnar listings, 478*
 - listing hidden files, 480*
 - paginating lists, 477*
 - printing directory listings, 478*
 - retrieving filename listings, 479*
 - searching files, 477*
 - sorting listings, 479*

directories

- Active Directory
 - LDAP, 364-367*
 - managing, 364*
 - objects, 368*
 - X.500, 364-367*
- containers versus leaves, 330-331
- PowerShell, 692-696
- printing, 478
- processing, for command (CMD), 486

user directories

- managing, 319-321*
- security, 328, 330*

directory name completion (CMD shell), 451-452**disabling**

- batch file echoing, 495
- CMD extensions, 439
- command extensions (CMD), 439
- unsigned scripts, 408

displaying

- information in batch files, 495-496
- network user information,
 - Wscript.Network objects, 212-214
- printer information, 222-223
- script function values, Script Debugger (Windows), 45
- script properties, 23
- text, Wscript.Echo command, 84

DisplayName properties

- (Win32_Service objects), 315**

DisplayName property

- (IADsService object), 358**

distinguishing containers from leaves, 331-332**Division property (IADsComputer object), 340****DN (distinguished name), 364****DNS cache, examining/clearing, 573****DNS servers, testing, 589****dnsHostName property (RootDSE object), 368****Do While statement, 63-65****documentation, ADSI (Active Directory Scripting Interface), 332****documentElement properties (DOMDocument object), 171****documenting functions (VBScripts), 70****domain networks**

- logon scripts, assigning through Group Policy, 418-421
- remote management with WMI, 283-284

DOMDocument object (Windows Scripting Host), 169

methods

createCDATASection methods, 171
createComment methods, 171
createDocumentType method, 171
createElement method, 171
createProcessingInstruction method, 171
createTextNode method, 172
getElementsByTagName method, 172
load method, 172
loadXML method, 172
Save method, 172
selectNodes method, 172
selectSingleNode method, 172

properties

async properties, 170
childNodes properties, 171
documentElement properties, 171
parseError properties, 171
xml properties, 171

DOS commands (Windows XP), 739-740**DOS printer sessions, redirecting, 225-226****dot-sourcing, PowerShell, 668****downloading**

pvk2pvc.exe, 410
 Scriptomatic, 310
signtool.exe, 410

drive mappings

adding, 218-219
 configuring, 220-221
 deleting, 219-220
 listing, 214-218
 managing, 214
 scripts, 220-221

Drive properties (Scripting.Folder object), 140**DriveExists method (Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 126****DriveLetter properties (Scripting.Drive object), 136****driverquery command (management power tools), 564****drives**

assigning, 518
 confirming, 137-138
 existence, confirming, 137-138
 free space, checking, 138-139
 locating, 138

Drives property (Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 125**DriveType properties (Scripting.Drive object), 136****DSNOptions property (CDO.Message objects), 236**
constant values, 240-241**DTD (document type definition), 168****DTMF (Distributed Management Task Force), 281****dynamic environment variables, 728****dynamic methods, 306****dynamic properties, 306**

E

echo commands (CMD), 466**echoing, 495-496****editing**

arguments (batch files), 498-499
 batch file arguments, 498-499
 CMD commands, 448-450
 commands, 448-449
 environment variables, 507-508

editing tools, 27**elements (XML), 168****elevated command prompt, opening, 436-437****email**

CDO (Collaboation Data Objects)
 email components
BodyPart collections, 246-247
BodyPart objects, 232, 247-250
CDO.Configuration, 233
CDO.Message objects, 232-246
Field collections, 243-246, 249-250
Field objects, 233, 243
Fields collections, 242-243

- messages
 - attachments, adding, 261
 - delivery server, specifying, 263, 265
 - HTML, sending, 259
 - images, including, 262-263
 - multiformat, sending, 260
 - program output, sending, 258
 - recipients, specifying, 263
 - sending, 265, 267-268, 270
 - subject, specifying, 263
 - text strings, sending, 257-258
 - web pages, sending, 259-260
- messaging objects, CDO, 232-256
- routing through SMTP servers,
 - CDO (Collaboration Data Objects), 264
- sending
 - CDO (Collaboration Data Objects), 232-235
 - from scripts, 231-232
 - HTML, 234
 - MIME (Multipart Internet mail Extensions), 234
- enabling directory name completion (CMD), 451-452**
- enclosing multiple scripts in WSF files, 390**
- encoded scripts, 20**
- encryption**
 - Script Encoder, 415
 - WMI, 295-296
- endlocal command (CMD), 467, 472**
- enforcing script signing, 414**
- Enumerator objects (Jscript), 105**
- EnumNetworkDrives()**
 - methods(WSHNetwork objects), 209, 214-217
- EnumPrinterConnections() methods(WSHNetwork objects), 209, 222-223**
- Environment collection (Windows Scripting Host)**
 - extracting information, 198-199
 - managing settings, 199
 - methods
 - Count method, 198
 - Remove method, 198
 - properties
 - Item properties, 197
 - Length properties, 197
- Environment properties (WScript.Shell object), 182-183, 196-197**
- environment variable substitution (CMD), 456**
 - PATH
 - changing, 457-458
 - search paths, 456-457
- environment variables, 506-507, 536, 727**
 - batch files, 506-508
 - default, 461, 727-728
 - delayed expansion, 511-513
 - dynamic, 728
 - editing, 507-508
 - expressions, 727
 - for batch files
 - managing, 199
 - NTVDM, configuring, 536
 - PATH, 456-457
 - changing, 457-461
 - managing, 200-201
 - predefined, 727-728
 - retrieving, 198-199
 - system-wide, 459-461
- erase command (CMD), 467**
- error handling, VBScript, 86-87**
- error status of batch files, verifying, 501**
- ErrorControl property (IADsService object), 358-359**
- escaping special characters (CMD shell), 454-455**
- Event Log messages, sending, 423-424**
 - printing messages, 425
 - results, summarizing, 425, 427
- examining DNS cache, ipconfig command (Windows XP networking utilities), 573**
- example scripts**
 - WMI
 - printers, managing, 313
 - system information, collecting, 312-313

- tasks, managing*, 315-317
- Windows service packs, monitoring*, 314-315
- WSF files, 390-394
- exception handling (PowerShell), 702-703**
 - throw command, 664
 - trap command, 662
- Exchange (Microsoft), ADSI (Active Directory Scripting Interface), 364**
- Exec method (WScript.Shell object), 184**
- ExecMethod method (SWbemServices objects), 302**
- ExecQuery method (SWbemServices objects), 302-305**
- exist option (if command), batch file conditional processing, 500**
- Exists method (Named collection), 387**
- Exit Do statement, 65-66**
- exit do statements (VBScripts), 64-65**
- Exit For statements (VBScripts), 66**
- exit status, verifying, 501**
- exit/B command (CMD), 467**
- ExitCode properties (WshScriptExec object), 188**
- ExpandEnvironmentStrings method (WScript.Shell object), 184**
- expressions, 54**
 - automatic conversions, 57
 - PowerShell, 638-639
 - VBScript, syntax, 716
- extended commands (CMD shell), 475-476**
- extended if command, 501-503**
- extending built-in functions, 88**
- Extensible Markup Language. See XML**

extensions

- CMD shell, disabling, 439
- for script files, 19-20

extracting

- environment variables, 198-199
- information, Environment collection (Windows Scripting Host), 198-199
- named arguments (command-line arguments), 387

EzAD Scriptomatic tool, 372

F

FAXCOMEx.FaxDocument object

- methods, 273-274
- properties, 271-273

faxes, sending from scripts, 271, 274-277**FaxNumber property (IADsO object), 369****FaxNumber property (IADsOU object), 369****Field collections (CDO email components)**

- BodyPart objects, 249-250
- CDO.Message objects, 244-246
- methods

- Update method*, 243

Field objects (CDO email components), 233, 243**Fields collection, 242-246****Fields property (BodyPart objects), 248****Fields property (CDO.Configuration objects), 251**

- nntpauthenticate field,
 - cdoProtocolAuthentication constants, 254
- sendusing field, cdoSendUsing constants, 254
- smtpauthenticate field,
 - cdoProtocolAuthentication constants, 254
- timezoneid field, cdoTimeZoneId constants, 254-256
- values, 252-253

Fields property (CDO.Message objects), 237**file attribute values, 141**

changing, 143-144
testing, 142

file management commands, 740-741**file management tools (Windows XP)**

attrib command, 557-558
 finding hidden files, 558
 setting/clearing attributes, 558-559
cacls command, 559-561
 checking permissions, 562
 file/folder privacy, 563
 granting permissions, 562

file-management tools

running with COMMAND.COM shell, 557
 attrib, 557-559
 cacls, 559-563

FileExists method (Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 126**filename listings, retrieving, 479****Filename property (BodyPart objects), 248****files**

attribute values, 141-143
attributes, changing, 143-144
batch files
 assigning drives, 518
 checking arguments, 519
 creating, 492-494
 delayed expansion, 511-512
 deleting network mappings, 518
 displaying information, 495-496
 editing arguments, 498-499
 environment variables, 506-508
 for loops, 510
 if command (CMD) conditional processing, 499-501
 keeping log files, 519-520
 managing network mappings, 518
 performing numerical calculations, 481
 processing command-line options, 515-517

processing multiple arguments, 503-506
 processing multiple items, 508-509
 programming, 494-495
 prompting for input, 514
 subroutines, 513-514
 substituting arguments, 496
 versus Windows scripts, 13

binary files, reading, 163-167
checking for, if command (CMD), 500

deleting, 132

hidden files, listing, 558, 480

listing, 476-480

dir command (CMD), 476-480

multiple files, searching (findstr command-line programs), 549

privacy (cacls command), 563

reading, 149

reading text from, 152-153

renaming, 132, 146

scanning for, 146-149, 483-484

searching, dir command (CMD), 477

stdin files, 159-161

stdout files, 159-162

text files

creating, 157-159

inserting tabs, 157

writing Unix-compatible text files, 159

updated files, copying (xcopy command-line programs), 555-556

writing text to, 154-157

WSF files

creating, 377-378, 390, 394

extracting named arguments (command-line arguments), 387

formats, 379-383

processing command-line arguments, 386

processing named arguments (command-line arguments), 386

processing unnamed arguments (command-line arguments), 389

providing online help, 384-385

XML tags, 379-383

Files properties (Scripting.Folder object), 140

FileSystem properties (Scripting.Drive object), 137**FileSystemObject object, 130****Filter property**

- IADsCollection object, 336
- IADsContainer object, 336
- IADsDomain object, 343
- IADsMembers object, 350
- IADsOU object, 369

filters, 161, 445**finding**

- hidden files, 558
- hostname IP addresses, 587-589

findstr (command-line programs), 547-548

- adding/removing information, 550
- case insensitive searching, 549
- literal string matching, 549
- multiple files, searching, 549
- positional searching, 549
- text, matching with wildcards, 550-551

firstChild properties**(IXMLDOMNode object), 173****flow control (VBScript), 57**

- Do While statement, 63-65
- Exit Do statement, 65-66
- For...Each statement, 68
- For...Next statement, 66-67
- If...Then statement, 58-61
- PowerShell, 653-661
- Select Case statement, 61-63

folder attribute values, 141

- changing, 143-144
- testing, 142

FolderExists method**(Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 126****folders**

- attribute values, 141-144
- checking for, 500
- copying, 135
- creating, 132-135
- privacy (cacls command), 563

Font tab (NTVDM), configuring, 528**for command (CMD), 483-484, 486**

- delayed expansion, 511-512
- directories, processing, 486
- files, scanning, 483-484
- for loop, 510
- multiple items, processing, 508-509
- numerical for loops, 486
- PowerShell, 655-656
- text, parsing, 487-488
- variables, 485-486

For Each loops (collection objects), 103**For...Each statement, 68****For...Next statement, 66-67****Force arguments (WSHNetwork objects), 210-211****forcedos compatibility program (Windows XP), 524-525****formatting**

- commands, 729
- WQL queries, 304

for...in statements (Jscript), 105**For...Next statements (VBScripts), 66-68****free space (drives), checking, 138-139****FreeSpace properties (Scripting.Drive object), 137****From property (CDO.Message objects), 237****fso. See FileSystemObject****ftype command (CMD), 467-468****full-screen mode (console programs), 442****FullName properties (WshShortcut object), 194****FullName properties (WshUrlShortcut object), 194****FullName property (IADsUser object), 362****fully qualified pathnames, 130**
creating, 130-131**functions**

- built-in functions, extending, 88
- creating, 87
- GetObject function, 99-100

PowerShell
 dot-sourcing, 668
 pipeline functions, 671-672
 Print Screen function (Windows XP), 538
 VBScript, 720-722
 built-in functions, 720
 calling, 69
 creating, 87-88
 date and time, 75-78, 722
 documenting, 70
 InputBox(), 82-84
 MsgBox(), 79-82
 string-manipulation functions, 71-74
 Time() functions, 75
 Ucase functions, 68
 syntax, 70
 WMI, 281

G

general-purpose shell programs, running with COMMAND.COM shell

 findstr, 547-552
 more, 552-553
 tree, 553-554
 xcopy, 554-557

Get method (IADs object), 334-335

get-help command, PowerShell, 610-611

GetAbsolutePathName method (Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 126

GetBaseName method (Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 127, 131-132

GetDrive method (Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 127

GetDriveName method (Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 127

getElementsByTagName methods (DOMDocument object), 172

GetEncodedContentStream() method (BodyPart objects), 248

GetEx method (IADs object), 335

GetExtensionName method (Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 127

GetFile method (Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 127

GetFileName method (Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 127

GetFolder method (Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 127

GetInfo method (IADs object), 335

GetInfoEx method (IADs object), 335

getNamedItem methods (IXMLDOMNamedNode object), 176

GetObject function, 99-100

GetObject method (IADsCollection object), 338

GetParentFolderName method (Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 127

GetSpecialFolder method (Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 128

GetTempName() method (Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 128

global scope, 91

goto command (CMD), 468, 502

granting permissions (cacls command), 562

graphical user interface, 434

Group Policy logon scripts, assigning on domain networks, 418-421

grouping

 CMD commands with parentheses, 453-454

 commands with parentheses, 453-454

Groups property (IADsUser object), 362

GUI programs, 744-745

GUI shortcuts (command-line programs), 545-547
 GUID property (IADs object), 334

H

hasChildNodes methods
 (IXMLDOMNode object), 174

hash tables, PowerShell, 650-653, 703-704

help, providing for WSF files, 384-385

here-strings, PowerShell, 629

hidden files
 finding, attrib command (file management tools), 558
 listing, dir command (CMD), 480

Hints property (IADsCollection object), 337

History list (CMD), 449

HomeDirectory property (IADsUser object), 362

host (WSH), 11-12

HostComputer property
 IADsFileShare object, 348
 IADsPrintQueue object, 354
 IADsService object, 358

HostPrintQueue property (IADsPrintJob object), 352

hotfixes, monitoring, 313-315

Hotkey properties (WshShortcut object), 194

HTML (Hypertext Markup Language)
 creating, 179-181
 email, sending, 234
 reading/writing, 167, 172, 176-177

HTMLBody property (CDO.Message objects), 237

HTMLBodyPart property (CDO.Message objects), 237

I

I/O redirection, 443-447
 IADs object (ADSI), 333-336

methods
 Get method, 334-335
 GetEx method, 335
 GetInfo method, 335
 GetInfoEx method, 335
 Put method, 335
 PutEx method, 335-336
 SetInfo method, 336

properties
 AdsPath property, 334
 Class property, 334
 GUID property, 334
 Name property, 334
 Parent property, 334
 Schema property, 334

IADsCollection object (ADSI), 336-338

methods
 CopyHere method, 337
 Create method, 337-338
 Delete method, 338
 GetObject method, 338
 MoveHere method, 338

properties
 Count property, 336
 Filter property, 336
 Hints property, 337

IADsComputer object (ADSI), 340-342

properties
 Division property, 340
 OperatingSystem property, 340
 OperatingSystemVersion property, 340
 Owner property, 340
 Processor property, 340
 ProcessorCount property, 340

IADsComputerOperations object (ADSI), 340-342

IADsContainer object (ADSI), 336-338

collections, 339-340

methods
 CopyHere method, 337
 Create method, 337-338
 Delete method, 338
 GetObject method, 338
 MoveHere method, 338

properties
 Count property, 336

Filter property, 336

Hints property, 337

IADsDomain object (ADSI), 342-344

methods, SetInfo method, 344
properties

AutoUnlockInterval property, 343

Filter property, 343

IsWorkgroup property, 343

LockoutObservationInterval property, 343

MaxBadPasswordsAllowed property, 343

MaxPasswordAge property, 343

MinPasswordAge property, 343

MinPasswordLength property, 343

PasswordAttributes property, 343-344

PasswordHistoryLength property, 344

IADsFileService object (ADSI), 347

properties

MaxUserCount property, 345

Resources property, 345

Sessions property, 346

IADsFileServiceOperations object (ADSI), 347

properties

MaxUserCount property, 345

Resources property, 345

Sessions property, 346

IADsFileShare object (ADSI), properties

CurrentUserCount property, 347

Description property, 348

HostComputer property, 348

MaxUserCount property, 348

Name property, 348

Path property, 348

IADsGroup object (ADSI), 349-350

properties

Description property, 349

IsMember() property, 349

Member() property, 349

Methods property, 349

Name property, 349

Remove property, 349

IADsMembers object (ADSI), 350

IADsNamespaces object (ADSI), 351

IADsO object (Active Directory), properties

Count property, 369

Description property, 369

FaxNumber property, 369

Filter property, 369

LocalityName property, 369

Name property, 369

Parent property, 369

PostalAddress property, 370

SeeAlso property, 370

TelephoneNumber property, 370

IADsOU object (Active Directory), properties

BusinessCategory property, 369

Count property, 369

Description property, 369

FaxNumber property, 369

Filter property, 369

LocalityName property, 369

Name property, 369

Parent property, 369

PostalAddress property, 370

SeeAlso property, 370

TelephoneNumber property, 370

IADsPrintJob object (ADSI), 351-354

IADsPrintJobOperations object (ADSI), 351-354

IADsPrintQueue object (ADSI), 354-357

properties

BannerPage property, 354

Datatype property, 354

DefaultJobPriority property, 354

Description property, 354

HostComputer property, 354

Location property, 354

Model property, 354

Name property, 355

PrintDevices property, 355

PrinterPath property, 355

PrintProcessor property, 355

Priority property, 355

Starttime property, 355

UntilTime property, 355

IADsPrintQueueOperations object (ADSI), 354-357**IADsResource object (ADSI), 346****IADsService object (ADSI), 357-361**

methods, SetInfo method, 359

properties

Dependencies property, 358

DisplayName property, 358

ErrorControl property, 358-359

HostComputer property, 358

LoadOrderGroup property, 358

Name property, 358

Path property, 358

ServiceAccountName property, 358

ServiceAccountPath property, 358

ServiceType property, 358

StartType property, 359

StartupParameters property, 359

Version property, 359

IADsServiceOperations object (ADSI), 357-361

methods

Continue method, 360

Pause method, 360

SetPassword method, 360

Start method, 361

Stop method, 361

properties, Status property, 360

IADsSession object (ADSI), 361-362

properties

Computer property, 361

ComputerPath property, 361

ConnectTime property, 361

IdleTime property, 361

User property, 361

UserPath property, 361

IADsUser object (ADSI)

methods

ChangePassword method, 363

SetInfo method, 363

SetPassword method, 363

properties

AccountDisabled property, 362

Description property, 362

FullName property, 362

Groups property, 362

HomeDirectory property, 362

IsAccountLocked property, 362

LastLogin property, 363

LastLogoff property, 363

Profile property, 363

IconLocation properties (WshShortcut object), 194**IdleTime property (IADsSession object), 361****IExpress, creating installation programs, 395-398**

batch files, 398-400

UAC, 400-401

uninstall option, providing, 402

if command (CMD), 468, 482-483, 499-502

conditional processing, 482-483, 499

checking for files and folders, 500

checking program success, 500-501

extended testing, 503

PowerShell, 653

If...Then statement, 58-61**If...End if statements (VBScripts), 59****IF...Then statements (VBScripts), 58-59**

variations, 59

If...End If statements, 59

If...Then...Else statements, 59

If...Then...ElseIf statements, 60

If...Then...Else statements (VBScripts), 59-60**IIS (Internet Information Services), ADSI (Active Directory Scripting Interface), 364, 374****images, adding to HTML messages (CDO), 262-263****impersonation, WMI options, 295-298****information**

extracting, Environment collection

(Windows Scripting Host), 198-

199

saving, Windows Registry, 203-205

InputBox() functions (VBScripts), 82-84**insertBefore methods**

(IXMLDOMNode object), 174

- inserting tabs into text files, 157**
- installation programs**
 - creating with IExpress, 395-398
 - batch files, 398-400*
 - UAC, 400-401*
 - uninstall option, providing, 402*
- installed services, listing, 569**
- installing code-signing certificate, 411**
- instances (objects), 95**
- Instances method (SWbemServices objects), 307**
- InstancesOf method (SWbemServices objects), 303**
- InStr function (VBScript string-manipulation functions), 71-72**
- InStr() function, 71-72**
- InStrRev() function, 71-72**
- interface, 94**
- interpreters, 14**
- InterrogateService methods (Win32_Service objects), 316**
- IP addresses**
 - hostname IP addresses, finding, 587-589
 - listing information, 571-572
- ipconfig command (networking utilities), 571**
 - automatically assigned addresses, resetting, 573
 - DNS cache, examining/clearing, 573
 - IP address, listing information, 571-572
- ipconfig command-line tool, 571-573**
- IsAccountLocked property (IADsUser object), 362**
- ISE (Integrated Scripting Environment), 705**
 - breakpoints, setting, 709
 - conditional breakpoints, setting, 711
 - configuring, 706-707
 - scripts, editing, 707-708
- IsMember property (IADsGroup object), 349**
- IsReady properties (Scripting.Drive object), 137-138**
- IsRootFolder properties (Scripting.Folder object), 140**
- IsWorkgroup property (IADsDomain object), 343**
- Item method (collection objects), 103**
- item methods (IXMLDOMNamedNode object), 176**
- Item properties**
 - Environment collection, 197
 - BodyPart collections, 246
 - Fields collections, 243
 - Named collection, 386
 - Unnamed collection, 389
- IXMLDOCNode object (Windows Scripting Host), 176**
- IXMLDOMNamedNode object (Windows Scripting Host), 176**
- IXMLDOMNode object (Windows Scripting Host), 173**
 - methods
 - appendChild method, 174*
 - hasChildNodes method, 174*
 - insertBefore method, 174*
 - removeChild method, 174*
 - replaceChild method, 174*
 - selectNodes method, 174*
 - selectSingleNode method, 174*
 - setAttribute method, 175*
 - nodeType values, 175
 - properties
 - attributes properties, 173, 175*
 - childNodes properties, 173*
 - firstChild properties, 173*
 - lastChild properties, 173*
 - nextSiblings properties, 173*
 - nodeName properties, 173*
 - nodeType properties, 173*
 - nodeTypeString properties, 174*
 - nodeValue properties, 174*
 - ownerDocument properties, 174*
 - previousSibling properties, 174*
 - xml properties, 174*

J-K

JavaScript, defining, 14**joining strings**

- & character, 54-55, 75
- + operators, 54-55

JScript, 13

- defining, 14
- interpreters, 14
- objects, 104
 - collections, 104-106*
 - Enumerator objects, 105*
 - for...in statements, 105*
 - WScript, 104*

JSE extensions (script files), 20**keys (Registry), 202****killing**

- command-line programs, 440
- processes, PID numbers (taskkill command), 568-569
- user processes (taskkill command), 568

L

languages

- interpreters
 - JScript language interpreter, 14*
 - VBScript language interpreter, 14*
- script files
 - extensions, 19-20*
 - WSC (Windows Script Component) files, 23*
 - WSF (Windows Script Files), 21-22*
 - WSH (Windows Script Host) settings, 23*
- script languages
 - ActivePerl, 106-109*
 - ActivePython, 109-110*
 - choosing, 16*
 - JavaScripts, defining, 14*
 - JScripts, 13-14, 104-106*
 - Perl, 15*
 - Python, defining, 15*
 - Ruby, defining, 15*
 - VBScripts, 13, 49, 98-99, 102, 713*
 - VBScripts, constants, 51-53, 714*

- VBScripts, debugging, 42*
- VBScripts, defining, 14*
- VBScripts, functions, 68-84, 720, 722*
- VBScripts, interpreters, 14*
- VBScripts, omitted VBA features, 723-724*
- VBScripts, procedures, 87-89*
- VBScripts, program structures, 714*
- VBScripts, sample scripts, 16-19*
- VBScripts, statements, 57-59, 61-68, 718*
- VBScripts, syntax, 714*
- VBScripts, variables, 50-57, 89-92, 714, 716-718*
- WScript, 111-114*

lastChild properties (IXMLDOMNode object), 173**LastLogin property (IADsUser object), 363****LastLogoff property (IADsUser object), 363****LDAP, 364-370**

- attribute names, 365
- DNs, 365
- RDNs, 365
- Website, 367

leaves, 330

- distinguishing from containers, 331-332
- versus containers, 330-331

Left() function, 72-73**Length properties (Environment collection), 197****length properties (IXMLDOMNodeNamedNode object), 176****Length property (Named collection), 386****Length property (Unnamed collection), 389****limitations of ADSI, 321****Line properties (TextStream object), 151****listing**

- active connections, 585
- drive mappings, 214-218

- files, 476–480
 - hidden files, 480
 - installed services, 569–570
 - IP address information, 571–572
 - open ports, 586
 - statistics, 586
- literal strings, matching (findstr command-line programs), 549**
- literal values, PowerShell, 625–626**
- literals, 51**
- Little-Endian format, 365**
- Load methods (CDO.Configuration objects), 251**
- load methods (DOMDocument object), 172**
- LoadFrom method (CDO.Configuration objects), cdoConfigSource constants, 253**
- LoadOrderGroup property (IADsService object), 358**
- loadXML methods (DOMDocument object), 172**
- local computers, connecting to with WMI, 294**
- LocalityName property (IADsO object), 369**
- LocalityName property (IADsOU object), 369**
- LocalName arguments (WSHNetwork objects), 208, 210**
- locating drives, 138**
- Location property (IADsPrintQueue object), 354**
- LockCount property (IADsResource object), 346**
- LockoutObservationInterval property (IADsDomain object), 343**
- log files**
 - keeping (batch files), 519–520
 - maintaining, 519–520
 - messaging, 425
 - printing, 425
- LogEvent method (WScript.Shell object), 184**

- logged information, controlling on unattended scripts, 423**

- logical operators (VBScript variables), 54, 56, 718**

- logoff program (Windows XP), 741**

- logon scripts, 213, 416**

- assigning through Group Policy, 418–421
- group policy scripts, 420
- user profile logon scripts, 416–418
- writing, 214

- looping statements, 57**

- Do While, 63–65
- Exit Do, 65–66
- For...Each, 68
- For...Next, 66–67
- If...Then, 58–61

- loops**

- For Each loops (collection objects), 103
- numerical for loops, 486

M

- macros, 450**

- management power tools (Windows XP), 563**

- driverquery command, 564
- running with COMMAND.COM shell

- driverquery*, 564

- runas*, 565

- sc*, 569–571

- taskkill*, 568–569

- tasklist*, 565–567

- sc command, 569

- sc queryex* command, 569–570

- starting/stopping services*, 570

- taskkill command, 568

- killing processes by program name*, 569

- killing processes with PID numbers*, 568

- killing user processes*, 568

- tasklist command, 565–567

- managing**

- Active Directory, 364

- computers, creating scripts, 404–405

- Environment settings, Environment collection (Windows Scripting Host), 199
- environment variables, 199
 - PATH*, 200-201
- MS-DOS programs, 540
- network connections, 207-211
 - drive mappings, adding*, 218-219
 - drive mappings, configuring*, 220-221
 - drive mappings, deleting*, 219-220
 - drive mappings, listing*, 214-218
 - Windows Script Host*, 207-208
- network mappings (batch files), deleting previous mappings, 518
- printers
 - connections*, 207-208, 223-228
 - DOS printer sessions, redirecting*, 225-226
 - example WMI script*, 313
 - information, displaying*, 222-223
 - WMI (Windows Management Interface)*, 313
- services, WMI (Windows Management Interface), 315-317
- tasks, example WMI script, 315-317
- user directories, 319-321

MapNetworkDrive

methods(WSHNetwork objects)

- arguments, 210
- drive mappings
 - adding*, 218-219
 - scripts*, 220-221

mapping printers in NTVDM, 538

markup tags, XML (Extensible Markup Language), 168-169

matching

- literal strings (findstr command-line programs), 549
- text with wildcards (findstr command-line programs), 550-551

MaxBadPasswordsAllowed property (IADsDomain object), 343

MaxPasswordAge property (IADsDomain object), 343

MaxUserCount property (IADsFileService object), 345

MaxUserCount property (IADsFileServiceOperations object), 345

MaxUserCount property (IADsFileShare object), 348

md command (CMD), 468-469

MDNRequested property (CDO.Message objects), 237

Member() property (IADsGroup object), 349

members, 626

Memory tab (NTVDM), configuring, 528-529

messages

- attachments, adding, 261
- CDO, sending, 265-270
- creating, 257
- delivery server, specifying, 263-265
- Event log, sending to, 423-425
- HTML
 - images, including*, 262-263
 - sending*, 259
- multiformat, sending, 260
- program output messages, sending, 258
- recipients, specifying, 263
- sending, 256, 265-270
- subject, specifying, 263
- text file messages, sending, 258
- text string messages, sending, 257-258
- web pages, sending, 259-260

messaging objects, CDO, 232, 234-235

- BodyPart object, 247-250
- BodyParts collection, 246-247
- CDO.Configuration object, 250-256
- CDO.Message object, 236-242
- Fields, 242-246

methods, 93

- AddPrinterConnection (WSHNetwork objects), 208
- redirecting, 225-226

- LocalName arguments*, 208
- Password arguments*, 209
- printing from scripts*, 229-230
- RemoteName arguments*, 209
- UpdateProfile arguments*, 209
- UserName arguments*, 209

- AddWindowsPrinterConnection (WSHNetwork objects), 209

- connection to network printers,*
223-224
 - PrinterPath arguments, 209, 224*
- AppActivate method (WScript.Shell object), 183-184
- appendChild methods
(IXMLDOMNode object), 174
- BodyPart collections methods, 247
- BodyPart object methods
 - AddBodyPart methods, 248*
 - GetEncodedContentStream()*
methods, 248
 - SaveToFile methods, 248*
- BuildPath method
(Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 125, 130
- CDO.Message object methods
 - AddAttachment method, 238-239*
 - AddRelatedBodyPart method,*
239-241
 - CreateMHTMLBody method,*
240-242
 - Send method, 240*
- ChangePassword method (IADsUser object), 363
- Close method (TextStream object), 152
- ConnectServer method, parameters, 291-292
- Continue method
(IADsServiceOperations object), 360
- Copy
 - Scripting.Folder object, 141*
 - Scripting.File object, 145*
- CopyFile method
(Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 125
- CopyFolder method
(Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 125, 135
- CopyHere method (IADsCollection object), 337
- Count method
 - Environment collection, 198*
 - Named collection, 386*
- Create method (IADsContainer object), 337-338
- createCDATASection method
(DOMDocument object), 171
- createComment method
(DOMDocument object), 171
- createDocumentType method
(DOMDocument object), 171
- createElement method
(DOMDocument object), 171
- CreateFolder method
(Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 125, 132-134
- CreateFullPath method
(Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 133-134
- createProcessingInstruction method
(DOMDocument object), 171
- CreateShortcut method
(WScript.Shell object), 184
- CreateTextFile method
(Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 126
- createTextNode method
(DOMDocument object), 172
- defining, 93, 100
- Delete method
 - IADsCollection object, 338*
 - IADsContainer object, 338*
 - Scripting.File object, 146*
- DeleteFile method
(Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 126, 132
- DeleteFolder method
(Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 126
- DriveExists method
(Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 126
- dynamic methods, 306
- EnumNetworkDrives()
(WSHNetwork objects), 209
 - listing drive mappings, 214-217*
- EnumPrinterConnections()
(WSHNetwork objects), 209
 - displaying printer information,*
222-223
- Exec method (WScript.Shell object), 184
- Exists method (Named collection), 387
- ExpandEnvironmentStrings method
(WScript.Shell object), 184

- FileExists method
(Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 126
- FolderExists method
(Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 126
- Get method (IADs object), 334-335
- GetAbsolutePathName method
(Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 126
- GetBaseName method
(Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 127, 131-132
- GetDrive method
(Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 127
- GetDriveName method
(Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 127
- getElementsByTagName method
(DOMDocument object), 172
- GetEx method (IADs object), 335
- GetExtensionName method
(Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 127
- GetFile method
(Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 127
- GetFileName method
(Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 127
- GetFolder method
(Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 127
- GetInfo method (IADs object), 335
- GetInfoEx method (IADs object), 335
- getNamedItem methods
(IXMLDOMNamedNode object), 176
- GetObject method (IADsContainer object), 338
- GetParentFolderName method
(Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 127
- GetSpecialFolder method
(Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 128
- GetTempName() method
(Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 128
- hasChildNodes methods
(IXMLDOMNode object), 174
- insertBefore methods
(IXMLDOMNode object), 174
- Item methods (collection objects), 103
- item methods
(IXMLDOMNamedNode object), 176
- load method (DOMDocument object), 172
- Load methods (CDO.Configuration objects), 251
- LoadFrom method
(CDO.Configuration method), cdoConfigSource constants, 253
- loadXML method (DOMDocument object), 172
- LogEvent method (WScript.Shell object), 184
- MapNetworkDrive (WSHNetwork objects), 210
 - adding drive mappings, 218-219*
 - drive mappings, 220-221*
 - LocalName arguments, 210*
 - Password arguments, 210*
 - RemoteName arguments, 210*
 - UpdateProfile arguments, 210*
 - UserName arguments, 210*
- Move method (Scripting.File object), 146
- MoveFile method
(Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 129, 132
- MoveFolder method
(Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 129
- MoveHere method (IADsCollection object), 338
- OpenAsTextStream method
(Scripting.File object), 146
- OpenTextFile method
(Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 129
- Pause method
 - IADsPrintJobOperations object, 353*
 - IADsPrintQueueOperations object, 356*
 - IADsServiceOperations object, 360*
- Popup method (WScript.Shell object), 184-185

- PowerShell, 626–627
 - Purge method
 - (IADsPrintQueueOperations object), 356
 - Put method (IADs object), 335
 - PutEx method (IADs object), 335–336
 - Read method (TextStream object), 152, 163, 166
 - ReadAll method (TextStream object), 152
 - ReadLine method (TextStream object), 152–153
 - RegDelete method (WScript.Shell object), 186
 - RegRead method (WScript.Shell object), 186, 202
 - RegWrite method (WScript.Shell object), 186, 203
 - Remove methods (Environment collection), 198
 - removeChild methods
 - (IXMLDOMNode object), 174
 - RemoveNetworkDrive
 - (WSHNetwork objects), 210
 - deleting drive mappings, 219–220*
 - Force arguments, 210*
 - Name arguments, 210*
 - UpdateProfile arguments, 210*
 - RemovePrinterConnection
 - (WSHNetwork objects), 211
 - deleting printer connections, 226–228*
 - Force arguments, 211*
 - Name arguments, 211*
 - UpdateProfile arguments, 211*
 - replaceChild methods
 - (IXMLDOMNode object), 174
 - Resume method
 - IADsPrintJobOperations object, 353*
 - IADsPrintQueueOperations object, 356*
 - Run method (WScript.Shell object), 186
 - Save method
 - DOMDocument object, 172*
 - WshShortcut object, 194*
 - WshUrlShortcut object, 194*
 - selectNodes method
 - DOMDocument object, 172*
 - IXMLDOMNode object, 174*
 - selectSingleNode method
 - DOMDocument object, 172*
 - IXMLDOMNode object, 174*
 - SendKeys method (WScript.Shell object), 186
 - setAttribute methods
 - (IXMLDOMNode object), 175
 - SetDefaultPrinter (WSHNetwork objects), 211
 - setting default printers, 228*
 - SetInfo method
 - IADs object, 336*
 - IADsDomain object, 344*
 - IADsUser object, 363*
 - SetPassword method
 - IADsServiceOperations object, 360*
 - IADsUser object, 363*
 - Skip method (TextStream object), 152
 - SkipLine method (TextStream object), 152
 - Start method
 - (IADsServiceOperations object), 361
 - static methods, 306
 - Stop method
 - (IADsServiceOperations object), 361
 - SWbemObjects objects methods, 307
 - SWbemServices objects methods
 - Delete method, 302*
 - ExecMethod method, 302*
 - ExecQuery method, 302–305*
 - InstancesOf method, 303*
 - Terminate method (WshScriptExec object), 189
 - versus properties, 100–101
 - Win32_Service objects methods, 316
 - Write method (TextStream object), 152
 - WriteBlankLines method
 - (TextStream object), 152, 159
 - WriteLine method (TextStream object), 152–156, 159
- Methods properties (SWbemServices objects), 306**
- Methods property (IADsGroup object), 349**

- Microsoft Developer's Network Website, 50, 232
- Microsoft documentation, ADSI (Active Directory Scripting Interface) objects, 332
- Microsoft Exchange. *See* Exchange (Microsoft)
- Microsoft TechNet website, 50
- Microsoft Website, 70
- Mid() function, 72-73
- MIME (Multipart Internet Mail Extensions), 234
- MIMEFormatted property (CDO.Message objects), 237
- MinPasswordAge property (IADsDomain object), 343
- MinPasswordLength property (IADsDomain object), 343
- Miscellaneous Settings tab (NTVDM), configuring, 530-532
- Miscellaneous Settings tab (Properties dialog box), 530-531
- mkdir command (CMD), 469
- Model property (IADsPrintQueue object), 354
- modifiers, for command, 733-734
- modifying shortcuts, 193-196
- modules (PowerShell), writing, 701
- monikers, 100
 - security options, specifying, 300-301
 - WMI (Windows Management Interface), connecting with, 292-293
- monitoring
 - Hotfixes, WMI (Windows Management Interface), 313-314
 - Windows service packs
 - example WMI script, 314-315
 - WMI (Windows Management Interface), 313-314
- more (command-line programs), 552-553
- more command, 552-553
- more program (Windows XP), 741
- move command (CMD), 469
- Move methods (Scripting.File object), 146
- MoveFile method (Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 129, 132
- MoveFolder method (Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 129
- MoveHere method (IADsCollection object), 338
- MoveHere method (IADsContainer object), 338
- MP3 tag data, reading, 166-167
- MS-DOS
 - configuring, 525-526
 - managing programs, 540
 - NTVDM (Windows NT Virtual DOS Machine), 522-523
 - configuring, 525-536
 - configuring serial communications, 539
 - hardware support, 539
 - networking, 536-537
 - printing, 537
 - printing redirection, 538
 - Properties dialog box
 - Compatibility tab, 532
 - Font tab, 528
 - Memory tab, 528
 - Miscellaneous Settings tab, 530-531
 - Program tab, 526-528
 - Screen tab, 530
 - troubleshooting, 540-541
- MsgBox functions (VBScripts), 69-70, 79-82
 - documenting, 70
- MSXML2.DOMDocument object, 169
- multidimensional PowerShell arrays, 634
- multiformat messages, sending, 260
- multipart internet mail extensions. *See* MIME
- multiple arguments, processing in batch files, 503-506
- multiple attributes, testing, 143

multiple commands (CMD shell),
typing on one line, 452-453

multiple files, searching (findstr
command-line programs), 549

multiple inheritance, 324-325

multiple scripts, enclosing in WSF
files, 390

multiple workstations, replicating
scripts to, 406-408

N

Name arguments (WSHNetwork
objects), 210-211

name completion (CMD shell),
450-451

Name properties

- Scripting.File object, 145-146
- Scripting.Folder object, 140
- Win32_Service objects, 315
- IADs object, 334
- IADsFileShare object, 348
- IADsGroup object, 349
- IADsOU object, 369
- IADsPrintQueue object, 355
- IADsResource object, 346
- IADsService object, 358

named arguments (command-line
arguments)

- extracting, 387
- processing, 386-388

Named collection (command-line
arguments), 386-387

named constants, 52-53

namespaces, 281-283

namingContext property
(RootDSE object), 368

nested objects, 101-102

net command (networking
utilities), 574

net command-line tool, 574-583

net continue command (network-
ing utilities), 574

net file command (networking
utilities), 574

.NET framework, PowerShell,
596-597

dates and times, 677-679

mathematical functions, 680

static member functions, calling, 673

strings, 674-676

net help command (networking
utilities), 575

net helpmsg command (network-
ing utilities), 575

net localgroup command (net-
working utilities), 575

net pause command (networking
utilities), 575

net print command (networking
utilities), 575-576

net send command (networking
utilities), 576

net session command (networking
utilities), 576-577

net share command (networking
utilities), 577

net start command (networking
utilities), 578

net statistics command (network-
ing utilities), 578

net stop command (networking
utilities), 578

net use command (networking
utilities), 579-581

net user command (networking
utilities), 581, 583

net view command (networking
utilities), 583-584

netstat command (networking
utilities), 584

- active connections, listing, 585
- constant monitoring, 586
- open ports, listing, 586
- statistics, listing, 586

network management, 207-211

- domain networks
 - logon scripts, assigning through
Group Policy, 418-421
 - remote management with WMI,
283-284
- drive mappings
 - adding, 218-219

- configuring*, 220-221
- deleting*, 219-220
- listing*, 214-218
- multiple computers, replicating scripts to, 406-408
- workgroup networks, remote management with WMI, 284-287
- network mappings (batch files)**
 - deleting, 518
 - managing, 518
- network user information, retrieving**, 212-214
- networking utilities (Windows XP)**, 741-742
 - ipconfig command, 571
 - examining/clearing DNS cache*, 573
 - listing IP address information*, 571-572
 - resetting automatically assigned addresses*, 573
 - net command, 574
 - net continue command, 574
 - net file command, 574
 - net help command, 575
 - net helpmsg command, 575
 - net localgroup command, 575
 - net pause command, 575
 - net print command, 575-576
 - net send command, 576
 - net session command, 576-577
 - net share command, 577
 - net start command, 578
 - net statistics command, 578
 - net stop command, 578
 - net use command, 579-581
 - net user command, 581-583
 - net view command, 583-584
 - netstat command, 584
 - constant monitoring*, 586
 - listing active connections*, 585
 - listing open ports*, 586
 - listing statistics*, 586
 - nslookup command, 586
 - finding hostname IP addresses*, 587-589
 - testing DNS servers*, 589
 - ping command, 589-590
 - tracert command, 591-592
- networks, deploying scripts on**, 394
- newsgroups, VBScript newsgroup Websites**, 92
- nextSiblings properties (IXMLDOMNode object)**, 173
- nttpauthenticate fields (CDO.configuration objects)**, **cdoProtocolAuthentication constants**, 254
- node types, IXMLDOMNode object**, 175
- nodeName properties (IXMLDOMNode object)**, 173
- nodes**, 169
- nodeType properties (IXMLDOMNode object)**, 173
- nodeType values (IXMLDOMNode object)**, 175
- nodeTypeString properties (IXMLDOMNode object)**, 174
- NodeValue properties (IXMLDOCNode object)**, 176
- nodeValue properties (IXMLDOMNode object)**, 174
- non-standard objects**, 115-120
- Notify property (IADsPrintJob object)**, 352
- NotifyPath property (IADsPrintJob object)**, 352
- Now() functions (VBScript)**, 75
- nslookup command (networking utilities)**, 586
 - DNS servers, testing, 589
 - hostname IP addresses, finding, 587-589
- nslookup command-line tool**, 586-589
- NTVDM (Windows NT Virtual DOS Machine)**, 522-523
 - applications, terminating, 540
 - AUTOEXEC.NT file, 535-536
 - CONFIG.NT file, 532-535
 - configuring, 525-526
 - AUTOEXEC.NT*, 535
 - CONFIG.NT*, 532-535
 - environment variables*, 536
 - Font tab*, 528

- Memory tab*, 528-529
 - Miscellaneous Settings tab*, 530-532
 - Program tab*, 526-528
 - Screen Settings tab*, 530
 - drive letters, mapping, 537
 - environment variables, 536
 - MS-DOS hardware support, 539
 - networking, 536-537
 - printing, 537
 - printing redirection, 538
 - Properties dialog box
 - Compatibility tab*, 532
 - Font tab*, 528
 - Memory tab*, 528
 - Miscellaneous Settings tab*, 530-531
 - Program tab*, 526-528
 - Screen tab*, 530
 - serial communications, configuring, 539
- numeric constants (VBScripts), 51**
- numerical calculations, performing for batch files, 481**
- numerical for loops, 486**
-
- O**
-
- object browsers, 118**
 - classes, viewing, 118
 - OLE/COM Object Viewer, 119
 - objects, 10, 93-94**
 - IXMLDOMNode
 - methods*, 174-175
 - node types*, 175
 - properties*, 173-174
 - Active Directory objects, 368
 - IADsO object*, 369-370
 - IADsOU object*, 369-370
 - RootDSE object*, 368-369
 - ActivePerl, 106
 - collections*, 108-109
 - Perl Object Interface*, 107-108
 - running Perl scripts in Windows Script Host*, 106-107
 - ActivePython, 109-110
 - collections*, 110
 - ADO, Stream object, 250
 - ADSI, 322, 324
 - class names*, 325
 - creating*, 325-328
 - leaves*, 330
 - multiple inheritance*, 324
 - RootDSE*, 368-369
 - automation, GetObject function, 99-100
 - CDO, messaging objects, 232-250
 - classes, 95-96
 - CLSID, 116
 - collection objects, 96-97
 - ActivePerl*, 108-109
 - ActivePython*, 110
 - Count properties*, 103
 - For Each loops*, 103
 - Item methods*, 103
 - JScript*, 104-106
 - collections, 96
 - Com (Common Object Model) objects, 94
 - containers, 96
 - defining, 10-11, 93
 - DOMDocument objects (Windows Scripting Host), 169-170
 - async properties*, 170
 - childNodes properties*, 171
 - createCDATASection methods*, 171
 - createComment methods*, 171
 - createDocumentType method*, 171
 - createElement method*, 171
 - createProcessingInstruction method*, 171
 - createTextNode method*, 172
 - documentElement properties*, 171
 - getElementsByTagName method*, 172
 - load method*, 172
 - loadXML method*, 172
 - parseError properties*, 171
 - Save method*, 172
 - selectNodes method*, 172
 - selectSingleNode method*, 172
 - xml properties*, 171
 - fax objects,
 - FAXCOMEx.FaxDocument object, 271-274
 - IADs object (ADSI), 333
 - AdsPath property*, 334
 - Class property*, 334
 - Get method*, 334-335
 - GetEx method*, 335
 - GetInfo method*, 335
 - GetInfoEx method*, 335
 - GUID property*, 334

- Name* property, 334
- Parent* property, 334
- Put* method, 335
- PutEx* method, 335-336
- Schema* property, 334
- SetInfo* method, 336
- IADsCollection object (ADSI)
 - CopyHere* method, 337
 - Count* property, 336
 - Create* method, 337-338
 - Delete* method, 338
 - Filter* property, 336
 - GetObject* method, 338
 - Hints* property, 337
 - MoveHere* method, 338
- IADsComputer object (ADSI), 340
- IADsComputerOperations object (ADSI), 340
- IADsContainer object (ADSI), 336
 - CopyHere* method, 337
 - Count* property, 336
 - Create* method, 337-338
 - Delete* method, 338
 - Filter* property, 336
 - GetObject* method, 338
 - Hints* property, 337
 - MoveHere* method, 338
- IADsDomain object (ADSI), 342
 - AutoUnlockInterval* property, 343
 - Filter* property, 343
 - IsWorkgroup* property, 343
 - LockoutObservationInterval* property, 343
 - MaxBadPasswordsAllowed* property, 343
 - MaxPasswordAge* property, 343
 - MinPasswordAge* property, 343
 - MinPasswordLength* property, 343
 - PasswordAttributes* property, 343-344
 - PasswordHistoryLength* property, 344
 - SetInfo* method, 344
- IADsFileService object (ADSI)
 - MaxUserCount* property, 345
 - Resources* property, 345
 - Sessions* property, 346
- IADsFileServiceOperations object (ADSI), 345
 - MaxUserCount* property, 345
 - Resources* property, 345
 - Sessions* property, 346
- IADsFileShare object (ADSI)
 - CurrentUserCount* property, 347
 - Description* property, 348
 - HostComputer* property, 348
 - MaxUserCount* property, 348
 - Name* property, 348
 - Path* property, 348
- IADsGroup object (ADSI), 349-350
- IADsMembers object (ADSI), 350
- IADsNamespaces object (ADSI), 351
- IADsO object (Active Directory)
 - Count* property, 369
 - Description* property, 369
 - FaxNumber* property, 369
 - Filter* property, 369
 - LocalityName* property, 369
 - Name* property, 369
 - Parent* property, 369
 - PostalAddress* property, 370
 - SeeAlso* property, 370
 - TelephoneNumber* property, 370
- IADsOU object (Active Directory)
 - BusinessCategory* property, 369
 - Count* property, 369
 - Description* property, 369
 - FaxNumber* property, 369
 - Filter* property, 369
 - LocalityName* property, 369
 - Name* property, 369
 - Parent* property, 369
 - PostalAddress* property, 370
 - SeeAlso* property, 370
 - TelephoneNumber* property, 370
- IADsPrintJob object (ADSI), 351-354
- IADsPrintJobOperations object (ADSI), 351-352, 354
- IADsPrintQueue object (ADSI), 356-357
 - BannerPage* property, 354
 - Datatype* property, 354
 - DefaultJobPriority* property, 354
 - Description* property, 354
 - HostComputer* property, 354
 - Location* property, 354
 - Model* property, 354
 - Name* property, 355
 - PrintDevices* property, 355
 - PrinterPath* property, 355
 - PrintProcessor* property, 355

- Priority* property, 355
 - Starttime* property, 355
 - UntilTime* property, 355
- IADsPrintQueueOperations object (ADSI), 354-357
- IADsResource object (ADSI), 346
- IADsService object (ADSI), 357, 360
 - Dependencies* property, 358
 - DisplayName* property, 358
 - ErrorControl* property, 358-359
 - HostComputer* property, 358
 - LoadOrderGroup* property, 358
 - Name* property, 358
 - Path* property, 358
 - ServiceAccountName* property, 358
 - ServiceAccountPath* property, 358
 - ServiceType* property, 358
 - SetInfo* method, 359
 - StartType* property, 359
 - Startup Parameters* property, 359
 - Version* property, 359
- IADsServiceOperations object (ADSI), 357
 - Continue* method, 360
 - Pause* method, 360
 - SetPassword* method, 360
 - Start* method, 361
 - Status* property, 360
 - Stop* method, 361
- IADsSession object (ADSI), 361-362
- IADsUser object (ADSI)
 - AccountDisabled* property, 362
 - ChangePassword* method, 363
 - Description* property, 362
 - FullName* property, 362
 - Groups* property, 362
 - HomeDirectory* property, 362
 - IsAccountLocked* property, 362
 - LastLogin* property, 363
 - LastLogoff* property, 363
 - Profile* property, 363
 - SetInfo* method, 363
 - SetPassword* method, 363
- instances, 95
- IXMLDOCNode objects (Windows Scripting Host), 176
- IXMLDOMNamedNode objects (Windows Scripting Host), 176
- IXMLDOMNode objects (Windows Scripting Host)
 - appendChild* method, 174
 - attributes* properties, 173, 175
 - childNodes* properties, 173
 - firstChild* properties, 173
 - hasChildNodes* method, 174
 - insertBefore* method, 174
 - lastChild* properties, 173
 - nextSiblings* properties, 173
 - nodeName* properties, 173
 - nodeType* properties, 173
 - nodeType* values, 175
 - nodeTypeString* properties, 174
 - nodeValue* properties, 174
 - ownerDocument* properties, 174
 - previousSibling* properties, 174
 - removeChild* method, 174
 - replaceChild* method, 174
 - selectNodes* method, 174
 - selectSingleNode* method, 174
 - setAttribute* method, 175
 - xml* properties, 174
- JScript
 - case sensitivity*, 104
 - collections*, 104-106
 - Enumerator* objects, 105
 - WScript*, 104
- messaging objects,
 - CDO.Configuration object, 250-256
- methods
 - AddPrinterConnection*, 208, 225-226, 229-230
 - AddWindowsPrinterConnection*, 209, 223-224
 - defining*, 93, 100
 - EnumNetworkDrives*, 209, 214-217
 - EnumPrinterConnections*, 209, 222-223
 - MapNetworkDrive*, 210, 218-221
 - RemoveNetworkDrive*, 210, 219-220
 - RemovePrinterConnection*, 211, 226-228
 - SetDefaultPrinter*, 211, 228
 - versus* properties, 100-101
- monikers, 292-293, 300-301
- MSXML2.DOMDocument, 169
- naming, 97

- nested objects, 101-102
- non-standard, 115-120
- object browsers, 118-119
- OLE/COM Object Viewer, 119
- Perl, 107-109
- PowerShell, generating, 685-686
- properties
 - defining, 93, 100
 - read-only properties, 101
- Python, 110
- releasing, 102
- RootDSE object (Active Directory)
 - currentTime property, 368
 - defaultNamingContext property, 368
 - dnsHostTime property, 368
 - namingContext property, 368
 - rootDomainNamingContext property, 368
 - serverName property, 368
 - supportedLDAPVersion property, 369
- Scripting.Drive object (Windows Scripting Host), 135-136
- Scripting.Drive objects (Windows Scripting Host)
 - AvailableSpace properties, 136
 - DriveLetter properties, 136
 - DriveType properties, 136
 - FileSystem properties, 137
 - FreeSpace properties, 137
 - IsReady properties, 137-138
 - Path properties, 137
 - RootFolder properties, 137
 - SerialNumber properties, 137
 - ShareName properties, 137
 - TotalSize properties, 137
 - VolumeName properties, 137
- Scripting.File objects (Windows Scripting Host)
 - Attributes properties, 145
 - copy method, 145
 - DateCreated properties, 145
 - DateLastAccessed properties, 145
 - DateLastModified properties, 145
 - Delete method, 146
 - Drive properties, 145
 - Move method, 146
 - Name properties, 145-146
 - OpenAsTextStream method, 146
 - ParentFolder properties, 145
 - Path properties, 145
 - ShortName properties, 145
 - ShortPath properties, 145
 - Type properties, 145
- Scripting.FileSystemObject, 124
 - methods, 125-130
- Scripting.FileSystemObject (Windows Scripting Host), 124
 - BuildPath method, 125, 130
 - CopyFile method, 125
 - CopyFolder method, 125, 135
 - CreateFolder method, 125, 132-134
 - CreateFullPath method, 133-134
 - CreateTextFile method, 126
 - DeleteFile method, 126, 132
 - DeleteFolder method, 126
 - DriveExists method, 126
 - Drives property, 125
 - FileExists method, 126
 - FolderExists method, 126
 - GetAbsolutePathName method, 126
 - GetBaseName method, 127, 131-132
 - GetDrive method, 127
 - GetDriveName method, 127
 - GetExtensionName method, 127
 - GetFile method, 127
 - GetFileName method, 127
 - GetFolder method, 127
 - GetParentFolderName method, 127
 - GetSpecialFolder method, 128
 - GetTempName() method, 128
 - MoveFile method, 129, 132
 - MoveFolder method, 129
 - OpenTextFile method, 129
- Scripting.Folder object (Windows Scripting Host), 139
 - Attributes properties, 140
 - copy method, 141
 - DateCreated properties, 140
 - DateLastAccessed properties, 140
 - DateLastModified properties, 140
 - Delete method, 141
 - Drive properties, 140
 - file attribute values, 141-144
 - Files properties, 140
 - folder attribute values, 141-144
 - IsRootFolder properties, 140
 - multiple attributes, 143
 - Name properties, 140
 - ParentFolder properties, 140
 - Path properties, 141

- ShortName* properties, 141
 - ShortPath* properties, 141
 - Size* properties, 141
 - SubFolders* properties, 141
 - Type* properties, 141
- SWbemObjectSet collection object, 305-306
- SWbemServices, 300-301
 - methods, 302-303
 - properties, 302
- TextStream object (Windows Scripting Host), 150
 - AtEndOfLine* properties, 151
 - AtEndOfStream* properties, 151, 162
 - Close* methods, 152
 - Column* properties, 151
 - Line* properties, 151
 - Read* methods, 152, 163, 166
 - ReadAll* methods, 152
 - ReadLine* methods, 152-153
 - Skip* methods, 152
 - SkipLine* methods, 152
 - Write* methods, 152
 - WriteBlankLines* methods, 152, 159
 - WriteLine* methods, 152-156, 159
- VBScript, 98-100
 - collections, 67, 102-103
 - nested objects, 101-102
 - releasing, 102
- Win32_Service
 - methods, 316
 - properties, 315-316
- Windows Registry, viewing, 115
- WMI, 288-289, 291
 - SWbemObject*, 306-307
 - WbemScripting.SWbemLocator* object, 291-292
- WScript, 111-112
 - command-line arguments, retrieving, 113-114
 - methods, 112-113
 - properties, 111-112
- WScript.Network
 - default printer, setting, 228
 - DOS printer sessions, redirecting, 225-226
 - drive mappings, adding, 218-219
 - drive mappings, configuring, 220-221
 - drive mappings, deleting, 219-220
 - drive mappings, listing, 214, 216-218
 - network connections, managing, 207
 - network user information, retrieving, 212, 214
 - printer information, displaying, 222-223
 - printers connections, deleting, 226-228
- WScript.Shell object (Windows Scripting Host)
 - AppActivate* method, 183-184
 - CreateShortcut* method, 184
 - CurrentDirectory* properties, 182
 - Environment* properties, 182-183, 196-197
 - Exec* method, 184
 - ExpandEnvironmentStrings* method, 184
 - LogEvent* method, 184
 - Popup* method, 184-185
 - RegDelete* method, 186
 - RegRead* method, 186, 202
 - RegWrite* method, 186, 203
 - Run* method, 186
 - SendKeys* method, 186
 - SpecialFolders* properties, 183
- WSH
 - FileSystemObject*, 130
 - Scripting.Drive*, 135-137
 - Scripting.File*, 145-146
 - Scripting.Folder*, 139-141
 - TextStream*, 150-152
 - WScript.Shell*, 182-186
- WSHNetwork objects
 - AddPrinterConnection* method, 208, 225-226, 229-230
 - AddWindowsPrinterConnection* method, 209, 223-224
 - ComputerName* properties, 208
 - EnumNetworkDrives()* method, 209, 214-217
 - EnumPrinterConnections()* method, 209, 222-223
 - MapNetworkDrive* method, 210, 218-221
 - RemoveNetworkDrive* method, 210, 219-220
 - RemovePrinterConnection* method, 211, 226-228
 - SetDefaultPrinter* method, 211, 228

- UserDomain* properties, 208
- UserName* properties, 208
- WshScriptExec object (Windows Scripting Host)
 - ExitCode* properties, 188
 - ProcessID* properties, 189
 - Status* properties, 189
 - StdErr* properties, 189
 - StdIn* properties, 189
 - StdOut* properties, 189
 - Terminate* method, 189
- WshShortcut object (Windows Scripting Host)
 - Arguments* properties, 193
 - Description* properties, 194
 - FullName* properties, 194
 - Hotkey* properties, 194
 - IconLocation* properties, 194
 - Save* methods, 194
 - TargetPath* properties, 194
 - WindowStyle* properties, 194
 - WorkingDirectory* properties, 194
- WshUrlShortcut object (Windows Scripting Host)
 - Arguments* properties, 193
 - Description* properties, 194
 - FullName* properties, 194
 - Hotkey* properties, 194
 - IconLocation* properties, 194
 - Save* methods, 194
 - TargetPath* properties, 194
 - WindowStyle* properties, 194
 - WorkingDirectory* properties, 194
- obtaining**
 - code-signing certificate, 410-411
 - PowerShell, 598-600
- OLE/COM Object Viewer**, 119
- online help, providing for WSF files**, 384-385
- Open Object REXX**, 15
- open ports, listing**, 586
- OpenAsTextStream** methods (Scripting.File object), 146
- opening elevated Command Prompt**, 436-437
- OpenTextFile** method (Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 129

OperatingSystem property (IADsComputer object), 340

OperatingSystemVersion property (IADsComputer object), 340

operators

& operator (PowerShell), 646

PowerShell

- assignment operators*, 648

- precedence*, 646-647

- splat operators*, 672-673

set /a command, 734

sting operators (PowerShell), 643-646

VBScript, 53-55, 717-718

- arithmetic*, 55

- automatic conversion*, 57

- comparison*, 55

- logical*, 56

- precedence*, 54

options for CMD shell, 437-438

Organization property (CDO.Message objects), 238

output redirection, 33, 445-447

Owner property (IADsComputer object), 340

ownerDocument properties (IXMLDOMNode object), 174

P

PagesPrinted property (IADsPrintJobOperations object), 353

paginating file lists, dir command (CMD), 477

parameters, passing, 134

Parent property (BodyPart objects), 248

Parent property (IADs object), 334

Parent property (IADsO object), 369

Parent property (IADsOU object), 369

ParentFolder properties (Scripting.File object), 145

- ParentFolder properties**
(Scripting.Folder object), 140
- parentheses, grouping commands,**
453-454
- parseError properties**
(DOMDocument object), 171
- parsing text,** 487-488
- passing information to scripts,**
31-32
- passing parameters,** 134
- Password arguments**
(WSHNetwork objects), 209-210
- PasswordAttributes property**
(IADsDomain object), 343-344
- PasswordHistoryLength property**
(IADsDomain object), 344
- PATH, 456-457**
 - adding scripts to, 37
 - changing, 457-458
 - for all users, adding scripts to, 37-38
 - for single user, adding scripts to,
37-38
 - search paths, 456-457
 - special handling, 200-201
- path command (CMD), 470**
- Path properties**
 - Scripting.Drive object, 137
 - Scripting.File object, 145
 - Scripting.Folder object, 141
 - SWbemServices objects, 307
 - IADsFileShare object, 348
 - IADsResource object, 346
 - IADsService object, 358
- PathName properties**
(Win32_Service objects), 315
- pathnames,** 130, 518
- paths, assigning,** 134
- pause command (CMD), 470**
- Pause method**
 - IADsPrintJobOperations object, 353
 - IADsPrintQueueOperations object,
356
 - IADsServiceOperations object, 360
- PauseService methods**
(Win32_Service objects), 316
- performing numerical calculations**
for batch files, 481
- Perl, 15**
 - defining, 15
 - objects, 107-109
 - scripts, running, 106-107
 - website, 15
- Perl Object Interface, 107-108**
- permission control (DCOM security), WMI (Windows Management Interface), 298-299**
- permissions**
 - checking (cacls command), 562
 - granting (cacls command), 562
 - managing with cacls command-line
tool, 562-563
- PID numbers, killing processes**
(taskkill command), 568
- ping command-line tool, 589-590**
- pipe mechanisms, 33**
- pipeline functions, PowerShell,**
671-672
- popd command (CMD), 470**
- Popup method (WScript.Shell**
object), 184-185
- ports, listing, 586**
- Position property**
(IADsPrintJobOperations object),
353
- positional searching (findstr com-**
mand-line programs), 549
- PostalAddress property (IADsOU**
object), 370
- PowerShell**
 - & operators, 646
 - aliases, 612
 - arrays, 632, 634-636
 - comparisons, 640-643
 - values, extracting, 636-637
 - casts, 649-650
 - cmdlets, 607, 609-610, 690-691
 - command-line editing, 602-603
 - command-line processing, 700
 - command-line syntax, 604-607
 - commands, completing, 612
 - comments, 622, 700
 - constants, 637

- constructors, 627
- copying and pasting, 603-604
- directories, 613-615, 692-696
- exception handling, 702-703
 - throw command*, 664
 - trap command*, 662
- expressions, 638-639
- files
 - text, reading*, 697-698
 - text, writing*, 698
- filtering, 686-689
- flow-of-control commands
 - break*, 660-661
 - continue*, 661
 - do*, 654
 - for*, 655-656
 - foreach*, 656-657
 - if*, 653
 - switch*, 657-660
 - while*, 654
- functions
 - dot-sourcing*, 668
 - parameters*, 665
 - scope*, 668
- get-help command, 610-611
- hash tables, 650, 652-653, 703-704
- here-strings, 629
- ISE, 705
 - breakpoints, setting*, 709
 - conditional breakpoints*, 711
 - configuring*, 706-707
 - scripts, editing*, 707-708
- literal values, 625-626
- methods, 626-627
- modules, writing, 701
- .Net platform, 596-597
 - dates and times*, 677-679
 - mathematical functions*, 680
 - static member functions, calling*, 673
 - strings*, 674-676
- objects, generating, 685-686
- obtaining, 598-600
- operators
 - assignment operators*, 648
 - precedence*, 646-647
 - splat operators*, 672-673
- pipeline functions, 671-672
- profiles, 617-618
- running on remote computers, 712
- security, 615-617
- string operators, 643-646
 - strings, 628
 - variables, 623-624
 - predefined*, 630-632
 - releasing*, 630
 - scope*, 665-669
- precedence (VBScript variable operators)**, 54
- predefined environment variables**, 459-461, 727-728
- predefined PowerShell variables**, 630-632
- previousSibling properties (IXMLDOMNode object)**, 174
- print redirection (NTVDM)**, 538
- Print Screen function (Windows XP)**, 538
- PrintDevices property (IADsPrintQueue object)**, 355
- PrinterPath arguments (WSHNetwork objects)**, 209, 224
- PrinterPath property (IADsPrintQueue object)**, 355
- printers**
 - connecting to, 223-225
 - connections, deleting, 226-228
 - default printer, setting, 228
 - DOS printer sessions, redirecting, 225-226
 - information, displaying, 222-223
 - managing
 - example WMI script*, 313
 - WMI (Windows Management Interface)*, 313
 - network connections, deleting, 226-228
 - network printers, connecting to, 223-224
- printing, 229-230**
 - directory listings, 478
 - Event Log results, 425
 - log files, 425
 - NTVDM, 537-538
 - with `Wscript.Echo` command, 84-85
- PrintJobs property (IADsPrintQueueOperations object)**, 356

- PrintProcessor property (IADsPrintQueue object), 355**
- Priority property (IADsPrintJob object), 352**
- Priority property (IADsPrintQueue object), 355**
- private folders, creating, 563**
- private scope, 91**
- privileges**
 - for batch files, 493
 - WMI options, 298-299
- procedures (VBScripts), 87**
 - functions
 - creating, 87
 - extending built-in functions, 88
 - subroutines, 89
- process environment, 197**
- processes, killing with taskkill, 568-569**
- ProcessID properties (WshScriptExec object), 189**
- processing**
 - batch files, command-line options, 515-517
 - command-line arguments, 386
 - conditional processing, if command (CMD), 482-483, 499-501
 - directories, 486
 - multiple arguments, batch files, 503-506
 - named arguments (command-line arguments), 386
 - unnamed arguments (command-line arguments), 389
- Processor property (IADsComputer object), 340**
- ProcessorCount property (IADsComputer object), 340**
- Profile property (IADsUser object), 363**
- profiles, PowerShell, 617-618**
- program output, sending, 258**
- program statements, VBScript, 718-719**
- Program tab (NTVDM), configuring, 526-528**
- programming, batch files, 494-495**
- programs**
 - command-line, running, 188-191
 - running, 183-186
 - Windows programs, running, 187-188
- prompt command (CMD), 470**
- prompting user input, 162, 514-515**
- properties, 93**
 - AccountDisabled property (IADsUser object), 362
 - AdsPath property (IADs object), 334
 - Arguments property (WshShortcut object), 193
 - Arguments property (WshUrlShortcut object), 193
 - AtEndOfLine property (TextStream object), 151
 - AtEndOfStream property (TextStream object), 151, 162
 - Attributes (Scripting.Folder object), 140
 - attributes property (IXMLDOMNode object), 173, 175
 - Attributes property (Scripting.File object), 145
 - AutoUnlockInterval property (IADsDomain object), 343
 - AvailableSpace (Scripting.Drive object), 136
 - BannerPage property (IADsPrintQueue object), 354
 - BodyPart collections properties
 - Count property, 246
 - Item property, 246
 - BodyPart object properties
 - BodyPart property, 247
 - Charset property, 247
 - ContentMediaType property, 247
 - ContentTransferEncoding property, 248
 - Fields property, 248
 - Filename property, 248
 - Parent property, 248
 - BusinessCategory property (IADsOU object), 369
 - CDO.Message object properties
 - Attachments property, 236
 - AutoGenerateTextBody property, 236

- BCC property*, 236
- BodyPart property*, 236
- CC property*, 236
- Configuration property*, 236
- DSNOptions property*, 236, 240-241
- Fields property*, 237
- From property*, 237
- HTMLBody property*, 237
- HTMLBodyPart property*, 237
- MDNRequested property*, 237
- MIMEFormatted property*, 237
- Organization property*, 238
- ReplyTo property*, 238
- Sender property*, 238
- Subject property*, 238
- TextBody property*, 238
- TextBodyPart property*, 238
- To property*, 238
- childNodes property
 - (DOMDocument object), 171
- childNodes property
 - (IXMLDOMNode object), 173
- Class property (IADs object), 334
- Column property (TextStream object), 151
- Computer property (IADsSession object), 361
- ComputerName properties
 - (WSHNetwork objects), 208
- ComputerPath property
 - (IADsSession object), 361
- ConnectTime property
 - (IADsSession object), 361
- Count method (Unnamed collection), 389
- Count properties (collection objects), 103
- Count property (IADsCollection object), 336
- Count property (IADsContainer object), 336
- Count property (IADsMembers object), 350
- Count property (IADsO object), 369
- Count property (IADsOU object), 369
- CurrentDirectory property
 - (WScript.Shell object), 182
- currentTime property (RootDSE object), 368
- CurrentUserCount property
 - (IADsFileShare object), 347
- Datatype property (IADsPrintQueue object), 354
- DateCreated (Scripting.Folder object), 140
- DateCreated property (Scripting.File object), 145
- DateLastAccessed (Scripting.Folder object), 140
- DateLastAccessed property
 - (Scripting.File object), 145
- DateLastModified (Scripting.Folder object), 140
- DateLastModified property
 - (Scripting.File object), 145
- DefaultContainer property
 - (IADsNamespaces object), 351
- DefaultJobPriority property
 - (IADsPrintQueue object), 354
- defaultNamingContext property
 - (RootDSE object), 368
- defining, 93, 100
- Dependencies property
 - (IADsService object), 358
- Description property (IADsFileShare object), 348
- Description property (IADsGroup object), 349
- Description property (IADsO object), 369
- Description property (IADsOU object), 369
- Description property (IADsPrintJob object), 352
- Description property
 - (IADsPrintQueue object), 354
- Description property (IADsUser object), 362
- Description property (WshShortcut object), 194
- Description property
 - (WshUrlShortcut object), 194
- DisplayName property (IADsService object), 358
- Division property (IADsComputer object), 340
- dnsHostTime property (RootDSE object), 368

- documentElement property (DOMDocument object), 171
- Drive (Scripting.Folder object), 140
- Drive property (Scripting.File object), 145
- DriveLetter (Scripting.Drive object), 136
- Drives property (Scripting.FileSystemObject object), 125
- DriveType (Scripting.Drive object), 136
- dynamic properties, 306
- Environment property (WScript.Shell object), 182-183, 196-197
- ErrorControl property (IADsService object), 358-359
- ExitCode property (WshScriptExec object), 188
- FaxNumber property (IADsO object), 369
- FaxNumber property (IADsOU object), 369
- Fields collections properties, Item property, 243
- Fields property (CDO.Configuration objects), 251
 - mntpauthenticate field*, 254
 - sendusing field*, 254
 - smtpauthenticate field*, 254
 - timezoneid field*, 254-256
 - values*, 252-253
- Files (Scripting.Folder object), 140
- FileSystem (Scripting.Drive object), 137
- Filter property (IADsCollection object), 336
- Filter property (IADsContainer object), 336
- Filter property (IADsDomain object), 343
- Filter property (IADsMembers object), 350
- Filter property (IADsO object), 369
- Filter property (IADsOU object), 369
- firstChild property (IXMLDOMNode object), 173
- FreeSpace (Scripting.Drive object), 137
- FullName property (IADsUser object), 362
- FullName property (WshShortcut object), 194
- FullName property (WshUrlShortcut object), 194
- Groups property (IADsUser object), 362
- GUID property (IADs object), 334
- Hints property (IADsCollection object), 337
- Hints property (IADsContainer object), 337
- HomeDirectory property (IADsUser object), 362
- HostComputer property (IADsFileShare object), 348
- HostComputer property (IADsPrintQueue object), 354
- HostComputer property (IADsService object), 358
- HostPrintQueue property (IADsPrintJob object), 352
- Hotkey property (WshShortcut object), 194
- Hotkey property (WshUrlShortcut object), 194
- IconLocation property (WshShortcut object), 194
- IconLocation property (WshUrlShortcut object), 194
- IdleTime property (IADsSession object), 361
- IsAccountLocked property (IADsUser object), 362
- IsMember() property (IADsGroup object), 349
- IsReady (Scripting.Drive object), 137-138
- IsRootFolder (Scripting.Folder object), 140
- IsWorkgroup property (IADsDomain object), 343
- Item property (Environment collection), 197
- Items property (Named collection), 386
- Items property (Unnamed collection), 389
- lastChild property (IXMLDOMNode object), 173

- LastLogin property (IADsUser object), 363
- LastLogoff property (IADsUser object), 363
- Length property (Environment collection), 197
- length property (IXMLDOMNamedNode object), 176
- Length property (Named collection), 386
- Length property (Unnamed collection), 389
- Line property (TextStream object), 151
- LoadOrderGroup property (IADsService object), 358
- LocalityName property (IADsO object), 369
- LocalityName property (IADsOU object), 369
- Location property (IADsPrintQueue object), 354
- LockCount property (IADsResource object), 346
- LockoutObservationInterval property (IADsDomain object), 343
- MaxBadPasswordsAllowed property (IADsDomain object), 343
- MaxPasswordAge property (IADsDomain object), 343
- MaxUserCount property (IADsFileService object), 345
- MaxUserCount property (IADsFileServiceOperations object), 345
- MaxUserCount property (IADsFileShare object), 348
- Member() property (IADsGroup object), 349
- Methods property (IADsGroup object), 349
- MinPasswordAge property (IADsDomain object), 343
- MinPasswordLength property (IADsDomain object), 343
- Model property (IADsPrintQueue object), 354
- Name (Scripting.Folder object), 140
- Name property (IADs object), 334
- Name property (IADsFileShare object), 348
- Name property (IADsGroup object), 349
- Name property (IADsO object), 369
- Name property (IADsOU object), 369
- Name property (IADsPrintQueue object), 355
- Name property (IADsResource object), 346
- Name property (IADsService object), 358
- Name property (Scripting.File object), 145-146
- namingContext property (RootDSE object), 368
- nextSiblings property (IXMLDOMNode object), 173
- nodeName property (IXMLDOCNode object), 176
- nodeName property (IXMLDOMNode object), 173
- nodeType property (IXMLDOMNode object), 173
- nodeTypeString property (IXMLDOMNode object), 174
- NodeValue property (IXMLDOCNode object), 176
- nodeValue property (IXMLDOMNode object), 174
- Notify property (IADsPrintJob object), 352
- NotifyPath property (IADsPrintJob object), 352
- of DOMdocument object, 170-171
- OperatingSystem property (IADsComputer object), 340
- OperatingSystemVersion property (IADsComputer object), 340
- Owner property (IADsComputer object), 340
- ownerDocument property (IXMLDOMNode object), 174
- PagesPrinted property (IADsPrintJobOperations object), 353
- Parent property (IADs object), 334
- Parent property (IADsO object), 369
- Parent property (IADsOU object), 369

- ParentFolder (Scripting.Folder object), 140
- ParentFolder property (Scripting.File object), 145
- parseError property (DOMDocument object), 171
- PasswordAttributes property (IADsDomain object), 343–344
- PasswordHistoryLength property (IADsDomain object), 344
- Path (Scripting.Drive object), 137
- Path (Scripting.Folder object), 141
- Path property (IADsFileShare object), 348
- Path property (IADsResource object), 346
- Path property (IADsService object), 358
- Path property (Scripting.File object), 145
- Position property (IADsPrintJobOperations object), 353
- PostalAddress property (IADsO object), 370
- PostalAddress property (IADsOU object), 370
- previousSibling property (IXMLDOMNode object), 174
- PrintDevices property (IADsPrintQueue object), 355
- PrinterPath property (IADsPrintQueue object), 355
- PrintJobs property (IADsPrintQueueOperations object), 356
- PrintProcessor property (IADsPrintQueue object), 355
- Priority property (IADsPrintJob object), 352
- Priority property (IADsPrintQueue object), 355
- ProcessID property (WshScriptExec object), 189
- Processor property (IADsComputer object), 340
- ProcessorCount property (IADsComputer object), 340
- Profile property (IADsUser object), 363
- read-only properties, 101
- Remove property (IADsGroup object), 349
- Resources property (IADsFileService object), 345
- Resources property (IADsFileServiceOperations object), 345
- rootDomainNamingContext property (RootDSE object), 368
- RootFolder (Scripting.Drive object), 137
- Schema property (IADs object), 334
- SeeAlso property (IADsOU object), 370
- SerialNumber (Scripting.Drive object), 137
- serverName property (RootDSE object), 368
- ServiceAccountName property (IADsService object), 358
- ServiceAccountPath property (IADsService object), 358
- ServiceType property (IADsService object), 358
- Sessions property (IADsFileService object), 346
- Sessions property (IADsFileServiceOperations object), 346
- ShareName (Scripting.Drive object), 137
- ShortName property (Scripting.File object), 145
- ShortPath (Scripting.Folder object), 141
- ShortPath property (Scripting.File object), 145
- Size (Scripting.Folder object), 141
- Size property (IADsPrintJob object), 352
- SpecialFolders property (WScript.Shell object), 183
- specified property (IXMLDOCNode object), 176
- StartTime property (IADsPrintJob object), 352
- Starttime property (IADsPrintQueue object), 355
- StartType property (IADsService object), 359

- Startup Parameters property (IADsService object), 359
 - static properties, 306
 - Status property (IADsPrintJobOperations object), 353
 - Status property (IADsPrintQueueOperations object), 356
 - Status property (IADsServiceOperations object), 360
 - Status property (WshScriptExec object), 189
 - StdErr property (WshScriptExec object), 189
 - StdIn property (WshScriptExec object), 189
 - StdOut property (WshScriptExec object), 189
 - SubFolders (Scripting.Folder object), 141
 - supportLDAPVersion property (RootDSE object), 369
 - SWbemObjects objects properties
 - Methods properties*, 306
 - Path properties*, 307
 - Property properties*, 307
 - SWbemServices objects properties, Security property, 302
 - TargetPath property (WshShortcut object), 194
 - TargetPath property (WshUrlShortcut object), 194
 - TelephoneNumber property (IADsO object), 370
 - TelephoneNumber property (IADsOU object), 370
 - TimeElapsed property (IADsPrintJobOperations object), 353
 - TimeSubmitted property (IADsPrintJob object), 352
 - TotalPages property (IADsPrintJob object), 352
 - TotalSize (Scripting.Drive object), 137
 - Type (Scripting.Folder object), 141
 - Type property (Scripting.File object), 145
 - UntilTime property (IADsPrintJob object), 352
 - UntilTime property (IADsPrintQueue object), 355
 - User property (IADsPrintJob object), 352
 - User property (IADsResource object), 346
 - User property (IADsSession object), 361
 - UserDomain properties (WSHNetwork objects), 208
 - UserName properties (WSHNetwork objects), 208
 - UserPath property (IADsPrintJob object), 352
 - UserPath property (IADsResource object), 346
 - UserPath property (IADsSession object), 361
 - Version property (IADsService object), 359
 - versus methods, 100–101
 - VolumeName (Scripting.Drive object), 137
 - Win32_Service objects properties
 - DesktopInteract properties*, 315
 - DisplayName properties*, 315
 - Name properties*, 315
 - PathName properties*, 315
 - Started properties*, 315
 - StartMode properties*, 316
 - StartName properties*, 316
 - State properties*, 316
 - Status properties*, 316
 - WindowState property (WshShortcut object), 194
 - WindowState property (WshUrlShortcut object), 194
 - WorkingDirectory property (WshShortcut object), 194
 - WorkingDirectory property (WshUrlShortcut object), 194
 - xml property (DOMDocument object), 171
 - xml property (IXMLDOMNode object), 174
- Property properties (SWbemServices objects), 307**

providers (ADSI)

- LDAP, 364, 366-367
 - IADsO object*, 369-370
 - IADsOU object*, 369-370
 - RootDSE object*, 368-369
- supported objects, 327-328
- WinNT, 332-333
 - IADs object*, 333-336
 - IADsCollection object*, 336-338
 - IADsComputer object*, 340-342
 - IADsComputerOperations object*, 340-342
 - IADsContainer object*, 336-338
 - IADsDomain object*, 342-344
 - IADsFileService object*, 345-347
 - IADsFileServiceOperations object*, 345-347
 - IADsFileShare object*, 347-348
 - IADsGroup object*, 349-350
 - IADsMembers object*, 350
 - IADsNamespaces object*, 351
 - IADsPrintJob object*, 351-354
 - IADsPrintJobOperations object*, 351-354
 - IADsPrintQueue object*, 354-357
 - IADsPrintQueueOperations object*, 354-357
 - IADsService object*, 357-361
 - IADsServiceOperations object*, 357-361
 - IADsSession object*, 361-362
 - IADsUser object*, 362-363

providing WSF file online help,
384-385

Purge method
(*IADsPrintQueueOperations*
object), 356

pushd command (CMD), 470, 518

Put method
IADs object, 335
SWbemServices objects, 307

PutEx method (IADs object),
335-336

pvk2pvc.exe, downloading, 410

Python, 15
defining, 15
objects, 110

Q-R

queries, WQL, 303, 305

quotes, CMD command-line
processing, 454

rd command (CMD), 471

RDNs (relative distinguished
names), 365

Read methods (TextStream
object), 152, 163, 166

read-only properties, 101

ReadAll methods (TextStream
object), 152

reading

- binary files, 163
 - BMP image data*, 164-167
 - MP3 tag data*, 166-167
- files, 149
- Registry values, 202-203
- text
 - from console programs*, 191-193
 - from files*, 152-153
- XML files, 176-178

ReadLine methods (TextStream
object), 152-153

recipients, specifying in messages
(CDO), 263

recording information to Event
Log, 423

- messages, printing, 425
- results, summarizing, 425-427

recursion, 134-135

redirecting DOS session printers,
225-226

redirection, 443-447, 729

references, 95

RegDelete method (WScript.Shell
object), 186

Registry, 201

- keys, 202
- saving information in, 203-205
- unsigned scripts, disabling, 408-409
- values, reading, 202-203
- viewing, 115

- RegRead method (WScript.Shell object)**, 186, 202
- regular expressions**, 552
- RegWrite method (WScript.Shell object)**, 186, 203
- releasing**
 - objects, 102
 - PowerShell variables, 630
- releasing objects**, 102
- rem command (CMD)**, 471
- remote management with WMI**, 283
 - on domain networks, 283-284
 - on workgroup networks, 284-287
- remote-management scripts, writing**, 403-405
- RemoteName arguments (WSHNetwork objects)**, 209-210
- Remove methods (Environment collection)**, 198
- Remove property (IADsGroup object)**, 349
- removeChild methods (IXMLDOMNode object)**, 174
- RemoveNetworkDrive methods(WSHNetwork objects)**
 - arguments, 210
 - drive mappings, deleting, 219-220
- RemovePrinterConnection methods(WSHNetwork objects)**
 - arguments, 211
 - printer connections, deleting, 226-228
- rename command (CMD)**, 471
- renaming files**, 132, 146
- replaceChild methods (IXMLDOMNode object)**, 174
- replicating scripts to multiple computers**, 406-408
- ReplyTo property (CDO.Message objects)**, 238
- requiring signed scripts**, 414
- resetting automatically assigned addresses**, 573
- Resources property (IADsFileService object)**, 345
- results from scripts, saving**, 32-33
- Resume method (IADsPrintJobOperations object)**, 353
- Resume method (IADsPrintQueueOperations object)**, 356
- retrieving**
 - filename listings, 479
 - network user information, 212-214
- retrieving**
 - command-line arguments, 113-114
 - environment variables, 198-199
- REXX**, 15
- Right() function**, 72-73
- rmdir command (CMD)**, 471
- rootDomainNamingContext property (RootDSE object)**, 368
- RootDSE object (ADSI)**, 368-369
- RootFolder properties (Scripting.Drive object)**, 137
- routing email through SMTP servers**, 264
- Ruby**, 15-16
- Run method (WScript.Shell object)**, 186
- runas command-line tool**, 565
- runaway command-line programs, stopping**, 440
- running**
 - CMD shell, 435
 - command-line programs, 188-191
 - Perl scripts in Windows Script Host, 106-107
 - programs, 183-186
 - script files, 29-30
 - scripts
 - automatically*, 40
 - from batch files*, 39
 - Perl*, 106-107
 - with shortcut icon*, 38-39
 - Windows programs, 187-188

S

- sample scripts, 748-752**
- sample scripts (VBScripts), 16-19**
 - Websites, 50
- Save methods (DOMDocument object), 172**
- Save methods (WshShortcut object), 194**
- Save methods (WshUrlShortcut object), 194**
- SaveToFile method (BodyPart objects), 248**
- saving**
 - information in Registry, 203-205
 - script files, output redirection, 33
 - script results, 32-33
- sc command (management power tools)**
 - sc queryex command, listing installed services, 569-570
 - services, starting/stopping, 570
- scanning for files, 146-149**
- Scheduled Task Wizard, 430**
- scheduling**
 - automatic scripts, 421-431
 - scripts with Task Scheduler, 428-430
- Schema property (IADs object), 334**
- Screen Settings tab (NTVDM), configuring, 530**
- Screen tab (Properties dialog box), 530**
- Script Debugger (Windows), 43**
 - function keys, 44
 - script function values, displaying, 45
- script editing tools, 27**
- Script Encoder, 21, 415**
- script files**
 - creating, 24-25
 - extensions, 19-20
 - JSE, 20
 - VBE, 20
 - running, 29-30
 - Script Encoder, 21
 - Windows Script Component files, 23
 - Windows Script files, 21-22
 - WSF (Windows Script Files), 21-23
 - WSH (Windows Script Host) settings, 23
- scripting, 10-11**
 - example script, 16-19
 - versus batch files, 13
- scripting languages, 13**
 - encoding tools, 20
 - JScript, 14, 104-106
 - Perl, 15
 - collections, 108-109*
 - objects, 107-108*
 - scripts, running in WSH, 106-107*
 - Python, 15, 110
 - REXX, 15
 - Ruby, 15-16
 - selecting, 16
 - VBScript, 14, 49-50
 - arrays, 89-91*
 - automatic conversion, 57*
 - constants, 51-53*
 - error handling, 86-87*
 - flow control, 57-68*
 - functions, 69-84*
 - objects, 98-103*
 - operators, 53-56*
 - procedures, 87-89*
 - variable scope, 91-92*
 - variables, 50-51*
 - Wscript.Echo command, 84-85*
 - versus compiled languages, 13
- Scripting.Drive object (Windows Scripting Host), 135**
 - properties
 - AvailableSpace properties, 136*
 - DriveLetter properties, 136*
 - DriveType properties, 136*
 - FileSystem properties, 137*
 - FreeSpace properties, 137*
 - IsReady properties, 137-138*
 - Path properties, 137*
 - RootFolder properties, 137*
 - SerialNumber properties, 137*
 - ShareName properties, 137*
 - TotalSize properties, 137*
 - VolumeName properties, 137*

Scripting.File object (Windows Scripting Host)

methods

- Copy method*, 145
- Delete method*, 146
- Move method*, 146
- OpenAsTextStream method*, 146

properties

- Attributes properties*, 145
- DateCreated properties*, 145
- DateLastAccessed properties*, 145
- DateLastModified properties*, 145
- Drive properties*, 145
- Name properties*, 145-146
- ParentFolder properties*, 145
- Path properties*, 145
- ShortName properties*, 145
- ShortPath properties*, 145
- Type properties*, 145

Scripting.FileSystemObject object (Windows Scripting Host), 124

methods

- BuildPath method*, 125, 130
- CopyFile method*, 125
- CopyFolder method*, 125, 135
- CreateFolder method*, 125, 132-134
- CreateFullPath method*, 133-134
- CreateTextFile method*, 126
- DeleteFile method*, 126, 132
- DeleteFolder method*, 126
- DriveExists method*, 126
- FileExists method*, 126
- FolderExists method*, 126
- GetAbsolutePathName method*, 126
- GetBaseName method*, 127, 131-132
- GetDrive method*, 127
- GetDriveName method*, 127
- GetExtensionName method*, 127
- GetFile method*, 127
- GetFileName method*, 127
- GetFolder method*, 127
- GetParentFolderName method*, 127
- GetSpecialFolder method*, 128
- GetTempName method*, 128
- MoveFile method*, 129, 132
- MoveFolder method*, 129
- OpenTextFile method*, 129

properties, Drives property, 125

Scripting.Folder object (Windows Scripting Host), 139, 144

file attribute values, 141

- changing*, 143-144
- testing*, 142

folder attribute values, 141

- changing*, 143-144
- testing*, 142

methods, 141

multiple attributes, testing, 143

properties

- Attributes properties*, 140
- DateCreated properties*, 140
- DateLastAccessed properties*, 140
- DateLastModified properties*, 140
- Drive properties*, 140
- Files properties*, 140
- IsRootFolder properties*, 140
- Name properties*, 140
- ParentFolder properties*, 140
- Path properties*, 141
- ShortName properties*, 141
- ShortPath properties*, 141
- Size properties*, 141
- SubFolders properties*, 141
- Type properties*, 141

Scripting.Folder object, 139**Scriptomatic, 310-311****scripts**

- ActivePerl, 106-109
- ActivePython, objects, 109-110
- adding to Windows' PATH list, 37-38
- ADSI, developing, 370-371
- automatic scripts
 - creating unattended scripts*, 421-423
 - scheduling*, 421-431
- breakpoints, 45
- creating, 26
- debugging, 42-45
 - Call Stack window, viewing*, 46-47
 - Wscript.Echo command*, 84
- defining, 10
- deploying on network, 394
- drives
 - checking free space*, 138
 - confirming existence*, 137-138
 - mappings*, 220-221
- encoded, 20
- example scripts, WSE, 390-394

- files
 - reading*, 149
 - scanning for*, 146-149
 - writing*, 149
 - installers, creating with IExpress, 398-400
 - interpreters
 - JScript language interpreters*, 14
 - VBScript language interpreters*, 14
 - logon scripts
 - group policy scripts*, 420
 - user profile logon scripts*, 416-418
 - multiple computers, copying to, 406-408
 - multiple scripts, enclosing with WSF files, 390
 - networks, deploying on, 394
 - output redirection, 33
 - passing information to, 31-32
 - Perl, running in Windows Script Host, 106-107
 - printing from, 229-230
 - properties, displaying, 23
 - remote management, writing, 403-405
 - remote scripts, 405
 - replicating to multiple computers, 406-408
 - results, saving, 32-33
 - running, 29
 - automatically*, 40
 - from batch files*, 39
 - with shortcut icon*, 38-39
 - scheduling with Task Scheduler, 428-430
 - Script Encoder, 21
 - security, 40-41, 408-409
 - code signing*, 409-410, 412
 - Script Encoder*, 415
 - security policies*, 414
 - Trust Policy control*, 42
 - Trust Policy control*, 42
 - shortcuts
 - creating*, 39, 183-186, 193-195
 - modifying*, 193-195
 - signing, 412-413
 - stdin files, 159-161
 - stdout files, 159-162
 - unattended scripts
 - controlling logged information*, 423
 - creating*, 421-423
 - user-friendly scripts, creating, 376-377
 - versus batch files, 13
 - viewing
 - Call Stack window (Windows XP)*, 46
 - WMI (Windows Management Interface) scripts, 312
 - writing for other users, 376-377
 - Wscript objects, 111-114
- searching**
- case insensitive searching (findstr command-line program), 549
 - files, 477
 - multiple files, 549
- security, 40-41, 414**
- ADSI, 328-330
 - code signing, 409
 - certificate, obtaining*, 410-411
 - scripts, signing*, 412-413
 - signed scripts, requiring*, 414
 - DCOM security, 294-300
 - file/folder privacy (cacls command), 563
 - permissions, granting (cacls command), 562
 - PowerShell, 615-617
 - Script Encoder, 415
 - script files, 40-42
 - Trust Policy control, 42
 - WMI
 - impersonation*, 297-298
 - monikers, specifying security options*, 300
 - privileges*, 298-299
- Security property (SWbemServices objects), 302**
- SeeAlso property (IADsOU object), 370**
- Select Case statement, 61-63**
- select queries (WQL), 304**
- selecting scripting language, 16**
- selectNodes methods**
- DOMDocument object, 172
 - IXMLDOMNode object, 174
- selectSingleNode methods**
- DOMDocument object, 172
 - IXMLDOMNode object, 174

- Send method (CDO.Message objects), 240**
- Sender property (CDO.Message objects), 238**
- sending**
 - email
 - CDO (Collaboration Data Objects), 232-235, 261*
 - HTML, 234*
 - MIME (Multipart Internet Mail Extensions), 234*
 - faxes from scripts, 271-277
 - HTML files, 259-260
 - messages to Event log, 423
 - printing messages, 425*
 - results, summarizing, 425-427*
 - multiformat messages, 260
 - output to network printers, 229-230
 - program output messages, 258
 - text file messages, 258
 - text string messages, 257-258
 - Web pages, 259-260
- SendKeys method (WScript.Shell object), 186**
- sendusing fields (CDO.configuration objects), cdoSendUsing constants, 254**
- separating CMD arguments, 454**
- serial communications, configuring (NTVDM), 539**
- SerialNumber properties (Scripting.Drive object), 137**
- serverName property (RootDSE object), 368**
- servers**
 - DNS server, testing, 589
 - email delivery servers, specifying, 263
 - SMTP servers, routing email, 264
- service packs, monitoring, 314-315**
- ServiceAccountName property (IADsService object), 358**
- ServiceAccountPath property (IADsService object), 358**
- services**
 - managing, 315-317
 - starting/stopping, 570-571
- ServiceType property (IADsService object), 358**
- Sessions property (IADsFileService object), 346**
- Sessions property (IADsFileServiceOperations object), 346**
- set commands (CMD), 471**
 - batch files, performing numerical calculations, 481
 - variables, setting, 480
- set/a command expression operators, 734**
- setAttribute methods (IXMLDOMNode object), 175**
- SetDefaultPrinter methods(WSHNetwork objects), 211, 228**
- SetInfo method**
 - IADs object, 336
 - IADsDomain object, 344
 - IADsService object, 359
 - IADsUser object, 363
- setlocal command (CMD), 472**
- SetPassword method (IADsServiceOperations object), 360**
- setting**
 - attributes (attrib command), 558-559
 - default environment variables, 461
 - default printers, 228
 - variables, 480
- ShareName properties (Scripting.Drive object), 137**
- sharing scripts on multiple computers, 406-408**
- shells, 434**
- shift command (CMD), 472**
- shortcuts**
 - creating, 38-39, 183-186, 193-196
 - modifying, 193-195
 - to CMD shell, creating, 436
- ShortName properties**
 - Scripting.File object, 145
 - Scripting.Folder object, 141

- ShortPath properties**
 - Scripting.File object, 145
 - Scripting.Folder object, 141
- shutdown scripts, assigning through Group Policy, 418-421**
- siblings, 169**
- signed scripts**
 - code signing, 409-413
 - requiring, 414
- signtool.exe, downloading, 410**
- single-stepping, ISE, 709**
- Size properties (Scripting.Folder object), 141**
- Size property (IADsPrintJob object), 352**
- Skip methods (TextStream object), 152**
- SkipLine methods (TextStream object), 152**
- SMTP servers, routing email, 264**
- software development aids, 742**
- software interrupts, 522**
- sort program (Windows XP), 741**
- sorting listings, dir command (CMD), 479**
- special characters, CMD command-line processing, 454**
- special-purpose devices, running through NTVDM, 539-540**
- SpecialFolders properties (WScript.Shell object), 183**
- specified properties (IXMLDOMNode object), 176**
- specifying**
 - delivery server for messages (CDO), 263-265
 - email delivery servers, 263
 - email subjects/recipients, 263
 - moniker security options, 300-301
- splat operators (PowerShell), 672-673**
- standard error, 445**
- standard input/output, 160**
 - filters, 161
 - user input, prompting for, 162
- start command (CMD), 473-474**
- Start method (IADsServiceOperations object), 361**
- Started properties (Win32_Service objects), 315**
- starting/stopping services, sc command (management power tools), 570**
- starting/stopping services, 570-571**
- StartMode properties (Win32_Service objects), 316**
- StartName properties (Win32_Service objects), 316**
- StartService methods (Win32_Service objects), 316**
- StartTime property (IADsPrintJob object), 352**
- StartType property (IADsService object), 359**
- startup scripts, assigning through Group Policy, 418-421**
- StartupParameters property (IADsService object), 359**
- State properties (Win32_Service objects), 316**
- static member functions, calling (PowerShell), 673**
- static methods, 306**
- statistics, listing, 586**
- Status properties**
 - Win32_Service objects, 316
 - WshScriptExec object, 189
 - IADsPrintJobOperations object, 353
 - IADsPrintQueueOperations object, 356
 - IADsServiceOperations object, 360
- StdErr properties (WshScriptExec object), 189**
- stdin files, 159-161**
- StdIn properties (WshScriptExec object), 189**
- stdout files, 159-162**
- StdOut properties (WshScriptExec object), 189**

Stop method
(IADsServiceOperations object), 361

stopping runaway command-line programs, 440

StopService methods
(Win32_Service objects), 316

storing batch files, 492

Stream object, 250

string constants (VBScripts), 52

string operators, PowerShell, 643-646

string-manipulation functions (VBScript), 71, 73-74
extracting parts of strings, 72-73
InStr functions, 71-72
InStrRev functions, 72

strings

joining
 & character, 54-55, 75
 + operators, 54-55
 literal string matching (findstr command-line programs), 549
 PowerShell, 628

structure of WSF files, 378

subdirectories, copying (xcopy command-line programs), 554-555

SubFolders properties
(Scripting.Folder object), 141

subject, specifying in messages (CDO), 263

Subject property (CDO.Message objects), 238

subroutines, 69, 89, 513-514

substituting arguments (batch files), 496

summarizing Event Log results, 425-427

supportLDAPVersion property
(RootDSE object), 369

SWbemLocator objects
(WbemScripting objects), 288, 291-292

SWbemMethod objects
(WbemScripting objects), 289, 308-309

SWbemMethodSet objects
(WbemScripting objects), 289, 308

SWbemObject objects
(WbemScripting objects), 289, 306-307

SWbemObjectSet objects
(WbemScripting objects), 289, 305-306

SWbemProperty objects
(WbemScripting objects), 289

SWbemPropertySet objects
(WbemScripting objects), 289, 308-309

SWbemSecurity objects
(WbemScripting objects), 288

SWbemServices objects
(WbemScripting objects), 288
Delete method, 302
ExecMethod method, 302
ExecQuery method, 302-305
InstancesOf method, 303
security property, 302
WMI, specifying security options, 300

switch command, PowerShell, 657-660

switches. See named arguments

syntax for VBScript functions, 70

system information, collecting, 312-313

system-wide environment variables, 459-461

T

tabs, inserting into text files, 157

tags
 WSF files, 379-384
 XML tags, 168, 379-383

TargetPath properties
(WshShortcut object), 194

TargetPath properties
(WshUrlShortcut object), 194

- Task Scheduler, scheduling scripts,** 428-431
- taskkill command (management power tools),** 568-569
- tasklist command (console programs),** 441
- tasklist command (management power tools),** 565-567
- tasks, managing,** 315-317
- TCP/IP utilities (Windows XP),** 743
- TelephoneNumber property (IADsO object),** 370
- TelephoneNumber property (IADsOU object),** 370
- Terminate method (WshScriptExec object),** 189
- terminating**
 - applications in NTVDM, 540
 - command-line programs, 440
 - loops, 65-66
 - taskkill, 568-569
- testing**
 - DNS server, 589
 - file/folder attribute values, 142-143
 - multiple attributes, 143
 - scheduled scripts, 430-431
- tests, performing with extended if command,** 503
- text**
 - displaying, 84
 - files
 - reading from, 152-153*
 - writing to, 154-156*
 - parsing, 487-488
 - reading from console programs, 191-193
 - text files
 - creating, 157-159*
 - inserting tabs, 157*
 - writing Unix-compatible text files, 159*
 - wildcards, matching (findstr command-line programs), 550-551
- text string messages, sending,** 257-258
- text tags, XML (Extensible Markup Language),** 168-169
- TextBody property (CDO.Message objects),** 238
- TextBodyPart property (CDO.Message objects),** 238
- TextStream object (Windows Scripting Host),** 150
 - methods
 - Close method, 152*
 - Read method, 152, 163, 166*
 - ReadAll method, 152*
 - ReadLine method, 152-153*
 - Skip method, 152*
 - SkipLine method, 152*
 - Write method, 152*
 - WriteBlankLines method, 152, 159*
 - WriteLine method, 152, 154, 156, 159*
 - properties
 - AtEndOfLine properties, 151*
 - AtEndOfStream properties, 151, 162*
 - Column properties, 151*
 - Line properties, 151*
- third-party script editing tools,** 27
- throw command, PowerShell,** 664
- time command (CMD),** 474
- Time constants (VBScript),** 52
- Time() function,** 75
- TimeElapsed property (IADsPrintJobOperations object),** 353
- TimeSubmitted property (IADsPrintJob object),** 352
- timezoneid fields (CDO.configuration objects), cdoTimeZoneId constants,** 254-256
- title command (CMD),** 474
- To property (CDO.Message objects),** 238
- TotalPages property (IADsPrintJob object),** 352
- TotalSize properties (Scripting.Drive object),** 137

tracert command (networking utilities), 591-592
tracert command-line tool, 591-592
tracing scripts, 43
trap command, PowerShell, 662
tree command-line tool, 553-554
trees, containers versus leaves, 330-331
troubleshooting MS-DOS programs, 540-541
Trust Policy control (Windows XP), 42
type command (CMD), 474
Type properties (Scripting.File object), 145
Type properties (Scripting.Folder object), 141

U

UAC (User Account Control), 436
 handling during installer script creation, 400-401
Ucase functions (VBScripts), 68
unattended backups, performing with xcopy, 556-557
unattended scripts
 creating, 421-423
 logged information, controlling, 423
UNC pathnames, 518
uninstall option, providing with installer script, 402
Unix-compatible text files, writing, 159
unnamed arguments, processing for WSF files, 389-390
Unnamed collection (command-line arguments) properties, 389
unsigned scripts, disabling, 408
UntilTime property
 IADsPrintJob object, 352
 IADsPrintQueue object, 355
updated files, copying (xcopy command-line programs), 555-556

UpdateProfile arguments (WSHNetwork objects), 209-211
user directories, 321
 managing, 319
 security, 328-330
user information (networks), displaying, 212-214
user input, prompting for, 162
user profile logon scripts, 416-418
User property
 IADsPrintJob object, 352
 IADsResource object, 346
 IADsSession object, 361
user-friendly scripts, creating, 376-377
UserDomain properties (WSHNetwork objects), 208
UserName arguments (WSHNetwork objects), 209-210
UserName properties (WSHNetwork objects), 208
UserPath property
 IADsPrintJob object, 352
 IADsResource object, 346
 IADsSession object, 361

V

validating batch file arguments, 519
values
 AddRelatedBodyPart method
 constant values, 241
 CDO.Configuration object values, 252-256
 CreateMHTMLBody method
 constant values, 242
 DSNOptions property constant values, 240-241
 extracting from PowerShell arrays, 636-637
variables
 dynamic environment variables, 728
 environment variables
 batch files, 506-508
 expressions, 727
 for command variable (CMD), 485-486, 726

- PowerShell, 623-624
 - predefined*, 630-632
 - releasing*, 630
 - scope*, 665, 667, 669
- predefined environment variables, 727-728
- scope, 91-92
- Time variables, 716
- VBScript, 50-51
 - arrays*, 89-91
 - automatic conversion*, 57
 - operators*, 53-56, 717-718
 - syntax*, 714-716
- VBA, VBScript omitted features**, 723
- VBE extensions (script files)**, 20
- VBScript**, 14, 49-50
 - arrays*, 89-91
 - automatic conversion*, 57
 - collections*, 67
 - constant definitions (CDO) Website*, 241
 - constants*, 51-53, 722
 - error handling*, 86-87
 - expressions, syntax*, 716
 - flow control*, 57
 - Do While statement*, 63-65
 - Exit Do statement*, 65-66
 - For...Each statement*, 68
 - For...Next statement*, 66-67
 - If...Then statement*, 58-61
 - Select Case statement*, 61-63
 - functions*, 720-722
 - built-in functions*, 720
 - calling*, 69
 - date and time*, 75-78, 722
 - InputBox*, 82-84
 - MsgBox*, 79-82
 - named constants*, 53
 - objects*, 98-99
 - omitted VBA features*, 723-724
 - string-manipulation*, 71-74
 - syntax*, 70
 - interpreters*, 14
 - objects*, 98-100
 - collections*, 102-103
 - nested objects*, 101-102
 - releasing*, 102
 - omitted VBA features*, 723
 - operators*, 53, 717-718
 - arithmetic*, 55
 - comparison*, 55
 - logical*, 56
 - precedence*, 54
 - procedures*
 - functions, creating*, 87-88
 - subroutines*, 89
 - program statements*, 718-719
 - variables*, 50-51
 - scope*, 91-92
 - syntax*, 714-716
 - Wscript.Echo command*, 84-85
- VBScript newsgroup Websites**, 92
- ver command (CMD)**, 475
- verify on/off command (CMD)**, 475
- verifying exit status of batch files**, 501
- Version property (IADsService object)**, 359
- viewing**
 - Call Stack window, 46-47
 - classes, 118
 - Registry, 115
 - script files, pipe mechanisms, 33
 - script variables, Script Debugger (Windows), 45
 - scripts, Call Stack window (Windows XP), 46
 - Windows Registry, 115
- Virtual DOS Machine**, 522-523
 - AUTOEXEC.NT file, 535-536
 - CONFIG.NT file, 532-535
 - configuring, 525-526
 - drive letters, mapping, 537
 - environment variables, 536
 - print redirection, 538
 - Print Screen function, 538
 - programs, terminating, 540
 - Properties dialog box
 - Compatibility tab*, 532
 - Font tab*, 528
 - Memory tab*, 528
 - Miscellaneous Settings tab*, 530-531
 - Program tab*, 526-528
 - Screen tab*, 530
 - serial communications, 539
 - special-purpose devices, running, 539-540

virtual environment variables,
459-461

vol command (CMD), 475

VolumeName properties
(**Scripting.Drive** object), 137

W

WBEM (Web-Based Enterprise Management), 282

WbemScripting objects (WMI),
287-290, 302-309

SWbemLocator objects, 288-289,
308

SWbemLocator objects (Windows
Management Interface), connect-
ing to, 291-292

SWbemMethod objects, 289

SWbemObject objects, 289

Delete method, 307

Instances method, 307

Methods properties, 306

Path properties, 307

Property properties, 307

Put method, 307

SWbemObjectSet objects, 289,
305-306

SWbemProperty objects, 289

SWbemPropertySet objects, 289,
308-309

SWbemSecurity objects, 288

SWbemServices objects, 288

Delete method, 302

ExecMethod method, 302

ExecQuery method, 302-305

InstancesOf method, 303

security property, 302

specifying security options, 300

Win32_Service objects, 317

ChangeStartMode methods, 316

ContinueService methods, 316

DesktopInteract properties, 315

DisplayName properties, 315

InterrogateService methods, 316

Name properties, 315

PathName properties, 315

PauseService methods, 316

Started properties, 315

StartMode properties, 316

StartName properties, 316

StartService methods, 316

State properties, 316

Status properties, 316

StopService methods, 316

WbemScripting.SWbemLocator
object, 291-292

web pages, sending, 259-260

Web-Based Enterprise
Management standard, 282

Web-based enterprise manage-
ment. See WBEM

websites

ActiveState, 15

ADSI, 374

LDAP, 367

Microsoft, 70

Microsoft Developer's Network, 50

Microsoft Developers Website, 232

Microsoft TechNet, 50

MIME (Multipart Internet Mail
Extensions), 234

Perl, 15

Ruby, 15

Script Debugger (Windows), 43

Script Encoder, 415

VBScript constant definitions
(CDO), 241

VBScript newsgroup Websites, 92

WMI (Windows Management
Interface), 317

X.500, 367

while command, PowerShell, 654

wildcards, matching text (findstr
command-line programs),
550-551

Win32_ComputerSystem object
methods, 308-309
properties, 308-309

Win32_Service objects

(**WbemScripting objects**), 317

ChangeStartmode methods, 316

ContinueService methods, 316

DesktopInteract properties, 315

DisplayName properties, 315

InterrogateService methods, 316

Name properties, 315

PathName properties, 315

PauseService methods, 316

- Started properties, 315
- StartMode properties, 316
- StartName properties, 316
- StartService methods, 316
- State properties, 316
- Status properties, 316
- StopService methods, 316
- windows**
 - Call Stack window (Windows XP), viewing scripts, 46
 - command prompt window, batch files, 513-520
 - console window, 442
- Windows operating systems**
 - programs, running, 187-188
 - remote management with WMI, 283-287
- Windows 2000 Professional, remote management with WMI, 285**
- Windows 7**
 - logon scripts, assigning, 418
 - remote management with WMI, 286-287
 - scripts, scheduling, 428-429
- Windows Explorer, CMD shell, 435**
- Windows NT, remote management with WMI, 285**
- Windows objects, 94**
 - ActivePerl, 106
 - collections, 108-109*
 - Perl Object Interface, 107-108*
 - running Perl scripts in Windows Script Host, 106-107*
 - ActivePython, 109-110
 - collections, 110*
 - automation, GetObject function, 99-100
 - classes, 95
 - collection objects, 96-97
 - ActivePerl, 108-109*
 - ActivePython, 110*
 - Count properties, 103*
 - For Each loops, 103*
 - Item methods, 103*
 - JScript, 104-106*
 - COM (Common Object Model) objects, 94
 - container objects, 96
 - CSLID, 116
 - defining, 10-11, 93
 - instances, 95
 - JScript
 - collections, 104-106*
 - Enumerator objects, 105*
 - methods
 - AddPrinterConnection, 208, 225-226, 229-230*
 - AddWindowsPrinterConnection, 209, 223-224*
 - defining, 93, 100*
 - EnumNetworkDrives()\$209, 214-217*
 - EnumPrinterConnections()\$209, 222-223*
 - MapNetworkDrive, 210, 218-221*
 - RemoveNetworkDrive, 210, 219-220*
 - RemovePrinterConnection, 211, 226-228*
 - SetDefaultPrinter, 211, 228*
 - naming, 97
 - nested objects, 101-102
 - object browsers, 118
 - OLE/COM Object Viewer, 119*
 - viewing classes, 118*
 - OLE/COM Object Viewer, 119
 - properties
 - defining, 93, 100-101*
 - releasing, 102
 - VBScript, 98-99
 - Windows Registry, viewing, 115
 - WScript, 111-114
 - Wscript.Network objects, managing printer connections, 221
 - WSHNetwork objects
 - ComputerName properties, 208*
 - displaying network user information, 212-214*
 - managing drive mappings, 214*
 - UserDomain properties, 208*
 - UserName properties, 208*
- Windows Registry, 201-202**
 - information, saving, 203-205
 - viewing, 115
- Windows Script Component files, 23**
- Windows Script Debugger, 43**
 - altering script variable values, 45

- displaying script function values, 45
- function keys, 44
- viewing script variables, 45

Windows Script files, 21-22

Windows Script Host, 10

- ActivePerl, objects, 106-109
- ActivePython, objects, 109-110
- Cscript, 29
 - command options*, 33-36
 - running script files*, 30
 - running script files from batch files*, 40
 - saving script files, output redirection*, 33
 - security*, 41
 - viewing script files, pipe mechanisms*, 33

- defining, 11-12

- JScript, objects, 104-106

- network connections, managing, 207-208

- objects

- CSLID*, 116

- object browsers*, 118-119

- object browsers, viewing classes*, 118

- OLE/COM Object Viewer*, 119

- viewing Windows Registry*, 115

- Perl scripts, running, 106-107

- printer connections, managing, 207-208

- script files

- creating shortcuts*, 39

- running*, 29

- running from batch files*, 39

- security*, 40-42

- VBScript, 49, 713. *See* VBScript

- Wscript. *See* Wscript

Windows Scripts

- email

- sending*, 232-235

Windows service packs, monitoring, 313-315

Windows Vista

- logon scripts, assigning, 418

- remote management with WMI, 286

- scripts, scheduling, 428-429

Windows XP

- administrative tools, 736-738

- batch file commands, 738-739

- built-in commands, 738-739

- Call Stack window, viewing scripts, 46

- command-line programs

- findstr*, 547-551

- GUI shortcuts*, 545

- more*, 552-553

- tree*, 553

- xcopy*, 554-556

- Control panel applets, 546-547

- DOS commands, 739-740

- file management tools

- attrib command*, 557-559

- cacls command*, 559-563

- forcedos compatibility program, 524-525

- GUI programs, 744-745

- logoff program, 741

- management power tools, 563

- driverquery command*, 564

- sc command*, 569-570

- taskkill command*, 568-569

- tasklist command*, 565-567

- more program, 741

- networking tools, 571, 741-742

- ipconfig command*, 571-573

- net command*, 574

- net continue command*, 574

- net file command*, 574

- net help command*, 575

- net helpmsg command*, 575

- net localgroup command*, 575

- net pause command*, 575

- net print command*, 575-576

- net send command*, 576

- net session command*, 576-577

- net share command*, 577

- net start command*, 578

- net statistics command*, 578

- net stop command*, 578

- net use command*, 579-581

- net user command*, 581-583

- net view command*, 583-584

- netstat command*, 584-586

- nslookup command*, 586-589

- ping command*, 589-590

- tracert command*, 591-592

- NTVDM (Windows NT Virtual DOS Machine), 522-523

- configuring*, 525-536

- configuring serial communications*, 539

- MS-DOS hardware support, 539*
- networking, 536-537*
- printing, 537*
- printing redirection, 538*
- Print Screen function, 538
- scripts, scheduling, 430
- software development aids, 742
- sort program, 741
- TCP/IP utilities, 743
- WMI (Windows Management Interface), 279, 312
 - DCOM security, 294-300*
 - Hotfixes, monitoring, 313-314*
 - local computers, connecting to, 294*
 - monikers, connecting with, 292-293*
 - monikers, specifying security options, 300*
 - namespaces, 281-283*
 - printers, managing, 313*
 - scripts, 312*
 - services, managing, 315-317*
 - tasks, managing, 315-317*
 - WBEM (Web-Based Enterprise Management), 282, 287-292, 302-309*
 - Windows Service Packs, monitoring, 313-314*
- Windows XP Home Edition, remote management with WMI, 285**
- Windows XP Professional, remote management with WMI, 285**
- WindowState properties (WshShortcut object), 194**
- WindowState properties (WshUrlShortcut object), 194**
- WinNT provider, 332-333**
 - IADs object, 333-336
 - IADsCollection object, 336-338
 - IADsComputer object, 340-342
 - IADsComputerOperations object, 340-342
 - IADsContainer object, 336-338
 - IADsDomain object, 342-344
 - IADsFileService object, 345-347
 - IADsFileServiceOperations object, 345-347
 - IADsFileShare object, 347-348
 - IADsGroup object, 349-350
 - IADsMembers object, 350
 - IADsNamespaces object, 351
 - IADsPrintJob object, 351-354
 - IADsPrintJobOperations object, 351-354
 - IADsPrintQueue object, 354-357
 - IADsPrintQueueOperations object, 354-357
 - IADsService object, 357-361
 - IADsServiceOperations object, 357-361
 - IADsSession object, 361-362
 - IADsUser object, 362-363
- With statements (VBScript), 102**
- Wizards, Schedule Task Wizard, 430**
- WMI (Windows Management Interface), 279, 312**
 - authentication, 295-296
 - DCOM security, 294
 - authentication, 295-296*
 - encryption, 295-296*
 - impersonation, 295-297*
 - permission control, 298-299*
 - specifying options, 299-300*
 - Windows remote management, 283-287*
 - encryption, 295-296
 - example scripts
 - printers, managing, 313*
 - system information, collecting, 312-313*
 - tasks, managing, 315-317*
 - Windows service packs, monitoring, 314-315*
 - functions, 281
 - hotfixes, monitoring, 313-314
 - local computers, connecting to, 294
 - namespaces, 281-283
 - objects, 288-289, 291
 - monikers, 292-293*
 - SWbemMethod, 308-309*
 - SWbemObject, 306-307*
 - WbemScripting.SWbemLocator, 291-292*
 - Win32_ComputerSystem, 308-309*
 - Scriptomatic, downloading, 310
 - security
 - impersonation, 297-298*
 - monikers, 300-301*

- privileges, 298-299*
- SWbemObjectSet collection object, 305-306
- SWbemServices object
 - methods, 302-303*
 - properties, 302*
 - security options, specifying, 300*
- WBEM (Web-Based Enterprise Management), 282
 - WbemScripting objects, 287-292, 302-309*
- Win32_Service object
 - methods, 316*
 - properties, 315-316*
- Windows Service Packs, monitoring, 313-314
- WQL queries, 303-305
- workgroup networks, remote management with WMI, 284-287**
- WorkingDirectory properties (WshShortcut object), 194**
- WorkingDirectory properties (WshUrlShortcut object), 194**
- workstations, requiring signed scripts, 414**
- WQL queries**
 - WMI (Windows Management Interface), 303-305
- Write methods (TextStream object), 152**
- WriteBlankLines methods (TextStream object), 152, 159**
- WriteLine methods (TextStream object), 152-159**
- writing**
 - files, 149
 - scripts
 - ADSI, 370-371*
 - for other users, 376-377*
 - remote-management, 403-405*
 - Scriptomatic, 310-311*
 - unattended scripts, 421, 423*
 - uninstall scripts, 402*
 - text files, Unix-compatible, 159
 - text to files, 154-156
- WSC (Windows Script Component) files, 23**

WScript

- arguments, 31-32
- command options, 33-36
- methods, 112-113
- objects, 111-114
- script files, running from batch files, 40
- script security, 41
- script shortcuts, creating, 39

Wscript.Echo command (VBScript), 84-85**WScript.Network object**

- default printer, setting, 228
- DOS printer sessions, redirecting, 225-226
- drive mappings, 218-221
- network connections, managing, 207
- network user information, retrieving, 212-214
- printers
 - connecting to, 223-228*
 - information, displaying, 222-223*

Wscript.Shell object

- Environment property, 196-197
- methods
 - AppActivate method, 183-184*
 - CreateShortcut method, 184*
 - Exec method, 184*
 - ExpandEnvironmentStrings method, 184*
 - LogEvent method, 184*
 - Popup method, 184-185*
 - RegDelete method, 186*
 - RegRead method, 186, 202*
 - RegWrite method, 186, 203*
 - Run method, 186*
 - SendKeys method, 186*
- properties
 - CurrentDirectory properties, 182*
 - Environment properties, 182-183, 196-197*
 - SpecialFolders properties, 183*

WSF (Windows Script Files), 21-22

- command-line arguments
 - extracting named arguments, 387*
 - named arguments, processing, 386-388*
 - processing, 386*
 - processing named arguments, 386*
 - processing unnamed arguments, 389*

- unnamed arguments, processing, 389-390*
- creating, 377-378, 390, 394
- example script, 390-394
- formats, 379-383
- multiple scripts, enclosing, 390
- named arguments (command-line arguments)
 - extracting, 387*
 - processing, 386*
- online help, providing, 384-385
- structure, 378
- tags, 379-384
- unnamed arguments (command-line arguments), processing, 389
- XML tags, 379-383

WSHNetwork objects

methods

- AddPrinterConnection, 208, 225-226, 229-230*
- AddWindowsPrinterConnection, 209, 223-224*
- EnumNetworkDrives, 209, 214-217*
- EnumPrinterConnections, 209, 222-223*
- MapNetworkDrive, 210, 218-221*
- RemoveNetworkDrive, 210, 219-220*
- RemovePrinterConnection, 211, 226-228*
- SetDefaultPrinter, 211, 228*

properties, 208

WshScriptExec object (Windows Scripting Host)

methods, Terminate method, 189

properties

- ExitCode properties, 188*
- ProcessID properties, 189*
- Status properties, 189*
- StdErr properties, 189*
- StdIn properties, 189*
- StdOut properties, 189*

WshShortcut object (Windows Scripting Host)

methods, Save methods, 194

properties

- Arguments properties, 193*
- Description properties, 194*
- FullName properties, 194*

- Hotkey properties, 194*
- IconLocation properties, 194*
- TargetPath properties, 194*
- WindowStyle properties, 194*
- WorkingDirectory properties, 194*

WshUrlShortcut object (Windows Scripting Host)

methods, Save methods, 194

properties

- Arguments properties, 193*
- Description properties, 194*
- FullName properties, 194*
- Hotkey properties, 194*
- IconLocation properties, 194*
- TargetPath properties, 194*
- WindowStyle properties, 194*
- WorkingDirectory properties, 194*

X-Y-Z

X.500, 364-367

xcopy (command-line programs), 554, 557

- backups, 555
- subdirectories, copying, 554
- unattended backups, 556
- updated files, copying, 555-556

XML (Extensible Markup Language), 167

DTD, 168

elements, 168

files

- creating, 179-181*
- reading, 177-178*

nodes, 169

siblings, 169

tags, 168-169

WSF files, 377

- named arguments, processing, 386-388*
- online help, providing, 384-385*
- structure, 378*
- tags, 379-384*
- unnamed arguments, processing, 389-390*

text/markup tags, 168-169

xml properties

- DOMDocument object, 171
- IXMLDOMNode object, 174