Figure 2.1
Matrix-style calculator.

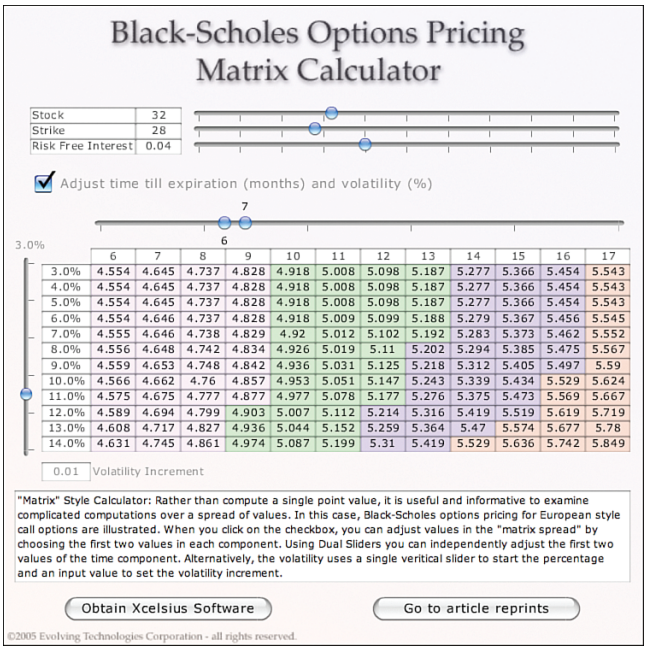
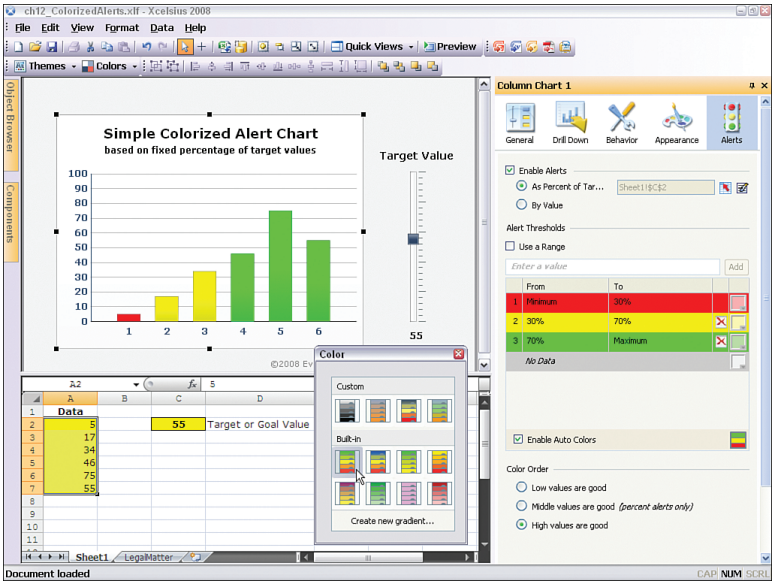


Figure 2.2
Setup of colorized alerts.



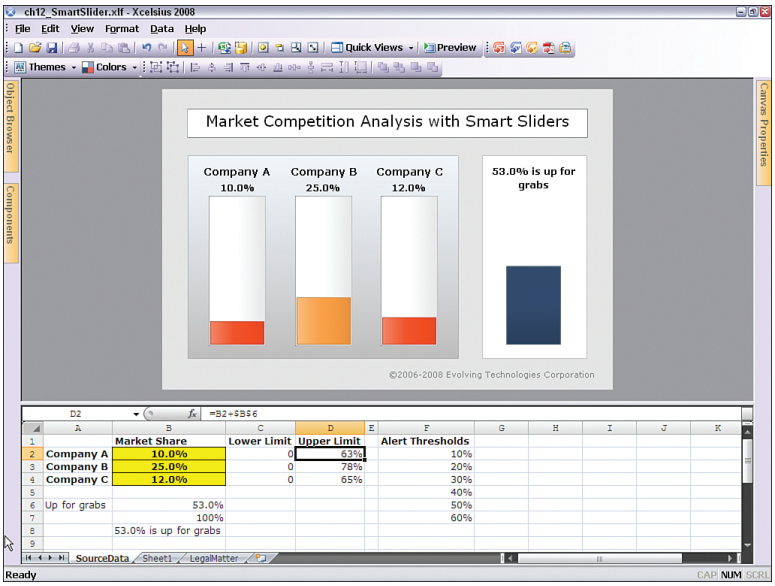


Figure 2.3
Smart sliders and progress bars offer a way to assess market strategies.

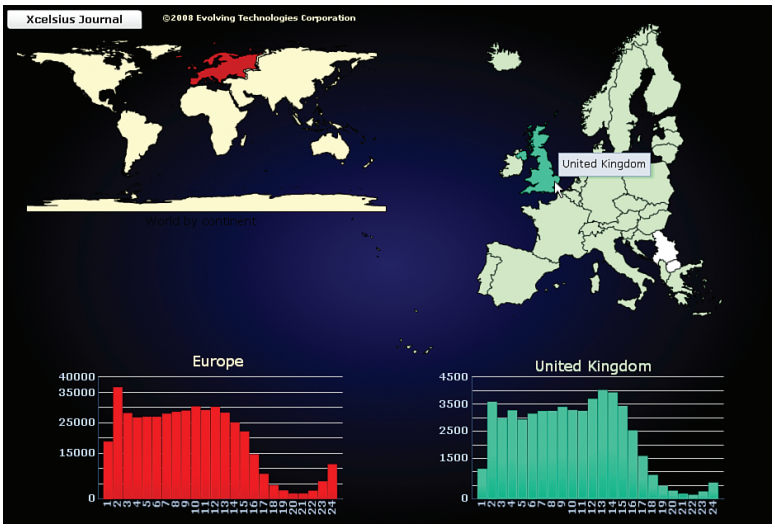


Figure 2.4
A connected map dashboard that shows worldwide downloads of the Firefox browser over a 24-hour period.

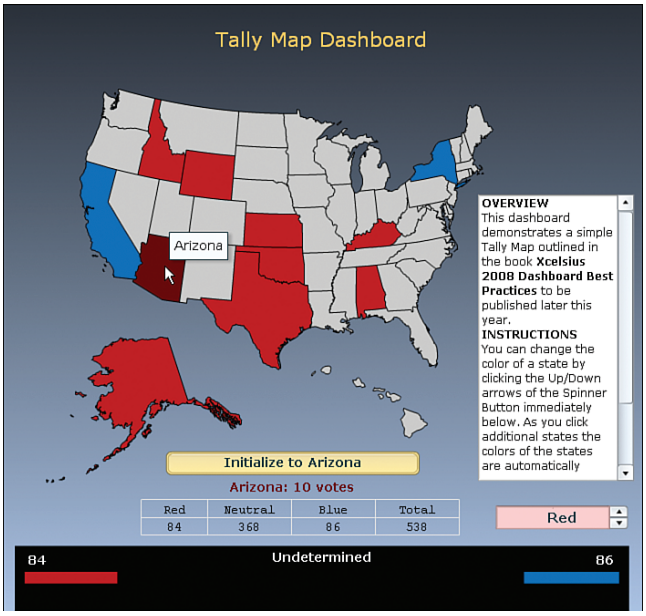


Figure 2.5
A tally map dashboard that lets the user paint the political landscape and conduct what-if analyses.

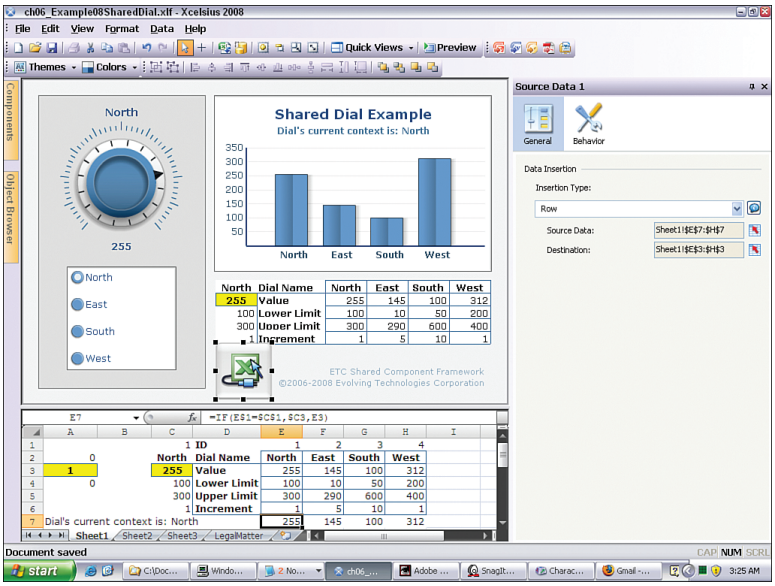
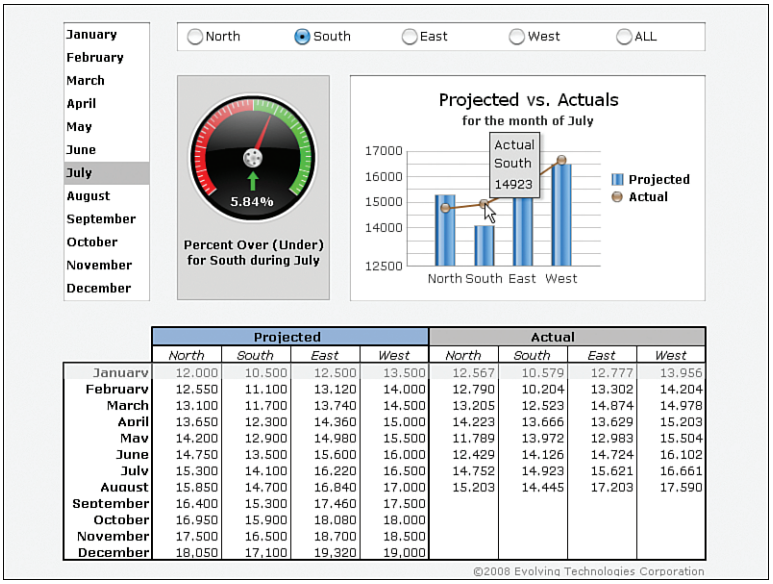


Figure 2.6
You can give individual components such as a dial a context to adjust several variables instead of just one.



	Projected				Actual			
	North	*South*	*East*	*West*	*North*	*South*	*East*	*West*
January	12,000	10,500	12,500	13,500	12,567	10,579	12,777	13,956
February	12,550	11,100	13,120	14,000	12,790	10,204	13,302	14,204
March	13,100	11,700	13,740	14,500	13,205	12,523	14,874	14,978
April	13,650	12,300	14,360	15,000	14,223	13,666	13,629	15,203
May	14,200	12,900	14,980	15,500	11,789	13,972	12,983	15,504
June	14,750	13,500	15,600	16,000	12,429	14,126	14,724	16,102
July	15,300	14,100	16,220	16,500	14,752	14,923	15,621	16,661
August	15,850	14,700	16,840	17,000	15,203	14,445	17,203	17,590
September	16,400	15,300	17,460	17,500				
October	16,950	15,900	18,080	18,000				
November	17,500	16,500	18,700	18,500				
December	18,050	17,100	19,320	19,000				

Figure 2.7
Snapshot of budget and actual figures across multiple geographic regions.

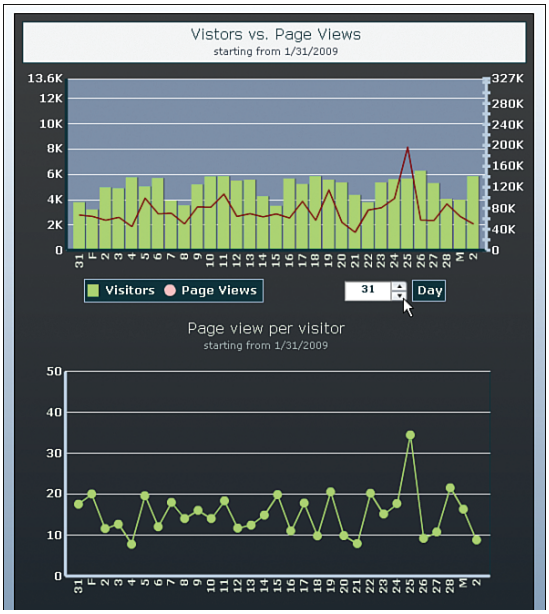


Figure 2.8
A timeline data viewer animates how you can move through time to visualize trends.

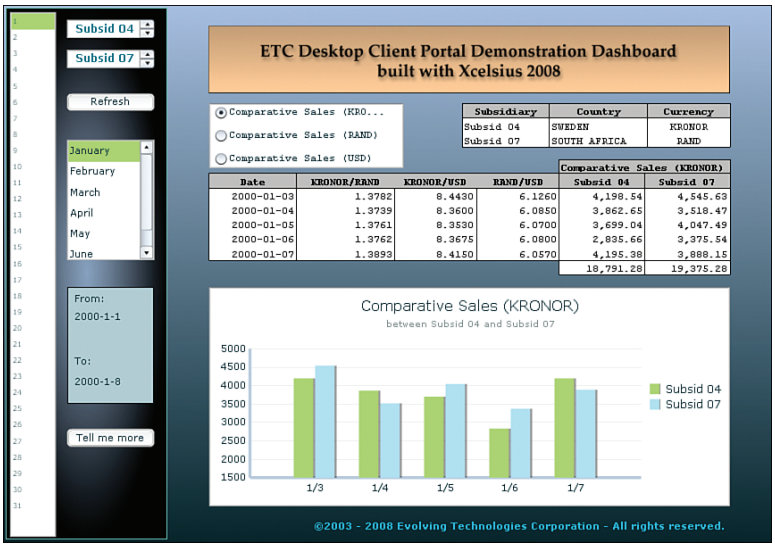


Figure 2.9
This desktop client portal dashboard lets you merge separate sources of accounting and currency exchange data on the spot.

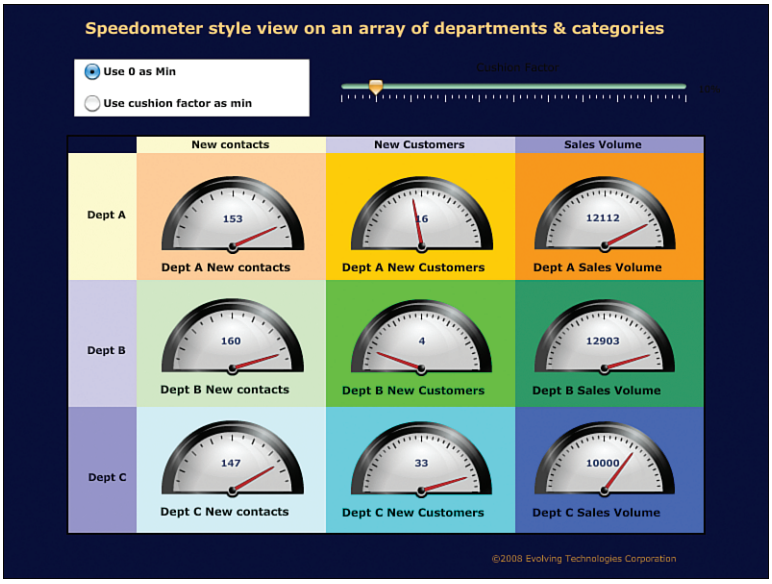


Figure 2.10
A speedometer-style array dashboard.

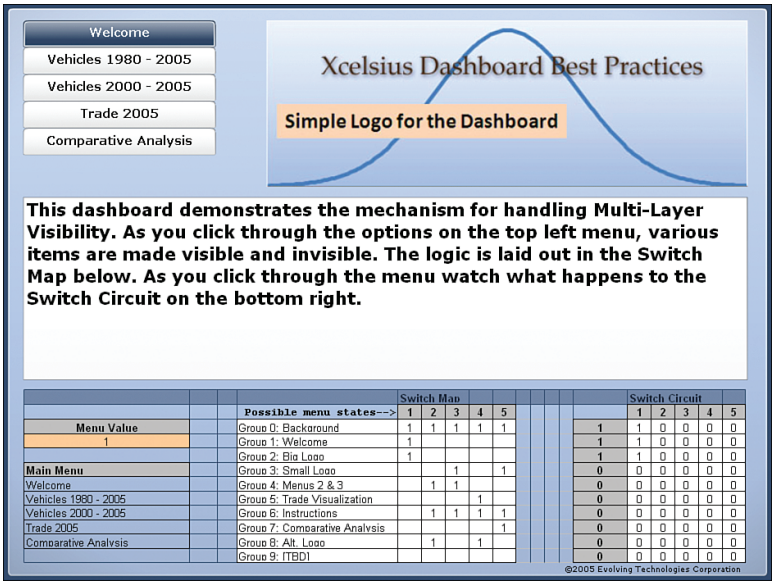


Figure 2.11
Multiple visual components can be turned on and off from a simple spreadsheet table.

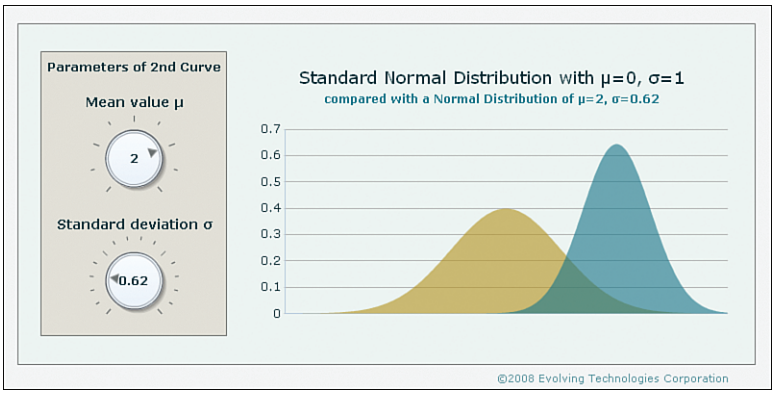


Figure 2.12
Statistical visualization in Xcelsius.

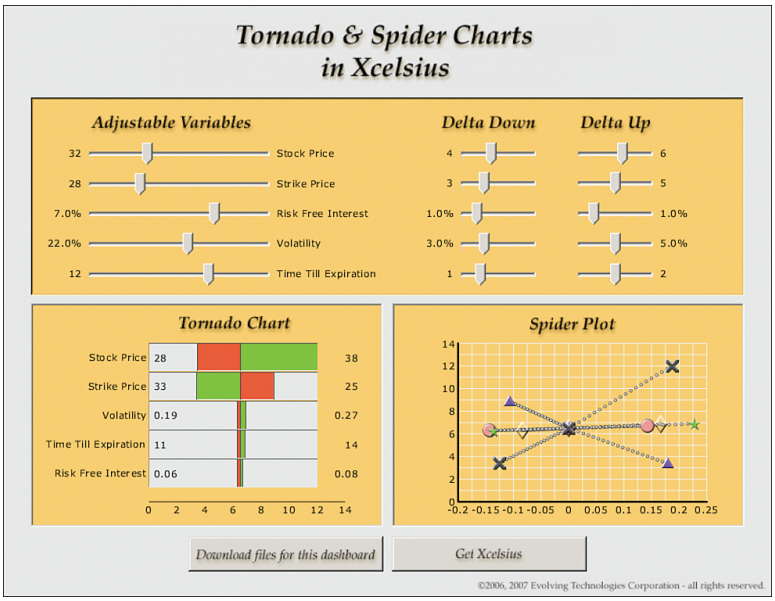


Figure 2.13
Tornado and spider charts in Xcelsius.

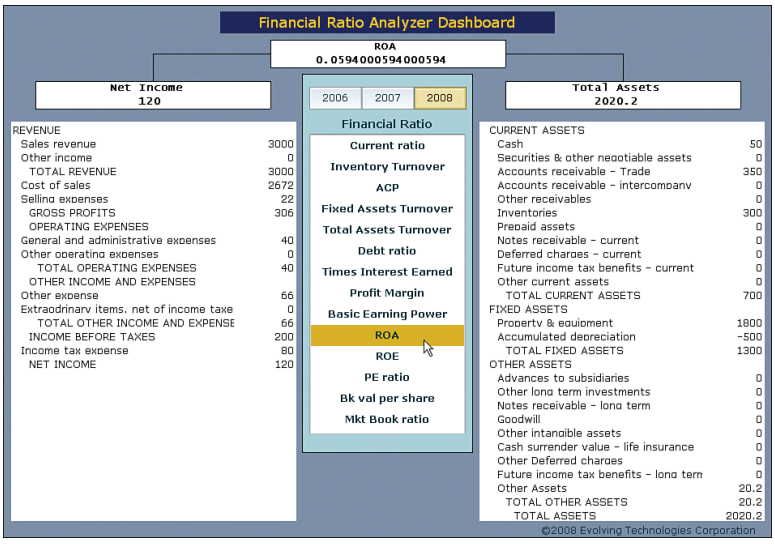


Figure 2.14
A ratio analyzer dashboard displays what contributes to the various financial ratios.

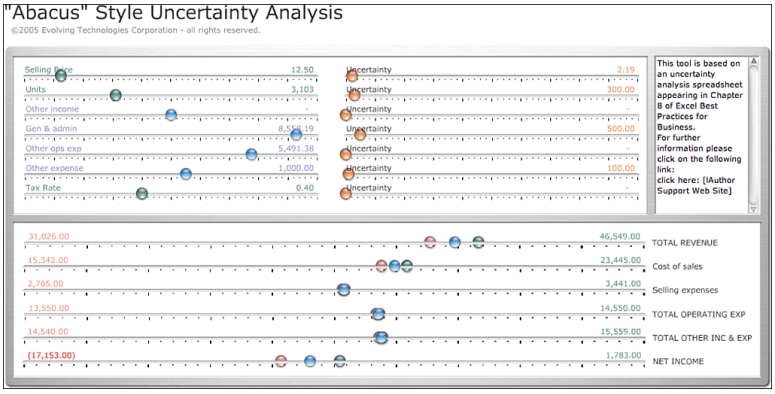


Figure 2.15
An abacus-inspired dashboard facilitates the visualization of financial projections when inputs are uncertain.

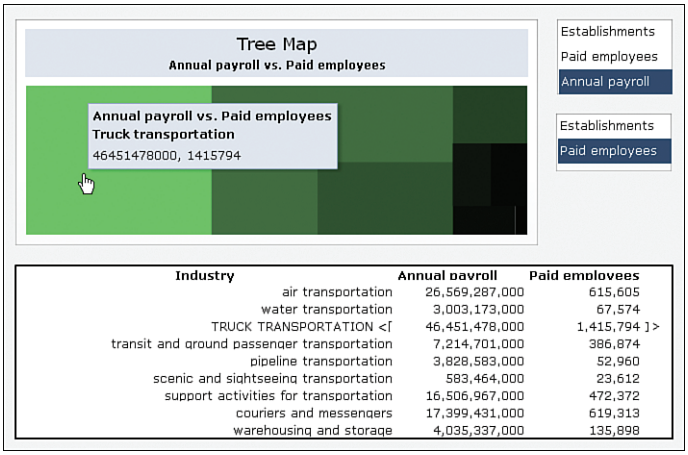


Figure 2.16
One of the new components in Xcelsius 2008 is the Tree Map component.