

.NET e-Business Architecture

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| Misprint | Correction |
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| <p>Page 79, text in the Note:</p> <p>Microsoft XML Developer Center: www.msdn.microsoft.com/XML</p> <p>W3C XML: www.w3c.org.XML</p> <p>XML-Zone: www.XML-Zone.com/</p> | <p>Microsoft XML Developer Center: msdn.microsoft.com/XML</p> <p>W3C XML: www.w3.org.XML</p> <p>XML-Zone: www.devx.com/xmlzone</p> |
| <p>Page 84, third line of Note:</p> <p>SOAP Specification Version 1.1: msdn.microsoft.com/xml/general/soapspec.asp</p> <p>Web services Description Language 1.1: msdn.microsoft.com/xml/general/wsd1.asp</p> | <p>SOAP Specification Version 1.1: www.w3.org/TR/SOAP</p> <p>Web services Description Language 1.1: www.w3.org/TR/wsd1</p> |
| <p>Page 295, Note:</p> <p>The presentation services require the use of the business objects created for gasTIX. Both the assemblies and source code are available for download at www.gasTIX.com. Alternately, the assemblies are available for web service consumption at www.gasTIX.com/WebServices. You can reference them locally or through a web service...</p> | <p>The presentation services require the use of the business objects created for gasTIX. Both the assemblies and source code are available for download at www.gasTIX.net. Alternately, the assemblies are available for web service consumption at www.gasTIX.com/participant.asmx. You can reference them locally or through a web service...</p> |
| <p>Page 311, last sentence of the first paragraph under "Building the gasTIX Navigation User Control"</p> <p>Since the combined search functionality is only a small part of the functionality included in the gasTIX NavBar.ascx, the control built in this chapter will differ significantly from the control downloaded from www.gasTIX.com.</p> | <p>Since the combined search functionality is only a small part of the functionality included in the gasTIX NavBar.ascx, the control built in this chapter will differ significantly from the control downloaded from www.gasTIX.net.</p> |
| <p>Page 232, second paragraph, second line:</p> <p>...application scope settings. The global.asa file can have any number of purposes, from setting...</p> | <p>...application scope settings. The global.asax file can have any number of purposes, from setting...</p> |

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| <p>Page 346, first bullet on the page:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The developer is explicitly aware of the XML Web service being exposed and knows the URL for accessing that XML Web service. This is derived from a file with the .disco file extension or the SDL contract from a file with the asmx extension. For more information, see Discovery of Web services (DISCO) at msdn.microsoft.com/xml/general/disco.asp. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The developer is explicitly aware of the XML Web service being exposed and knows the URL for accessing that XML Web service. This is derived from a file with the .disco file extension or the SDL contract from a file with the .asmx extension. For more information, see Discovery of Web services (DISCO) at www.uddi.org/specification.html. |
| <p>Page 346, second to last paragraph from the bottom of the page, second sentence:</p> <p>For the gasBAGS example, enter the name of the gasTIX Web server, www.gasTIX.com/.</p> | <p>For the gasBAGS example, enter the name of the gasTIX Web server, www.gasTIX.com/participant.asmx.</p> |
| <p>Page 345, paragraph after the Tip:</p> <p>Now that we have a reference to our XML Web service, we can use it in our code. In our example, double-click on the WebForm1.ASPX file. Right-click on the WebForm1.ASPX file and click View Code. We need to add a reference to the XML Web service that we referenced from the gasTIX XML Web server...</p> | <p>Now that we have a reference to our XML Web service, we can use it in our code. In our example, double-click on the WebForm1.ASPX file. Right-click on the WebForm1.ASPX file and click View Code. We need to add a reference to the XML Web service that we referenced from the gasTIX Web server...</p> |
| <p>Page 348, first sentence of second paragraph:</p> <p>Select View Designer on the WebForm1.ASPX page.</p> | <p>Select View Designer on the WebForm1.aspx page.</p> |
| <p>Page 349, third bulleted item:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> www.gasTix.com/Participant.asmx?SDL... | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> www.gasTIX.com/Participant.asmx?SDL... |
| <p>Page 369, bulleted list:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> the database to use (dsn=gastix;uid=sa;pwd=) the table we are querying (event) the column we are querying against event_id the value we are using to query the database (mapped from the gasTIX event_id.) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> the database to use (dsn=gastix;uid=sa;pwd=) the table we are querying (event) the column we are querying against (event_id) the value we are using to query the database (mapped from the gasTIX event_id) |
| <p>Page 371, first line of the Note:</p> | |

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| The port, IncomingPrintOrder, referred in the dialog in Figure 12.14 ... | The port, IncomingPrintOrder, referred in the dialog in Figure 12.13 ... |
| Page 394, third bulleted item in the Note: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Microsoft public news groups at msnews.Microsoft.com have several good discussions on BizTalk. Paths include Microsoft.public.biztalk.general, Microsoft.public.biztalk.orchestration, and Microsoft.public.biztalk.setup | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Microsoft public newsgroups at msnews.microsoft.com have several good discussions on BizTalk. Paths include microsoft.public.biztalk.general, microsoft.public.biztalk.orchestration, and microsoft.public.biztalk.setup |
| Page 416, Figure 14.2 caption: <i>Define DEBUG constant for C# .NET project.</i> | <i>Define DEBUG Conditional Compilation Constant for C# .NET project.</i> |
| Page 457, two paragraphs under "Tuning the .NET Business Tier with Visual Studio Analyzer" heading: One of the main tools used to tune the middle tier in .NET applications is Visual Studio Analyzer (VSA). VSA is designed to provide a picture of the lower-level operation of a Windows .NET application. Unlike debugging and tuning within a single language such as Visual Basic .NET, VSA shows us interactions between components, machines, and processes. VSA captures data through events, and unwanted data can be filtered out. Graphical displays allow a technical architect to track down problems and bottlenecks. VSA operates within the familiar Visual Studio .NET IDE, and is made available with the Enterprise Edition of VS .NET. | One of the main tools used to tune the middle tier in .NET applications is Visual Studio Analyzer (Vista). Vista is designed to provide a picture of the lower-level operation of a Windows .NET application. Unlike debugging and tuning within a single language such as Visual Basic .NET, Vista shows us interactions between components, machines, and processes. Vista captures data through events, and unwanted data can be filtered out. Graphical displays allow a technical architect to track down problems and bottlenecks. Vista operates within the familiar Visual Studio .NET IDE, and is made available with the Enterprise Edition of VS .NET. |
| Page 458, first paragraph: Once the VSA Project Wizard has been completed, we are placed in the Visual Studio .NET IDE. A new VSA Analyzer solution is created, and we can explore... | Once the Vista Project Wizard has been completed, we are placed in the Visual Studio .NET IDE. A new Vista Analyzer solution is created, and we can explore... |
| Page 458, Figure 15.15 caption: <i>The Solution Explorer in VSA shows all the components of a VSA solution.</i> | <i>The Solution Explorer in Vista shows all the components of a VSA solution.</i> |

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| Page 458, first line of Tip: It is a good idea to run our ACT test scripts while recording in VSA , as the user is... | It is a good idea to run our ACT test scripts while recording in Vista , as the user is... |
| Page 459, Figure 15.16 caption: <i>Recording a VSA test run while stressing the system with ACT.</i> | <i>Recording a Vista test run while stressing the system with ACT.</i> |
| Page 459, Figure 15.17 caption: <i>The VSA Event details view shows us all the events captured during a recording session.</i> | <i>The Vista Event details view shows us all the events captured during a recording session.</i> |
| Page 460, second line of Caution: ...managed code, and vice versa. Interop is an expensive operation, however, and VSA is a... | ...managed code, and vice versa. Interop is an expensive operation, however, and Vista is a... |
| Page 460, paragraphs below the Caution: VSA provides several other helpful views, including the Machine Diagram (helpful for a distributed application with multiple servers), the Process Diagram, and the Component Diagram. Click the New Process Diagram button to automatically generate a view of all the processes captured by the recorder. A sample VSA process diagram is shown in Figure 15.18. | Vista provides several other helpful views, including the Machine Diagram (helpful for a distributed application with multiple servers), the Process Diagram, and the Component Diagram. Click the New Process Diagram button to automatically generate a view of all the processes captured by the recorder. A sample Vista process diagram is shown in Figure 15.18. |
| Page 461, second paragraph, second line: ...components captured by the recorder. A sample VSA component diagram is shown in Figure 15.19. | ...components captured by the recorder. A sample Vista component diagram is shown in Figure 15.19. |
| Page 461, second paragraph after the figure, second line: shows how a .NET application is really executing under the covers. VSA is a great tool for... | shows how a .NET application is really executing under the covers. Vista is a great tool for... |

This errata sheet is intended to provide updated technical information. Spelling and grammar misprints are updated during the reprint process, but are not listed on this errata sheet.